2016年3月托福口语大范围预测



口语第一题

2012.12.8ML/2010.9.24NA

Task1:

How would you advise somebody who was planning to come to your country to study abroad? Give details and examples to support your response. Begin your response after the beep.

2011.12.18ML

口 1.你朋友 next semester 要上一个很难的 math class,他很紧张,问你有没有什么建议给他

2009.9.19NA

口语一:

版本一:日常生活 depend on 比较多的 tool, object...

版本二:最喜欢的科目是什么

2008.9.28ML/2007.8.17ML

S1

如果有计划来一次旅游,你会选择哪里

新东方托福考试网

2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

 \square 1

Which technology has made the greatest impact on people's lives in your country: airplane, computer or television? Use specific reasons and examples to support your response.

2013.12.21ML/2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

口语一, Describe the greatest period of your life and explain why.

2012.10.19ML

 \square 1

Choose a job lawyer, animal doctor, restaurant owner, which on you prefer

2012.10.19ML / 2010.6.13ML

Task 1

朋友搬家了,让你 give advice about how to make friends in a new city 2013.3.3ML/2012.10.19NA

下面哪种职业你喜欢?律师(lawyer),餐馆老板(restaurant owner),兽医(animal doctor)

Which of the following would you rather be? Lawyer, veterinarian or restaurant owner. Explain your answer in details.

2008.5.10ML

口语一:描述一个你狠崇拜但你不会选择作为自己职业的工作。describe a job you admired but you will NOT choose it yourself

2014.9.13NA

Talk about your favorite book when you were a child. Explain in details why you liked to read it.

2014.9.27NA

Task1:

if you have a chance to learn new things, what do you want to learn? Select one of the following and explain your ides: 1. play a sport 2. fly a plane 3. play a new instrument

2013.12.14NA

口语一:从三个职员制工作 volunteer work 选一个。工作一能够帮助图书馆中人用电脑查书籍,工作二把书读给小孩听,工作三把书和杂志整理到书架上

2013.9.28NA

Task1:

Nowadays many people move to cities for work and study. What advantages do moving to cities bring to people?

2011.3.26ML

Describe a time when you learned a new subject.

2014.11.29ML

Among studying, exercising, and going shopping, which one would you like to do alone and why?

2012.12.1NA

给三个方案,问你选择哪个,为啥。1. 一个 recycle program, 2.教小孩子种菜, 3.教小孩子怎么吃饭更健康。

2013.10.25NA

口语一:1、 学校组织学生去社区做公益活动,其中有三项任务可选,1)清洁那些 litter 和 transh, 2)在公园种树和花,3)给小朋友们讲环保知识什么的。

2013.10.19NA

口语一:

If you can have a part-time job at the university what position would you choose? A lab assistant, a campus tour-guide or a library assistant? Why?

2013.12.28ML

口语一, Describe a memorable experience in a restaurant or cafe.

2010.3.20NA

1

描述一个参加过的活动,你是否认为每个人都 have a good time?

2014.8.9NA

1_______

Imagine that you have to stop using cell phone for a month, would that be difficult for you?

2013.5.26ML

TASK1: Your friend has been offered a job that's far away from his hometown. Do you think he should take it or not? Give specific reasons and details to support your response.

2011.6.25ML

1

Describe a news article or a story that you are interested in recently. And explain why you think it was interesting. (Include reasons and details in your response.)

2014.7.26NA

1. Which one will you learn: play a piano, swim, or repair a car?

2014.2.28NA

Task 1: Your community center now offers classes on the weekends for free. Which of the following class you will choose to take? Give reason to explain your choose. 1) A financial course to help you manage money, 2) Car maintenance and repair 3) Review of Latin-American music.

2014.4.5NA

S₁

Students attend different clubs in universities, such as science club, hiking club, etc. Which one are you interested in?

Describe one benefit of using the internet?

版本二

Talk about how cellphone has changed people's lives. Explain your answer in d etails.

2014.5.23NA

Who should be paid more: a nurse, a teacher, or an officer?

2014.6.28NA

Task1:

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有一大堆事情需要做,怎么办

2014.8.30NA

TASK1

If one of your friends is always late for events and appointments, can you give some suggestion and advice to help him not be late next time?

2014.9.6NA

TASK1

1.Describe an important decision that you have made.

2014.9.27NA

1,自己和别人不一样的学习方法。

2014.10.17NA

Task1;

Please choose one of the following transportations that you consider the most enjoyable to ride: a bicycle, an automobile, or a train.

