

解析：考查序数词：---这是第___次我来巴黎。我来这儿两次了。---我也是，世界如此大以至于我想要游览更多。根据题意，这是第三次去巴黎，故答案选 C。

21. ---Have you finished the poster for the party?

---Not yet. I _____ it in two days.

- A. finish B. finished C. will finish

解析：考查动词时态：---你完成了聚会的海报了吗？---还没，我将会在两天内完成它。

in+段时间表示将来时，故选 C。

22. *Running Man* is a popular show these days. Some well-known stars challenge themselves _____ to finish all kinds of tasks in it.

- A. luckily B. bravely C. easily

解析：考查副词：《奔跑吧兄弟》是这些天来一个受欢迎的节目。一些知名明星___地挑战自我来完成里面各种任务。Luckily 幸运地；bravely 勇敢地；easily 容易地。答案选 B。

23. The “teacher-free exam” means that students take their exams _____ teachers. Students must be honest.

- A. without B. against C. through

解析：考查介词词义：“无人监考”意味着学生们参加考试___老师。学生们应当诚信作答。without 没有；against 反对；though 尽管。答案选 A。

24. *A Spring Morning* is my favorite poem _____ its words are beautiful and I can feel the sense of spring in it.

- A. until B. because C. though

解析：考查连词：《春晓》是我最喜欢的诗，___它的诗句很美，我可以感受到春天的气息。until 直到；because 因为；though 尽管。答案选 B。

25. ---Xiao Jie is a good friend indeed. He is always there whenever I am _____.

---I think so. He is just like the cute Baymax(大白).

- A. in trouble B. in style C. in order

解析：考查介词词组：---小杰是一个挚友。无论我___，他总是在那里。---我也这么认为。他就像一个萌萌的大白一样。in trouble 遇到麻烦；in style 流行的；in order 按顺序。答案选 A。

26. In our daily life, we must learn to _____ ourselves well at any time. It's as important as studying.

- A. deal with B. worry about C. look after

解析：考查动词词组：在我们日常生活中，我们必须学着很好地_____自己在任何时候。

这和学习一样重要。deal with 处理；worry about 担心；look after 照顾。答案选 C。

27. As a teacher, I love being with my students. You can't imagine how much they _____ knowledge!

- A. are thirsty for B. are famous for C. are good for

解析：考查形容词词组：作为一个老师，我喜欢和学生们待在一起。你无法想象他们对知识是多么地_____。are thirsty for 对...渴望；are famous for 以...而著名；are good for 对...有好处。答案选 A。

28. ---A lot of old people feel lonely. We should try our best to care for them.

---_____. I mean, we're all going to be old one day, too.

- A. Take it easy B. Not at all C. You're right

解析：考察情景交际：---很多老人都感到孤独。我们应该尽我们全力来关心他们。

---_____。我的意思是，我们也会有变老的一天的。Take it easy 放轻松；Not at all 完全不；You're right 你是对的。答案选 C。

34. ---You look unhappy, John. _____?

---Well, I found my mother looking through my mobile phone yesterday.

- A. You want to rest B. What's wrong C. How do you do

解析：考查情景对话：---你看起来不开心，约翰，_____。---额，我昨天发现我妈在翻动我的手机了。You want to rest 你想要休息一下；What's wrong 怎么了；How do you do 你好。答案选 B。

30. ---2015 is an El Nino(厄尔尼诺) year. Many places may be short of water. Being a student, I want to do something, but

I wonder _____.

---Oh, you can do some small things such as turning off the tap while brushing teeth.

- A. what I am supposed to do B. how should I protect our home
C. why it can cause such bad weather

解析：考查宾语从句：---2015 年是厄尔尼诺年，很多地方可能缺水。作为一个学生，我想做一些事情，但是我想知道_____。---噢，你可以做一些小事情，比如当刷牙的时候关

掉水龙头。B 是疑问语序，排除。what I am supposed to do 我应该做什么。why it can cause such bad weather 为什么会造成坏天气。根据句意，选 A。

III. 完形填空 (每小题1分，共15分)

阅读下列短文，掌握其大意，然后从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Yesterday was Father's Day. Many things happening between my father and me crowded my mind. But one thing made a deep impression on me.

