BBC Learning English - 15 Minute Programmes 15 分钟节目

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University Education 大学教育

Insert

Is there any point in a degree – coming to a university isn't cheap and with top up fees as well – you could come out at the end with debts of £20,000. Many students drop out or fail and unemployment among recent graduates is three times higher than it was a couple of years ago.

Jo: A news report there about university education in the UK. And we'll

be looking at this topic much more closely in today's BBC Learning English culture programme. I'm Jo and with me today is Jean.

English culture programme. This to and with the today is

Jean: Hello there.

Jo: So let's just look at what that news report was actually saying. We

heard the question – is there any point in a degree? A university

degree.

Jean: 一个大学学位。到底有什么意义吗? Is there any point in a degree?

Jo: Is there any point in studying? Is there any point?

Jean: 我们也会听到有人说 what's the point? What's the point in a degree?

What's the point in studying? 学习和取得学位到底有什么意义呢?

Jo: So the news report asks – is there any point in a degree? Coming

to a university isn't cheap because of top-up fees.

Jean: 是的,近年来英国各大大学也颁布了 top-up fees。Top up 就是附加的意

思,fees 是学费。不过这种所谓的附加学费到底是怎么回事呢?是这样的,英国本国政府对于本国每个英国人上大学是有一定的拨款资助的,不过政府也说,其实教育这些本国大学生的花费总是比它拨款要高。所以政府就要求那些多出来的花费应该由大学生自己承担,大概是一年几千英镑的数目。那些不能一下子把这笔费用交清的学生可以申请贷款,毕业工作了以后再还。所以他们

是在 topping up 政府已经在教育方面的拨款。

Jo: So university isn't cheap because of these top-up fees that have to

be paid back – it's possible for students to leave university with

debts of up to £20,000. A debt.

Jean: 一笔债。一些学生读完了大学也欠下了高达 2 万英镑,相当于 30 万人民币的

债务。Up to 达到。



Jo: The report says many students drop out or fail. To drop out.

Jean: 辍学,或者不及格 fail.

Jo: And unemployment now is three times higher than it was a couple

of years ago. Unemployment.

Jean: 失业。现在面临失业问题的英国大学毕业生比前两年高了三倍。 大学毕业生就

是

Jo: Graduates. A Graduate. Here's that report again.

Insert

Is there any point in a degree – coming to a university isn't cheap and with top up fees as well – you could come out at the end with debts of £20,000. Many students drop out or fail and unemployment among recent graduates is three times higher than it was a couple of years ago."

Jean: 目前英国的这个问题确实值得人们深思。很多英国人都在问,如果上个大学把

自己搞的负债累累,大学毕业生失业率又那么高,那上这个大学还有什么用

呢?

Jo: Well Mary Ann Sieghart works for British newspaper The Times and

she actually thinks her degree has been extraordinarily useful.

Jean: Extraordinarily 不寻常的。她说呢有一个大学学位是极其有用的,从一开始

就帮她找到了工作。In the first place 从一开始。

Jo: And according to Mary Ann the media employs almost entirely

graduates. Here's Mary Ann.

Insert

It's been extraordinarily useful for me – first of all it helped me get a job in the first place – the media these days employs almost entirely graduates – very very hard to get a job if you haven't got a degree so it actually got me my first job in the first place

Jo: And she's not the only person who thinks a degree is very useful.

Liz Mooney is a project manager.

Jean: Liz Mooney 是一位项目经理。她也认为学到一个学位绝对是值得做的一件

事。

Jo: It's worth it. Doing a degree is worth it.

<u>Insert</u>

I think if you have the choice then doing a degree is worth it because it gives you academic skills or shows that you can work to a particular academic level - and shows that, you know, you have the skills and determination to be able to work at a level which is kind of a starting point really for any career.



Jo: So she says if you have the choice, doing a degree is worth it

because it gives you academic skills and shows you can work to an

academic level.

Jean: Academic 学术的。

Jo: Shows you have skills and determination.

Jean: Determination 决心。而这也是起步任何一项事业必不可少的能力。A

starting point 起步的起点。

Jo: Let's recap some of today's university related language so far. We

learned the word 'degree'.

Jean: 学位。我们还学到了一个短语,"是有什么意义呢"

Jo: Is there any point? Is there any point in a degree? And we talked

about top-up fees.

Jean: 附加学费。

Jo: Many university students have debts. A debt.

Jean: 一笔债务。有些学生辍学了。

Jo: To drop out. Or they fail.

Jean: 或者考试不及格。还有一个和大学有关的重要单词 - 大学毕业生。

Jo: A graduate. And there's a lot of graduate unemployment.

Jean: 失业。我们也听到说,拥有一个大学学位的重要性是多么的不同寻常。

Extraordinarily.

Jo: And it can help you get a job in the first place.

Jean: 从一开始的。有些人认为去学到一个学位完全是件值得做的事情。

Jo: It's worth it.

Jean: 我们也说到拥有一个大学学位是事业的起步点。

Jo: A starting point. You're listening to BBC Learning English and today

we're talking about university education.

Jean: 是的。英国的大学对于他们本国人来说也是相当昂贵的。所以我们今天的话题

就是,英国人自己觉得上大学是否是个值得做的事情。

Jo: The people we've spoken to so far think it's definitely worth

studying for a degree but not everyone completely agrees. We



spoke to William who didn't think his degree has been very useful to him.