2013.10.11NA

Task1:

If your university plans to improve the life of students by one of the following methods, which do you prefer?

- (1) build a new cafeteria
- (2) build a new indoor swimming pool
- (3) make improvements in dormitories

2014.11.8NA

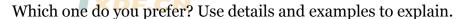
1. Please describe one characteristic of a house or apartment that you think will make it a good place to live.

2014.11.29NA

Among study, exercise, and shopping, which one would you like to do alone and why?

2014.12.19NA

- 1. The university provides three kinds of service to students:
- Concerts performed by students
- Drama played by theatre students
- Lecture given by a well-known professor



2013.6.8NA

 \square 1

Which of the following do you think it's the best way to get to know a new school: joining a one-day campus tour, spending a weekend on the campus play field, or auditing lectures?

2013.11.22NA

口语一

版本一: Talk about what you like to do during spare time. Give specific reasons and details in your explanation.

版本二: Your friend has a bad eating habit. What suggestions would you like to give the friend?

2013.12.20NA

口语一: city should invest money in 1) transportation, 2) park, 3) can't recall, sorry

2009.11.14ML/2008.3.29NA

口语一:描述你生活中最难忘的一次成功以及你对它的感觉。Describe the most unforgettable success in your life and your feeling about it.

2011.2.12ML / 2009.10.10ML

Describe a special experience which has changed you positively. Explain how it changed you. Include reasons and details to support your response.

2011.5.28NA

If your friend had difficulties in mathematical exam, what would you like to suggest?

新东方托福考试网

2013.1.18NA

1 What qualities should a leader have?

说了两点:(1)一要公平(2)二要有远见

北京新东方

2013.1.26NA

1

给孩子选一个课外活动, sports, music, 还有一个啥, 不记得了

2013.4.6NA

1

which is the most challenging place to work? Museum, hospital, business office.

2013.5.17NA

口語一:下面哪个学生活动对社区最有利? planting or taking care of a garden; organizing recycling program in community; organizing cleanup day in park

2013.7.13NA

1

在医院做 volunteer, 是喜欢和病人聊天, 读书给病人听, 照顾病人亲属

2013.11.9NA

口语一: 你未来想从事什么工作

2013.12.6NA

口语一:Which of the following jobs would you like to do?Acotr/actress,computer programmer or business owner.Explain yourself in details

2014.6.21ML

Task 1:

Talk about a subject you enjoy learning in school. Explain your answer in details.

2011.10.16ML/2010.9.25NA

口语一:

What are some of the benefits that cell phones bring to people?

新东方托福考试网

2012.7.15ML

Task 1

You attended a school recently, if one aspect of the school needs to be improved, which one will you choose, describe it and explain why.

2010.1.31ML

1 XDF.CN

What type of music do you enjoy most? Explain why you enjoy this type of music. Include reasons and details in you explanation.

2010.9.26ML

1

Describe a charater in a book movie or TV program that deeply impressed you. Explain why you like this charater. Include reasons and details to support your response.

2013.12.21ML/2011.1.22ML

Describe the greatest period of your life and explain why?



口语第二题

2014.5.23NA

2

Some universities expect students to choose their major when they enter university. Others let students wait until the second or third year. Which do you think is better and why?

2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

2

Some people believe that it is better for children to grow up in big cities. Others believe that it is better for children to grow up in small towns or rural areas. What is your opinion and why? Use specific reasons and examples to support your response.

2012.10.19ML / 2010.6.13ML

Task 2

Some think robots are useful in the future. Some think robots will never be more useful and smarter than human. Which do you agree?

2013.3.3ML/2012.10.19NA®

 \square 2



some answer the phone and text a message in the middle of the conversation, what do thing this behavior, good or not

2008.5.10ML

口语二:周末是喜欢呆在家里看书搞学习还是喜欢 social vs friends relax.

2011.3.19NA/2012.12.2ML /2013.3.19NA

Task2:

Some students prefer to study in a library. Others prefer to study at home or in dormitories. Which way do you prefer and why? Include reasons and details in your response.

2013.12.14NA

口语二:选一个,帮助教授完成重要科研任务还是参加你姐姐的生日派对

2014.9.27NA

Task2:

do you agree that parents put more pressure on students in school than ever before

2013.9.28NA

Task2:

Nowadays many people move to cities for work and study. What advantages do moving to cities bring to people?

2011.3.26ML

2

Some people prefer to read or watch news every day. Other people prefer to read or watch news less regularly. Which do you prefer?

2014.11.29ML

2.