It was a Sunday morning, and I was in a ___31___ mood (情绪). Two of my friends had gone to the movies the night before and hadn't invited me. I was in my room ___32___ ways to make them sorry when my father came in. "Want to go for a ride today, Beck? It's a beautiful day."

"No! Leave me alone!" Those were the ___33___ words I said to him that morning.

My friends called and ___34___ me to go to the mall with them a few hours later. I forgot to be ___35___ with them and then went with them. When I came home, I found a ___36___ on the table. My mother put it where I would be sure to see it. "Dad has had an ___37___. Please meet us at Highland Park Hospital."

When I reached the hospital, my mother came out and told me a car hit my father and his injuries were extensive(大面积的). "Your father told the driver to leave ___38___ alone and just call 911, thank God! If he had moved Daddy,"

My mother may have said more, but I didn't hear. I didn't hear anything ___39___ those terrible words: Leave me alone. My dad said them in order to ___40___ himself. He didn't want to be hurt more. How much had I hurt him ___41___ I shouted out those words at him earlier in the day?

It was several days later that he was ___42___ able to have a talk. I held his hand gently, afraid of hurting him.

"Daddy... I am so sorry..."

"It's okay, sweetheart. I'll be okay."

"No," I said, "I mean about ___43___ I said to you that day. You know, that morning?"

He looked at me and said, "Sweetheart, I remember ___44___ about that day, not before, during or after the accident. I remember telling you goodnight the night before, though." he managed a weak smile.

My English teacher once told me that words have great power. They can hurt or they can heal(治愈). And we all have the power to ___45___ our words. I am going to do that very carefully from now on.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 31. A. good | B. terrible | C. peaceful |
| 32. A. thinking up | B. giving up | C. looking up |
| 33. A. common | B. last | C. careless |
| 34. A. led | B. encouraged | C. invited |
| 35. A. strict | B. angry | C. pleased |

- | | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 36. A. letter | B. diary | C. note |
| 37. A. accident | B. illness | C. examination |
| 38. A. me | B. him | C. her |
| 39. A. except | B. among | C. towards |
| 40. A. hide | B. save | C. express |
| 41. A. when | B. until | C. before |
| 42. A. really | B. finally | C. suddenly |
| 43. A. how | B. why | C. what |
| 44. A. something | B. everything | C. nothing |
| 45. A. keep | B. choose | C. understand |

解析：

31. B 根据下文朋友没有邀请她与向父亲发火的情节，可知作者心情不好。
32. A 根据前后文，可知作者在想出让朋友们感到抱歉的方法。
33. B 根据下文情节，可知这是作者这天早上向父亲说的最后一句话。
34. C 根据上文情节，可知朋友们这次是来邀请她。
35. B 根据上文情节，可知作者此时已经忘记了生气。
36. C 根据下文文字篇幅，可知这是一条便签。
37. A 根据下段作者母亲对事件的解释，可知这是一场车祸。
38. B 根据前半句Your father told the driver to...，可知此空填him。
39. A 根据前一句My mother may have said more, but I didn't hear，可知作者除了这些可怕的话，其他什么都没听到。
40. B 由前文thank God! If he had moved Daddy,与后文He didn't want to be hurt more.中的被动语态，可知作者父亲是为了救自己。
41. A 根据上文情节及所在空的意思“当我喊出那些话的时候，是有多么的伤害他”，可知此空选when。

42. B 根据作者愧疚恐慌的心情，可知父亲是终于能够说话了。
43. C 根据上文情节，可知作者指之前说过的话，用代词what。
44. C 根据后一句话，可知事故当天的事情父亲全都记不得了。
45. B 结合 words have great power. They can hurt or they can heal.，可知我们有选择话语的力量。

IV. 阅读理解 (一) (每小题 2 分，共 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的 A.B.C 三个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

(A)

We spend hours, days and years of our lives in education. But how perfect do you think your school is? Imagine you could design(设计) your ideal (理想的) school. What would it be like? We wanted to find out what teenagers around the world thought. Here is some designing from four children of different countries.