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Actually it was a bit of a waste of time - I enjoyed it -but I haven't needed it and I don't really think for my job I needed my degree, my degree hasn't been useful at all.

Jo: William says he didn't need a degree to do the job he is doing now

- and he thinks it was a bit of a waste of time.

Jean: 浪费时间的一件事。

Jo: We also spoke to Avril Oughton who is an entrepreneur.

Jean: Entrepreneur 就是企业家。她认为呢,取得实地的工作经验比上学更重要。

她说没有大学学位你照样可以成功。

Jo: You can always achieve without a degree and there's nothing like

experience in learning for business. There's nothing like it.

Jean: 没有什么比实地工作更能锻炼你能力的了。看看其他那些这样的创业家你就知

道了。

Jo: She says she thinks it shows. She talks about famous successful

entrepreneurs who haven't got degrees and who left school at the

age of 16 and went into the workforce.

Jean: Workforce 工作人群、上班族。Here's Avril.

Insert

Education is always important but you can always achieve without a degree and good education. There's nothing like experience in learning for business and I think that shows – there are a lot of very, very successful entrepreneurs, they left school at 16 and they went into the workforce and got experience and there's nothing like experience.

Jean: 一些我们采访的其他大学毕业生都表示自己学到的学位绝对是对求职方面有帮助的。不过说到经济方面,他们都不觉得这个学位有什么决定性的辅助作用。

Insert

Well I needed a degree to get my first job - you do need a degree for quite a few jobs. But I think that overall I didn't learn a lot and I spent a lot of money which I'm still trying to pay back.

I had to have a degree to get the job I've got but it didn't necessarily make me richer - I know I'd be richer now if I hadn't gone to university 'cause I'm still paying for university and will be for 10 years I think.



Jo: So the first man there said he didn't learn a lot and he spent a lot

of money which he's still trying to pay back.

Jean: To pay back 去偿还。第二位说话的男士说呢,有学位不等于有钱,就是说有

一个学位并不是意味着会从事很挣钱的工作。

Jo: It didn't necessarily make him richer. He thinks he would be richer

now, he would have more money, if he hadn't gone to university. He's still paying for university even as a graduate and he will be

paying for it for ten years!

Jean: 为了支付自己在上大学期间的学费生活费,他不得不向银行贷款。毕业之后要

想偿清这笔贷款也要很长的时间。在英国上大学的大多数人,其实他们的家都不是在本地,所以去外地上学就会出现更高的生活费用。如果学生自己的家长薪水不够支付这些费用,政府会出来给他们一定的贷款,学生毕业找到工作之

后才可以开始偿还这样的政府贷款。

Jo: But even though he's not richer he says he wouldn't change

anything.

Jean: 他在下面会给我们说到家务活的事情,是有什么关系呢?

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I wouldn't change anything ever because university was the best years of my life such a good experience and the friends you make at university are the friends you have for life and the things you learn at uni are the things you care about for the rest of your life. It's about going away from home and being able to survive on little money - looking after yourself, doing you own laundry and even if you don't get a good degree and it's not in the subject that's relevant to the job that you're going for afterwards, just the fact that you looked after yourself for three years - it means guite a lot

Jean: 他说其实最重要的是上大学的这一番经历,离家在外的锻炼、交到的朋友等

等。

Jo: Being away from home, being able to survive on little money.

Jean: 如何的节省开支,照顾自己,自己洗衣服 – 这些平时在家里不干的家务活就都

得学着做了。

Jo: Doing your own laundry. He says even if you don't get a good

degree.

Jean: Even if 就算是你学的学位对你想发展的事业并不是特别有帮助,或者和你真

正找到的工作没有什么关系。有关 relevant.

Jo: It's not relevant to the job you get afterwards – the most important

thing is that you've looked after yourself for three years. Let's just have another look at some of the language we have heard. We talked about how one graduate felt doing a degree was a waste of

time.



Jean: 浪费时间的事情。有些创业家认为学位并不是必须的。

Jo: An entrepreneur. You can achieve without a degree.

Jean: 没有学位照样能取得成功。我们还说到了加入上班族。

Jo: The workforce. Students often have to pay back money when they

leave university.

Jean: 去偿还债务。不过离家在外也是一番经历。

Jo: To be away from home, doing the laundry.

Jean: 自己洗衣服自己生存。

Jo: To survive on little money. Little here means not a lot. And finally

we talked about degrees being relevant to your job.

Jean: Relevant 有关的.

Jean: 希望我们今天 BBC Learning English 的节目让大家了解到了更多英国本国人

上学的情况,还有年轻人面临的问题和抉择。

Jo: Is it similar at all in China Jean?

Jean: Actually Jo in China we still see university degree as a very

important achievement. 不过我们很多的年轻人面临的选择是到底在哪里

上什么样的大学。

Jo: And is it expensive? Do people have to pay back for a long time like

in the UK?

Jean: Well, some of them. Especially if they study overseas.

Jo: Have you paid back your university education Jean?

Jean: Just about!

Jo: Anyway, we've run out of time for today. If you want to find out

more about student life in the UK and about learning English, you

can visit our website www.bbc.co.uk/china

Jean: 或者你也可以直接和我们 email 联系。我们 email 邮箱是

chinaelt@bbc.co.uk. We'll see you next time

Jo: Bye!