Some people believe the government should invest money in a program designed to save and protect endangered species of animals. Others believe 新东方托福考试网 http://toefl.xdf.cn/

that money for such programs should only come from private sources. Which point of view do you agree with?

2012.12.1NA

□ 2 ______®

Question: Which do you prefer: an interesting class but very strict with scoring or a boring class that gives you high scores?

2011.10.14NA

2

大城市是否禁止私家车?

2013.12.28ML

口语二, Do you agree or disagree with the statement that the most important class can't be learned in the classroom?

2010.3.20NA

Task 2

- 2.你是否会一直表达你的真实意见,即便你知道这个意见可能不被认同。key words: honest opinion.
 - 2. it is always good to keep honesty?
 - 2,别人不同意你还坚持说实话吗

2014.8.9NA

2

Some people think that business and industry need to be developed, even if the development of them affect environment; other people think that environment need to be protected from the development of business and industry. What do you think?

2013.10.19NA

口语二:



Some people speak out in class, others prefer to listen and quietly observe. Which do you think leads to greater success in school? Why?

2011.6.25ML

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2

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Some students prefer to take a test where they must write an essay to a question. Other students prefer to take a test with objective questions. Which type of exam question do you prefer? Give reasons and examples in your explanation.

2013.5.26ML

北京新东方

TASK2: Do you agree or disagree that teachers should encourage students to have discussions during class? Give specific reasons and details in your response.

2014.7.26NA

2.technology devices distance people far more now than before.lz 本来准备的是shorten,原以为题目也是shorten,最后发现是想法的,但是都已经表达了观点。所以就即兴发挥了。希望不要太差。

2014.2.28NA

Task 2: Do you agree or disagree the following statement and give reasons: Parents should not allow their children to participate any form of sport (football, basketball, ice hockey...) in order to protect their health from any form of injury.

2014.4.5NA

S2

Finding a place to live near campus. Option 1: a house to share with several other students; Option 2: an apartment to live alone.

2014.4.12NA

口语二:

版本一:现代人的生活方式比一百年前的人的生活方式健康?

Do you agree with the statement: it is easier for people today to lead a healthy life than people of 100 years ago.

版本二:

When traveling, do you prefer to stay at one place for a long time or spend less time but visit more places? Explain your answer in details.

2014.5.23NA

Some universities expect students to choose their major when they enter university. Others let students wait until the second or third year. Which do you think is better and why?

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2014.6.28NA

Task2:

Do you like to go to the city or the countryside for vacation?

2014.8.30NA

TASK2

儿兄凯太儿

2. Which one you think is better: Some teachers want students to sit in the same seats throughout the whole semester. Other teachers think students can choose their own seats each time and sit in different seats. Use specific reasons and examples to support your answer.

2014.9.6NA

TASK2

2. Some schools require music and art classes, while some don't. What is your opinion?

2014.9.27NA

2,喜欢去小商场还是大商场。

2014.10.17NA

Task2;

Do you agree or disagree that in the future, people will read fewer books than they do today.

2013.10.11NA

Task4:

文章:一个 proposal, 建议学校拿出一部分 activity budget 给学生参加 academic conferences.

男生:觉得这个建议不好,有两点原因:

- 1) 活动经费应该就给那些原来 intended for 的活动,比如 cultural activities, extracurricular activities, for example, concerts.
- 2) 学校其他的 academic departments 已经有给学生参加学术会议的经费预算, 学生只要申请, 教授会决定是否给钱让学生去开会。

要求: summarize proposal, 然后说男生的评价

2014.11.8NA

2. People are more likely to enjoy themselves at concerts or films if they go with a group of friends.





Some people believe the government should invest money in program designed to save and protect endangered species of animal. Others believe that money for such programs should only come from private sources. Which point of view do you agree with?

2013.6.8NA

 \square 2

If you were given an empty piece of land, would you rather use it to build a garden or a playground for children?

2013.6.22NA

 \square 2

你喜欢一个经常出差的工作还是总在一个地方的工作。



2013.12.20NA

口语二: people who live in small town is nicer than those who live in big city, agree with disagree

2013.11.22NA

口语二:版本一:Some students like to learn by themselves, others prefer to share their ideas with others. Which one do you prefer?

版本二: Some people like to share their thoughts through publications like newspapers and blogs, others prefer to only share them with friends. Which one do you prefer?

2009.11.14ML/2008.3.29NA

口语二: People are never too late to receive university education to get a degree. Do you agree or disagree the above statement? Include reasons and examples to support your response.

