

20140614 六级真题卷 2 参考答案**Part I Writing**

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay explaining why it is unwise to put all your eggs in one basket. You can give explanations to illustrate your point. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

Whenever it comes to making crucial decisions or important plans, it is always necessary to have a back-up plan. As a common saying goes, "Never put all your eggs in one basket." Thus, for us, it can never be too prudent to have a second choice when we cope with significant events.

Never can we predict what is going to happen in the future because of the risk and complexity of modern society. When unexpected accident happens, things may not turn out the way we expect. So we need to think, in advance, about all the possible risks and prepare extra plans in order to secure a better result. That is to say, it is too irrational to put all your eggs in one basket. For example, as an investor, if you put all your money only in the real-estate market or only in the stock exchange market, you will suffer great loss once either of them shrinks or cools down. However, if you can put your money in different investment packages, it will minimize the loss and maximize the profits even in unfavorable situations.

In conclusion, as college students, we should endeavor to master various

skills, accumulate different experience and apply for more certificates to create better opportunities for our own future because it is too risky and unwise to put all your eggs in one basket.

Part II Listening Comprehension

Section A

1. D. He is doubtful about the effect of the students' action.
2. A. The class has kept the party a secret from Jay.
3. D. He left his things with his car in the garage.
4. C. TV comedies have not improved much since the 1960s.
5. A. The man should stop boiling the vegetables.
6. B. Sort out their tax returns.
7. D. He didn't expect to complete his work so soon.
8. A. He has failed to register for the course.
9. C. The new color combinations.
10. B. Local handicrafts.
11. C. It will be out into the countryside.
12. D. A good secondary education.
13. D. He ought to get good vocational training.
14. B. Carlton Abbey.
15. A. Find out more about the five schools.

Section B

Passage One

- 16. D. It will have a large space for storage.
- 17. C. On the first floor.
- 18. C. To match the style of construction on the site.

Passage Two

- 19. D. Train clients to use financial software.
- 20. B. Unsuccessful.
- 21. A. He provided individual support.
- 22. B. The fault might lie in his style of presenting the information.

Passage Three

- 23. C. They have little close contact with adults.
- 24. A. Writers and lawyers are brought in to talk to students.
- 25. B. Children are often the best teachers of other children.

Section C

- 26. anxiety
- 27. identifies
- 28. compares to
- 29. a body of
- 30. motivate

31. define

32. fundamental

33. ruined

34. In short

35. imperfect

Part III Reading Comprehension

Section A

36. N. spoiling

37. K. radically

38. C. disagree

39. O. underestimate

40. I. optimistic

41. M. separately

42. A. assume

43. L. reality

44. E. forthcoming

45. J. package

Section B

46. Even factory floor work today has become intellectually challenging

rather than physically demanding.

答案: I

47. Increases in productivity prove beneficial though some people may lose their jobs temporarily.

答案: O

48. The unemployment rate remained high even two years after the government declared the recent recession was over.

答案: A

49. The author suggests that the recent high unemployment rate is mainly caused by a decrease of middle-class jobs.

答案: C

50. The creation of a suburban economy in the 1950s created lots of office jobs.

答案: H

51. In the first decade of the 21st century, only people with postgraduate degree experienced an increase in earnings.

答案: M

52. One economics theory suggests using monetary and fiscal stimulus to cope with an economic recession.

答案: B

53. The popularity of online courses may eliminate many teaching jobs.

答案: N

54. Computer technology has brought about revolutionary changes in the record and book business.

答案: K

55. White-collar workers accounted for more than half of the labor force by the end of the 20th century.

答案: E

Section C

Passage One

5. B. It should be preserved before it is too late.

57. A. It helps promote readers' intellectual and emotional growth.

58. B. It enables the reader to be fully engaged.

59. D. It renders reading less enjoyable.

60. A. Onscreen readers may be less competent readers.

Passage Two

61. C. Their background may determine whether they benefit the American people.

62. A. It is hardly practical to find an ideal solution to America's immigration problem.

63. C. Unrestricted immigration will undermine the American welfare state.

64. D. To show that immigrants' cultural incompatibility with the host

country has consequences.

65. B. Negative.

Part IV Translation

中文热词通常反映社会变化和文化，有些在外国媒体上愈来愈流行。例如，土豪（tuhao）和大妈（dama）都是老词，但已获取了新的意义。

土豪以前指欺压佃户和仆人的乡村地主，现在用于指花钱如流水或喜欢炫耀财富的人，也就是说，土豪有钱，但是没有品位。大妈是对中年妇女的称呼，但是现在特指不久前金价大跌时大量购买黄金的中国妇女。

土豪和大妈可能会被收入新版的牛津（Oxford）英语词典，至今约有120个中文词被加进了牛津英语词典，成了英语语言的一部分。

The Chinese hot words usually mirror social changes and culture, some of which are increasingly popular in the foreign media. "Tuhao" and "dama", for example, are both old words, but they are gaining new meanings now.

The word "tuhao" used to mean rural landlords who bullied and oppressed their tenants and servants, while now it refers to people spending money without limits or those showing off all around. That is to

say, “tuhao” owns money rather than taste. The word “dama” was originally used to describe middle-aged Chinese women. However, it is regarded as a special word to call those Chinese women who rushed to purchase gold when the gold prices in jewelry shops dropped sharply not long ago.

“Tuhao” and “dama” may be introduced to the new Oxford Dictionary. Up to now, about 120 Chinese words have been added to it, becoming a part of English language.