Ma China	My dream school would have an Olympic-size swimming pool, two football pitches and a golf course. It would also have a cinema, a gym, a restaurant and a shopping centre. My school has none of these and I think there should be more enjoyable things for pupils to do while they are studying.
Sonia Italy	I'd like a room where we can go and relax and play computer games and chat with friends. Some older pupils in the school have this but I think there should be a place for everyone to go when they want to switch off(转换注意力) from the lessons.
Richard USA	I think it would be great to have a day off every week, as well as the weekend. If that day was a Friday or a Monday, we would have a long weekend every week. What fun! I also think school should start later, at about 10 o'clock, and finish earlier. We spend a lot of time at school doing nothing at all. I'm sure we could learn just as much in fewer hours.
Rebecca Australia	My dream school would be big and roomy with a computer for every person in the school. I'd also like to have a music room where we can just go and play instruments when we want. We need a recording studio, too. I hope that teachers can respect(尊重) our opinions.

46. Ma thinks his dream school should provide _____ for students.

- A. more enjoyable things
- B. a comfortable computer room
- C. a place to switch off from the lessons

47. Sonia thinks students should share a room where they can _____.

- A. play sports B. play instruments C. play computer games
48. Richard wants to have _____ off every week.
A. two days B. three days C. four days
49. Rebecca may like _____ according to the passage.
A. playing music
B. chatting with friends
C. doing some shopping
50. We can infer(推断) that in the four children's opinion, the ideal school be a place where _____.
A. students can learn more knowledge
B. students can get on well with their teachers
C. students' wishes and interests can be respected

解析：

文章大意：表格主要是四位青少年关于自己心目中的理想学校的设计想法

46. A 细节题,原文 I think there should be more enjoyable things for pupils to do while they are studying. 可知答案

47. C 细节题,原文 I'd like a room where we can go and relax and play computer games

48. B 细节题,原文 it would be great to have a day off every week, as well as the weekend. 可知共三天

49. A 细节题,原文 I'd also like to have a music room where we can just go and play instruments when we want.

50. C 推断题,四位青少年在阐述自己的理想学校时,都表达出自己的希望和爱好,他们希望学校和老师能尊重他们的想法并实现自己的愿望,故选 C。

(B)

Let's suppose it is a common day of 2060. Of course, things have changed and life is very different.

Trips to the moon are being made every day. Taking a holiday on the moon today is as easy as taking a holiday in Europe in the 2010's. At a number of scenic spots (风景胜地) on the moon, many hotels have been built. In order that everyone can enjoy the beautiful scenery on the moon, every room has at least one picture window. Everything imaginable is provided for entertainment of the young and old.

What are people eating now? People are still eating food. But many foods now come in pill (药片) form, and the food that goes into the pill comes mainly from green plants.

Because people in the world today are many more than those about fifty years ago, most of the earth's surface has to be filled. The deserts are irrigated with water and crops are no longer eaten by pests (害虫). The harvest is always good.

Farming, of course, is very highly developed. Very few people have to work on the farm. It is possible to run the farm by just using a few computers.

People are now largely vegetarians, and they eat only bread, vegetables, fruit and so on and they don't eat meat or fish. You see, as the number of people increases, the number of animals decreases. So people have to be vegetarians. We are healthier both in our bodies and in our minds, and we know how to deal with all kinds of illnesses. No one has to be ill any more.

Such would be our life in 2060.

51. What will be on the moon in 2060 according to the passage?

- A. Many green plants.
- B. Many wild animals.
- C. Many interesting places.