2015.1.11ML

Some people prefer to live in old buildings. Others prefer to live in new and modern buildings. Which do you prefer? Explain why.

2011.2.12ML / 2009.10.10ML

Some people prefer to learn from people and events in the pasts. Others prefer to learn from current people and events. Which do you prefer? Use specific reasons and examples to support your choice.

2011.5.28NA

Do you prefer to write a long essay or give a speech in front of class for an assignment?

2013.1.18NA

2 Do you agree or disagree: people should always tell the truth?

依情况而定(1)有时应该(2)有时不应该

2013.1.26NA

2

一个出差多但银子多的工作,一个不需要经常出差,但是银子少的工作,你选哪 一个

2013.4.6NA

2

which do you prefer: taking the course taught by a teacher 和 自学.

2013.5.17NA

口語二:同不同意 agree or disagree: teachers should make learning fun for their students

2013.7.13NA

2

你比较喜欢 job with communication,还是不喜欢个人打交道的工作

2013.11.9NA

口语二:你认为学校有没有必要强调学生学习 HANDWRITING?

2013.12.6NA

口语二: Do you agree or disagree the following statement:People should be required(forced) to retire after the age of 65?

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2011.10.16ML/2010.9.25NA

口语二:

Do you agree or disagree that students should be required to go to school before they are 16.

2014.6.21ML

Task 2: XDF.CI

Do you agree or disagree with the statement that children should do houseworks when they're old enough.

2011.3.26ML

2

Some people prefer to read or watch news every day, other people prefer to read or watch news regularly, which do you prefer.

2014.1.25NA

□ 2:

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement, it is better to live close to parents than far away from them.

2010.9.26ML

2



Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? It's a waste of time for university students to take courses outside their major fields. Use specific reasons and examples in your answer.

2010.1.31ML

2

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? It's easier to teach children in primary schools than students in universities. Include reasons and details in your explanation.

口语第三题

2011.12.18ML

口 3.一个学生提议要把 campus dining hall 移到 Outdoor 去因为可以解决 crowded 的问题还可以享受 lawn 上的好天气

男生说我 against it,这只是一个 temporary 的 problem

新东方托福考试网

-因为 campus 最近的另外一个 dining hall 在 renovating 所以才 crowded ,等几个星期过去装修好了就不会 crowded 了

 $\square 3$

文章内容: 学校出公告要建一个 housing office for off-campus.

对话: 女生同意觉得很好.原因:1)是 on-campus 的 dorm 已经 overcrowded 了.

2)是新生不熟悉本地环境.这个 office 正好帮助他们.问总结女生观点。

2008.9.28ML/2007.8.17ML

 s_3

阅读:学校决定让新生在入学前提前做一些以后会做的作业,主要是文学方面的.

学校理由 1: 学生预先掌握一下写作技巧有助于大学学习, 教授也可以不用在这些基础技能上停留太多时间, 进而传授更多知识

学校理由 2: 学生预先阅读的一些东西可以成为他们入学后的共同话题,从 而促进交流, 广交朋友

听力: 男生反对理由:

- 1): 大部分学生在假期里面时间比较少,比如有工作(我理解是实习),所以无法完成这些阅读任务. 而一旦完不成,开学就要 struggle to catch up,有时不得不rush,结果就 skip 文章,囫囵吞枣
- 2): 新生不会谈论文学,他们更喜欢聊熟悉有趣的话题,such as some cool places to hang out.

2012.12.8ML/2010.9.24NA

Task3:

学校准备建一个 art building。女生同意,因为可以容纳更多的学生上课,她去年选课就选不上,还有更大的 screen 看老师 show pictures and sculptures 可以更清晰。

解析:

阅读材料:学校要建(build)一个 art building。

听力材料:女生态度,同意(agree, for...)。

理由一:可以容纳(accommodate)更多学生,女生举例去年就因为空间小选课没有选上。

理由二:可以有更大的 screen , 这样看老师 show pictures and sculptures 可以更清晰(clearer)。

按照以上主线将听力材料组织完全即可。

2013.12.21ML/2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

口语三,阅读里面说学生建议取消读诗会,因为很少有人参加,而且可以从图书馆借 CD 来听。听力里女生不同意,因为现在读诗会只会在网站上发通知,如果他们能在教室、图书馆和学生中心还有报纸这些其他形式上也加以通知,肯定会有更多人来。而且参加读诗会和听 CD 感觉不同,可以 make eye contact,use body language,和其他人分享这种经历。

2013.3.3ML/2012.10.19NA

school need the students who study politician science to read the newspaper and new newpaper room will set in the library.the man like the idea, he think read the newapaper can give him a chance to know a lot of thing about the topic of research paper,可以有效的帮助学生去理解一些大事情,还有,news room good 因为同学能更好的学习,多门天真的孩子啊

2008.5.10ML

口语三:学校报纸出来一则新的 policy,要求学生把 belongings 搬到一个什么 store space 的地方.每个人分 3 个箱子.然后是男女生见面讨论.

那个女生说 1)她这不公平,可以开车把东西弄回家去,但是她的 roommate 就难办了. 2)没有必要 worry 地盘不够用,好象是说的 dorm 可以放吧

2014.9.27NA

Task3:

reading: university theter is planning to prohibit eating food in the stadium reason1: eating is a distraction to other members in the show, and avoid eating increase the experience—reason 2: students do not bring the waste out of the stadium-forget to dispose. listening: the woman agree with th notice reason1: noise, someone eats popcorn and distracts her. reason2: dirty, someone leaves the popcorn box in the stadium.

2011.3.19NA/2012.12.2ML/2013.3.19NA

Task3:

【学校通知】: announcement 学校计划要搞 library expansion:把图书馆旁边的 student center 改造成 new library,从而 increase library space。好处 1、有更多的空间摆放更多书 shelves、存放更多媒体 materials。好处 2、摆放更多桌椅,让学生有更多地方自习。

【学生态度】: 男生反对。理由 1、学校应该用 technology 手段而非扩建图书馆以节省 space, 比如将资料扫描成 electronic copy 储存到电脑里可以节省空间。理由 2、同学们爱去 student center 自习,不爱去图书馆。学校减小学生中心只能导致学生自习空间更少。

版本二

听力材料讲,男学生不同意,1 说学生可以在 student center 学习即使扩建还是满屋子书架,学习空间大不了哪去。

第三题:阅读说学校图书馆要给更多的 space 吧。 然后听力反对,说更多 space 不好,2点理由,第一说图书馆可以用电子化书籍,用电脑,电脑比 shelf 占的地方小多了。第二貌似是说有个 student center 还是哪里,中间有个 xx,有很大的 space,可以在那里放些桌子,这样同学们可以到那里去学习,这样图书馆就有更多地方放 shelf

2013.12.14NA

口语三:给大学新生建议周末去野营,并且学校提供道具和方案,女的不同意,理由1第一年应该在学校校园环境理由2装备很贵,一年只用一次,性价比不高。

2011.3.26ML

【学生困难】:

很多人想报 short story course, 因此要交一篇 short story, 教授觉得合适的人录取, 但女生擅长的是写 poem。

【解决方案】: DF-CN

第一个方案:按要求写 short story,但是女生从没读过,也没时间(要考试),要写也只能草草写;

第二个方案:该女生擅长写诗,交一篇以前写的诗歌,但怕老师直接拒绝了。

【问题】:

Briefly summarize the problem and two possible solutions. Then state which solution you recommend and explain why.

2014.11.29ML

3. Library to offer reference materials online only

Reading: The library decides no longer keep paper copies because run out of space on shelves.

Conversation: 男表示都在线查资料太棒了。因为男在图书馆工作,深有体会。书记资料太多,整理很麻烦,学生检索起来也不是很方便。女表示没有意识到会有这么大的问题。男的反问女的你上次什么时候去的图书馆查资料还记得吗,表明去图书馆查阅纸质资料的人其实也不是很多。女的同意,表示反正宿舍也有电脑,查阅起来也很方便。

QUESTION: Please express his opinion, state his opinion and explain his reason for holding his ideas.

2012.12.1NA

 $\square 3$

阅读材料是学校通知下学期将开设 interview skill workshop ,会请外面的职业人士来学校模拟 interview , 帮学生更好的准备以后找工作。

对话里两个人都很喜欢这个 program, 因为 1, 附近的其他学校都没有开设这个 program, 所以他们会变得 competitive; 2,除了能教你 skill, meeting and chatting with 这些不同行业的人能够 build up connections。

2011.10.14NA

3

阅读:一个校报 letter 说一个学生提意见说图书馆家具 沙发太烂要求换新的,理由是大家经常去图书馆学习希望 more relaxing 更舒适

听:女生反对,说太 relaxing 反而不利于学习,因为太舒服了很容易就没心思学习了,光休息了。她建议说换家具不如多装一些电门,因为学生都是带 laptop去的,经常不够用。这个更 necessary