52. What's the meaning of the underlined word "irrigated"?

- A. 冲刷
- B. 灌溉
- C. 淹没

53. Which of the following is **TRUE**?

- A. People only eat foods in pill form.
- B. People don't have plenty of crops.
- C. People run the farms by using high technology.

54. Why do people have to be vegetarians in 2060?

- A. Because they want to be healthier.
- B. Because vegetables can make the patients well.
- C. Because there will be more people and fewer animals.

55. What attitude (态度) does the writer have about the future life?

- A. He feels pretty hopeful about the future.
- B. He is not very satisfied with some things of the future.
- C. He seems really sad about what is happening in the future.

解析：

文章大意：作者设想了 2060 年，人类的生活状态。

51. C 细节题，第二段第三句 "At a number of scenic spots on the moon ..." 可知，月球上有许多风景胜地，符合条件的是 C 选项。

52. B 猜词题，由第四段划线词后面 and 并列的内容是“庄稼不再被害虫侵蚀”可知，前句符合文意的是 B 选项，沙漠被水灌溉。

53. C 细节题，第五段第三句，“It is possible to run the farm by just using a few computers.”可知，使用电脑就可以耕作农场，所以答案选 C.

54. C 细节题，第六段第二句 “You see, as the number of people increases, the number of animals decreases.可知，人口数量增多的同时，动物数量在减少。所以答案选 C.

55. A 主旨题，第六段倒数第二句，“We are healthier ...with illnesses.”可知，作者认为人们未来会拥有更健康的大脑和体魄，告别疾病。所以，是充满希望的，答案选 A.

(C)

Old Dawson had the best apples in town, but kids knew they mustn't go into his yard to pick a delicious apple, even off the ground, because Dawson, a bad-tempered (坏脾气的) man, they said, would come after you with his gun.

One Friday, 12-year-old Janet was going to stay all night with her friend Amy. They had to walk by Dawson's house on the way to Amy's house. Like most of the children, Janet was scared of the old man because of the stories she'd heard about him.

Amy said that Mr. Dawson wouldn't hurt anyone. Still, Janet was growing more nervous with each step closer to the old man's house. When they got close enough, Dawson looked up with his usual frown (皱眉), but when he saw it was Amy, a big smile changed his whole face as he said, "Hello, Miss Amy. I see you've got a little friend with you today."

Amy smiled back and told him Janet was staying overnight and they were going to listen to music and play games. Dawson told them that sounded fun, and offered them each a fresh picked apple off his tree.

As they walked on, Janet asked Amy, "Everyone says he's the meanest man in town. Why was he so nice to us?"

Amy explained that when she first started walking past his house, he wasn't very friendly and she was afraid of him, but she always smiled at him. It took a while, but one day he half-smiled back at her.

After some more time, he started smiling real smiles and then started talking to her. Just a "hello" at first, then more. She said he always offers her an apple now, and is always very kind.

We're always trying to achieve so much, and it's so easy to get caught up in (被卷入；陷入) everyday life that we forget we can bring cheer to ourselves and others simply. Giving a smile takes so little effort; let's smile to others.

56. Kids were afraid of Dawson because _____.

- A. he disliked children
B. he was a bad-tempered man
C. he always took a gun with him

57. On that day, when Old Dawson saw Amy getting close to his house, he was _____.

- A. very mad
B. quite happy
C. really scared



58. From the passage, we can know that _____.
- A. Amy wasn't afraid of Dawson before
B. Janet never heard about the stories of Dawson
C. Dawson offered each of the two children an apple that day
59. The underlined sentence "be started smiling real smiles" means "Mr. Dawson _____".
- A. got to like Amy's smile day by day
B didn't know how to smile until he met Amy
C. started to accept Amy as a true friend with real feelings
60. The best title for the passage may be _____.
- A. Smile Brings a Big Success
B. Smile Improves the Relationship
C. Smile Changes the Environment