2013.12.28ML

口语三,学校调整住宿政策,大一只和大一住,因为大一新生之间要多了解交流,并且学校提供不混住的宿舍会吸引到更多学生。对话中女生觉得这样很没必要,因为:1新生已经有很多机会相互了解了,比如活动什么的,而且他们很多课都一起上;2很多学生喜欢混住的宿舍,包括包括她就是被这种 mixed type 吸引的,因为前辈可以给他们经验和建议。

2010.3.20NA

3

阅读:a letter about humanistic study lounge



听力: 男的说真不错,这样就不用浪费时间了,不用跑多个地方去上课了,来去各 10 分钟,课间 30 分钟,如果有了这个,就可以在一个地方不用跑了。另外,有的课很难,有助于学生们交流提供一个场所,比如 Hamlet 很难,找不到同学讨论,如果有 lounge 就不一样了,可以在一起讨论解决。

2009.11.14ML/2008.3.29NA

口语三:学校计划不再免费提供打印材料,并限定每个学生每个月只能打印 100 张。理由 1、浪费纸张太多。理由 2、打印机经常卡纸。

女生不同意:一,研究论文过程中打印的纸张不能算作浪费;打印机卡纸是因为机器本身太旧。

2014.7.26NA

3.university should sponsor organized a bus trips for 1st years tudents. 1. 1st year students don't have a car, 2. senors can be more familiar with the city.

The woman thinks it is a good idea. First, the city is far from campus, and no public transportation available. Second, because there is no bus, she did not know the time and place for music concerts.

2014.2.28NA

S3

阅读里说学校决定取消夏天的早餐服务,因为吃饭的学生不多,而且想吃的人也可以到附近的咖啡厅吃早餐。听力里女生不同意,因为很多学生夏天也会在校上课,需要早餐提供体力,另外去其他咖啡厅吃早餐价格太贵。

2014.4.5NA

S3

Reading: Proposal of selling snack and drinks in the campus bookstore.

Reasons: 1. It provides students with food and drinks when they are finding books to read. 2. Students may get hungry during class breaks.

Listening: Disapproval 1. Students may spill drinks on books and ruin them. Some books are expensive. 2. There is already a convenience store in campus close to the building where classes are held. Students are unlikely to go to the other side of the campus to buy food from the book store.

2014.4.12NA

口语三:

版本一:文中说下学期开始,学生将不被允许在学生活动中心外面的墙上张贴海报,因为海报使建筑难看,海报可以贴在餐厅的海报栏里。女生不认同,她说如果不给贴,那个建筑就会变的很 boring,就是光秃秃的水泥墙,海报使建筑看上去有艺术感,使它具有性格和个性,海报常常变化,也使得建筑不那么沉闷。关于海报贴在餐厅外,女孩说不是所有人都在餐厅吃饭,课后有的人吃点零食,有的在外面吃从家带来的饭,这样的话,他们就看不到贴在餐厅外的海报,可能会错过很多

版本二:

[Proposal]

The university prohibits students riding bicycles on campus next semester.

(Reasons)

- 1. There are some minor accidents. The university will reduce the accidents ca used by riding bicycles.
- 2. Students can take free campus buses. So it will not affect students much. Lis tening .e girl disagrees.

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[Reasons]

- 1. The accidents took place at night because of low visibility.
- 2. Free buses are not convenient. Buses are only available once an hour and waiting for

buses is a waste of time.

2014.5.23NA

口语三:学校报社计划推出一个 pro-peering? project,即,在学生提交 Paper前,报社人员帮助同学修改,有利于 balabala

女生觉得不好,1)报社人员也是学生,不一定给出什么好建议。

2)即使好建议, 也不利于学生的长远发展, 还是培养独立意识比较好。

2014.6.28NA

Task3:

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图书馆 furniture 旧了,换新的,原因一:舒服二:吸引更多人来图书馆。

女生不同意:沙发软容易困,不集中精力;现在人少是因为很多人用电脑,但是电源插头不够。

2014.8.30NA

TASK3

3.Letter: 学校应该让大家在注册了课程之后立马能够拿到课程的书单,这样能够有两个好处。第一,给学生足够的时间去找到价格低廉的教科书。第二,给学生足够的时间开始为这门课做准备。

To make the book list available to students immediately after the registration

- 1) Give students time to search for low price textbooks
- 2)Let them have time start preparing for the course

Conversation: 男生完全同意信的内容

- 1)学校书店新书太贵,二手书很便宜,但是数量少,而且卖的非常快。这样之后可以有足够的时间去不同地方找便宜的二手书
- 2)开学了之后会很忙碌,有很多的 reading 要做。而开学之前就比较闲,有很多的空闲时间,可以利用起来阅读。

2014.9.6NA

TASK3

3.图书馆规定加一个人 proposal: against the libraries' regulation that students shouldn't use cell phones in the library and students should turn off their cell phone before entering. Two reasons: students are considerate enough to keep their voices low when answering calls just like they do when talking to other people in the library; they occasionally have important calls, so they need to keep the cell phone turned on in order not to miss them.

一个男生和女生讨论,女生的观点是这个 proposal 很挫,因为:1. If students answer calls, they have to whisper, but the other side 听不清楚, so they have to raise their voices up, thus distracting other students; 2. 如果他们有重要的电话,可以 check outside the library from time to time. (再次重复一遍这个意思)

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2014.9.27NA

3,校园里建 museum. 男生不同意。—是 downtown 有周末还免费 二是都建图 书馆和学生中心,没钱建博物馆。

2014. 2014.10.17NA

Task3;

一个女生和一个男生对话,女生说 a few students' art works were chosen 在一个 art exhibit 上展出;男生 sounds great, so you are one of them;女生说是的,但是问题来了,她的那幅画太大,is a 3-meter canvas,会超出展览方给的 limited exhibiting space.男生说真的吗?女生说,对的,他们不愿意给我更大的 space, because that will be unfair for other students. 接着说,但我可以把我的一副 older painting 拿去展出(one suggestion),which is smaller.男生说可以啊;女生说,但是那幅画是我以前画的,而我的 technique has improved a lot since then,所以那幅画不能体现我的真实水平;男生说,那要不你 draw a new one by the next week(第二个 suggestion);女生说其实也可以,但是我最近很 busy,有 a couple of exams coming.

2014.11.8NA 3

A letter from a student to campus newspaper: Graduation speakers should be business leaders: 1. business leaders are excellent role models. They are successful and influential, earn high wages; 2. Inviting business leaders to speak will be beneficial to the school's largest and best business program.因此 更多人会知道。By Ryan Brown

Listening: 男生说你看到 ryan 给学校写的那封信了吗?女孩说看到了,我觉得其实这样不好,因为 people from other professions can also be successful and influential ;男生说意思是要增加 variety 吗?女生说对,比如可以邀请 teachers,很多 teacher 也会对学生产生深远的影响;男生问,那他说的可以 benefit 我们学校的 business program 这一点呢?女生说:其实这个 business program is successful and famous enough, so it doesn't deserve extra free advertising. 相反,如果邀请教师,会对我们学校的 education program 产生良好影响

2014.11.29NA

3. Library to offer reference materials online only

Reading: The library decides no longer keep paper copies because run out of space on shelves.

Conversation: 男表示都在线查资料太棒了。因为男在图书馆工作,深有体会。书记资料太多,整理很麻烦,学生检索起来也不是很方便。女表示没有意识到会有这么大的问题。男的反问女的你上次什么时候去的图书馆查资料还记得吗,表明去图书馆查阅纸质资料的人其实也不是很多。女的同意,表示反正宿舍也有电脑,查阅起来也很方便。

QUESTION: Please express his opinion, state his opinion and explain his reason for holding his ideas.

2014.12.19NA

3. Reading part: Nowadays university news station hire students from different majors to write articles for the newspaper, while in the future, the news station should only hire journalism students to write. In this way, they can keep students who are really interested in news, and can have more articles completed.

Listening part: Disagree

- 1) Students in other major may also be interested in writing news piece, so the university should also encourage those students to write for newspaper. Take him for example, he's now majored in history but he wants to enter news industry in the future.
- 2) Extra articles don't help. There's no point to have too much articles coming

in, because the station may not have the resource and time to deal with so many articles. The process of preparing an article is complicated, which includes the efforts of both the editors and writers. The writers write first and hand in to editors for reviewing, and then back to the writers to edit, and then back to the editors for final editing.

2013.6.8NA

 \square 3

Reading:

学生写信,学校咖啡厅提供 beverages and cookies 很好,但建议增加两项:

一些如 sandwiches 这样难吃的食物 more light music

Listening:

The woman agrees with the proposal,具体两点进行支持:

the cookies don't really help much when she's hungry, 所以的确要有一些其他吃的 the music there is too noisy now, she has to go back to her dorm to read ® instead of reading there

2013.11.22NA

口语三:

Reading: he lounge in the dorm should be changed into study room. Reason 1:People can go there to study.