解析：

56. B. 细节题。文章第一段中文解释的单词为答案 because Dawson, a bad-tempered (坏脾气的) man, they said, would come after you with his gun. 选项C意思是总是带着一杆枪，文中说的是带着枪跟在你后面，和文意不符。
57. B. 细节题。文章第三段 but when he saw it was Amy, a big smile changed his whole face as he said, 可知答案。
58. C. 细节题。文章第四段 Dawson told them that sounded fun, and offered them each a fresh picked apple off his tree 可知答案。A 选项与文中 when she first started walking past his house, he wasn't very friendly and she was afraid of him 意思相反；B 选项同上。
59. C. 猜词题。由文章画横线句子后 and then started talking to her “开始和她聊天”可知。
60. B. 主旨题。根据整篇文章以及最后一段 we can bring cheer to ourselves and others simply” 我们可以很容易地给其他人和我们自己带来快乐”可知。

第二卷 (共 45 分)

VI. 补全对话 (每小題 1 分，共 5 分)

根据对话内容，从方框内所给的选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余项。

(Alex meets Cindy at school on Monday morning.)

A: Hi, Cindy! How was your last weekend?

B: Awful. You know, Alex, I was busy taking after-school classes for the weekend. ___66___

A: Great. I went to the Science Museum and had a lot of fun there. Have you ever been there before?

B: ___67___ I do nothing but studying all the time on weekends.

A: That sounds bad. You should relax yourself on weekends. And you can try something new instead.

B: ___68___ By the way, can tell me something about the museum?

A: It's hard to say... ___69___ You'd better visit it if you're free.

B: Oh, it must be a great way to spend weekends. Could you please go with me next Sunday afternoon?

A: No problem. Let's make it. ___70___

B: Catch you.

- A: Me too.
B: No, never.
C: Sorry, I can't.
D: Catch you later.
E: That's a good idea.
F: There is so much to see.
G: How about your weekend?

解析：

66. G 根据下文的回答的 great 和我去了科技博物馆并且玩的很开心，可知上面问的是你的周末怎么样。

67. B 根据上文问的你以前去过哪里么和下面的在周末我除了学习什么都没有做可知是没有去过的。

68. E 根据上文说你可以尝试新的事情可知这是个好的主意。

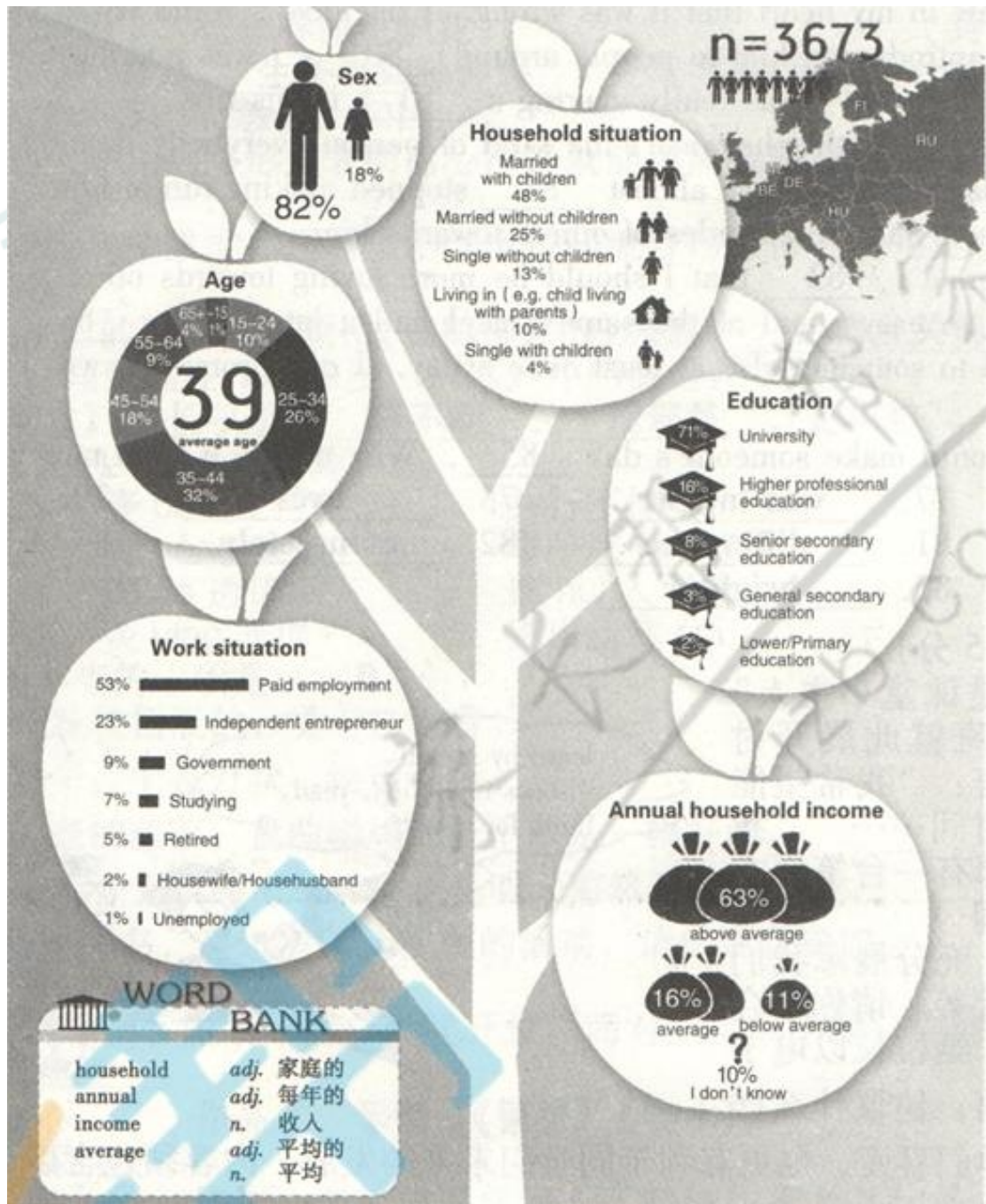
69. F 根据上文说你可以告诉我一些关于博物馆的事情吗和下午回答的很难说以及你最好自己去看可知博物馆有太多看的東西了。

70. D 根据下文的 catch you 可知上面是稍后联系你。

VII. 阅读理解 (二) (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面图文，简要回答所给问题，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Shopping online is popular now. Recently, Sanoma Media did a survey on buying electronic products online. 3673 people from six European countries took part in the survey. The result shows it is interesting that most of the people are men, and 95 percent(百分之.....) of the people often buy the electronic products online. You can draw a conclusion (结论) that most of men like buying electronic products. The following are all these people's background details.



71. Among the 3673 people, why do you think most of them are men?

72. In total, what percent of the people are married?

73. As for work situation, what do 7% and 9% refer to (指)?

74. According to the charts, what conclusion about the relationship between education and income can you probably draw?

75. Who likes shopping online around you? What does he or she think of it?

解析：

文章大意：以表格的形式呈现关于参与在线购买电子产品的调查的人们的性别，年龄，工作情况，家庭情况，教育背景及平均收入等信息。

71. Because most of men like buying electronic products (online)./ Because they are (more) interested in (buying) electronic products. 由文章第一段倒数第二句可以得知答案。

72. 73%. / 73% of the people are married./ Seventy-three percent.根据图表 Household situation 可以得知答案

73. Studying and government./ 7% refers to studying and 9% refers to government. 由图表 Work situation 可以得出答案。

74. The higher education (people get), the higher income(they get)./ Many of the people who got a university education have the income above average./ I can draw a conclusion that the higher education the people get, the higher income they get. 由图表中 education 和 Annual household income 可以得出答案

75. My mother/ My father/... likes shopping online. / My mother/ My father/... (does). She/ He thinks it's very convenient. /...开放式问题，可以结合自己的实际情况回答。

VIII. 词语运用 (每小题 1 分 , 共 10 分)

根据语篇内容，用方框中所给词的正确形式填空，使短文通顺、连贯，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方

框中有两个词为多余项。

so we who teach bright different he eye show heart complete understand

Few people today educate the children about the value of empathy (同情 ; 同感) . Most people feel so hard 76 their love and care towards others and to actually understand what they are going through.

When I was a child, I 77 to go out of my way to make someone else happy. My mum would tell me to say at least one kind word to someone else every day. I admit that it wasn't very easy to do. But as soon as you see the look of thanks in that person's 78, you just want to do as much as you can.

I had an experience with a young man 79 people were always making fun of. Every time I saw that happening, I knew in my heart that it was wrong. I decided I would try to be his friend. I started walking with him and introducing him to people around 80. I was making him happy by just doing that. And I loved the fact that I was really making a 81 in his life.

After a while, I realized that he wasn't the kind of person everybody thought he was. We are still really good friends today. People have almost 82 stopped making fun of him. But he is still what he was. What had changed was the attitudes of others towards him.

From this experience I 83 that I should be more loving towards other people already. What I did for my friend was so easy, and at the same time I had a lot of fun, 84 I hope that everyone could say a kind word to someone else at least once a day. I can promise it will be the best feeling you can ever get.

One kind word could make someone's day 85. Why not do it from now on?

解析：

76. to show 考查非谓语，形容词后面加 to do 结构。

77. was taught 考查一般过去时的被动语态结构：was\were+ 动词的过去分词。

78. eyes 考查名词的单数变复数。

79. who\whom 考查定语从句关系代词，who\whom 在定语从句中宾语。

80. us 考查人称代词的主格变宾格，在介词 around 后面用宾格。

81. difference 考查词性转换，形容词变名词。make a difference 意为“起作用，有影响”。

82. completely 考查词性转换，形容词变副词，completely 在此修饰实义动词 stop。

83. have understood 考查现在完成时态，标志词是 already。

84. so 考查表示因果关系的连词 so。

85. brighter 考查形容词的比较级。根据上下文语境可知“一句友好的话语能使某人的一天更加美好灿烂”。

IX. 书面表达 (共 15 分)

某校展开“我是课堂小主人”建议征集活动，各班就此展开讨论，同学们纷纷发言：“我希望能够有足够的自主学习时间……”“我喜欢的课堂是每个人都有—台笔记本电脑，方面上网查询……”“课上我们能自由地讨论，充分展示我们的学习成果……”等等。请你结合同学们讨论的结果，给校长以电子邮件的形式写一封信，建议什么样的课堂形式更为同学们喜爱，也更有利于同学们未来的发展。内容须包含以下要点：

- What is your favorite class like?
- Please tell us an unforgettable experience you've had in your class.
- Please give at least two suggestion.

要求：1. 词数 80 词左右，提示词仅供参考；2. 邮件的格式已给出，开头，结尾不计入总数；3. 文中不得出现真实的人名，校名；4. 将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。



Dear Mr.Li,

My favorite class is an open and free class where I can learn by myself and discuss in groups (定从), which is good for my development(定从), I think.

I still remember an unforgettable experience in my maths class. Several days ago I spent a long time working on three maths problems in class, but they were too hard for me to work them out. So I had to ask my classmates for help. After a considerable discussion, we solved the problems in our group. How excited I was!

Having such a great experience, I want to give two suggestions. Firstly, please don't teach us too much in class. We need about 30 minutes to learn by ourselves and work in groups every class. Secondly, please provide us with some laptops if possible, so we can surf the Internet easily. No doubt, we need an open and free class, you see.

That's all. Thank you.

Best wishes,
Zhang Hua