Reason 2:The study room should be equipped with computers.

Listening: he man agrees.

Reason 1:It's too noisy in the lounge because people watch TV there, and the dorm rooms can be noisy too because the roommate is always on the phone or listening to music, and they have nowhere to study.

Reason 2: Computers make it so much more convenient to study, because not everyone has a computer, sometimes they have to go to the library to use the computers there and the library is closed when it's too late.

2013.12.20NA

口语三:学校报纸上有个建议将在校生和 alumni 联系,讨论 career 和 activities, 女学生对话里说,她认为学生现在很忙,没有时间拜访,而且学生已经有学校家 长给他们建议了,太多的建议只会更加 confusing

2011.6.25ML

3

newspaper 上有人写信说建议在宿舍增加厨房和冰箱等设备,让学生在宿舍做饭。男生同意,说 GREAT IDEA,然后说可以食堂可供选择的总是不想吃的,还可以几个人一个组做饭,learn from each other 之类的. 那个男生最后还说了一点 paragraph 以外的理由,即 after graduation students will need to live alone and cook their own food anyway. 因此在学校就开厨房做饭可以 learn some practical life skills。

2015.1.11ML

The letter proposes the school should open classes outside the classroom because good scenery will make the students focus and avoid boredom and the school has installed some benches and seats outside.

The student disagrees with the proposal.

First, there are too many distractions outside. Students will be distracted when friends are passing through.

Second, there aren't enough seats available, it's inconvenient for students to take notes if they have to stand there.

2011.2.12ML / 2009.10.10ML

阅读:教授要求学生在上讨论课程前发 email 给她。

The email from a professor says that require students submit her two questions about the reading material one day ahead on class discussion.

听力:男学生认为很好,1)说可以节省时间,并举例上上次讨论花费太长时间。 2)预习课程不仅有利于讨论,并对课程结束时的 paper 有很有好处,提供很多好 idea 和 topic.

There are two beneficial. First, it can to promote students finish reading assignment better. Second, it can add class discussion to aim at students' interests. The man agrees with the professor's requirement about the

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http://toefl.xdf.cn/

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discussion for two reasons. Firstly, he thinks it is good for the discussion part because it would save time. Last time, it took him a long time to finish discussion. Second, it is useful for their finals. Because students have interesting ideas ready and they are easy to write paper.

Question: Explain the man's opinion and why she holds that opinion.

2011.5.28NA

版本一:【主题】A letter to a university, Witten by a girl .Seats are planning to be built outside (on the lawn).

【1观点】男反对:

【2 理由】【1】.Another dining room is closed.lt will be better if that dining room is open, and students can use both.

【2】. Some people will play soccer on the lawn ,and they will hit some people. 版本二:【主题】在食堂附近的草地上设些桌椅

【理由】【1】.食堂太挤,【2】.可以享受好天气

【1观点】男的不认为这是个好主意。

【2 理由】【1】.还有食堂其它的 halls 可以用,只要学生们不要只集中在一个 hall 里用餐就可以解决这个拥挤的问题了。【2】.好像是室外草地可以用于运用

2013.1.18NA

3 Reading:大学准备关闭学生的 art gallery。

Listening: 男生反对该决议:1. 该大学艺术系学生多,作品来源不成问题。2. 学校的宣传做得不好,经常是展览结束后了,才有介绍文章出来,大家都不知道有展览。

附录原文:

W: Did you read the school newspaper? The art galley will be closed in a few days.

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M: Hum, I knew the decision. You know what? I am going to write an e-mail to Dean to complain about this plan.

W: So, what are you complaining about? It looks they have done nothing wrong about it. You know, not too many art majors take the advantage of the gallery and display their works there.

M: Ah, that is true, obviously. But...but they see only part of the truth.

W: What do you mean?'

M: Well, let me put it this way. The reason that many majors don't display their works in the gallery is that they take the chance of exhibiting in the gallery very seriously. So they always wait until everything is perfect before sending their works to the exhibition.

W: Aha, I didn't know it before. But how would you explain that only very few students come to the gallery even during the period of exhibition?

2013.1.26NA

3

学生写信限制诗歌课的人员数量,控制在 15 左右,以让学生能够更多 get feedback from professor,控制的方式可通过选 TOP15 的学生,被选出的学生一般都是对课程 serious

2013.4.6NA

3

announcement: Ice-skating rink will be converted into student house holding. 理由: 1, not enough space to hold all the students in campus 所以要改建滑冰场给新生做宿舍 2, 那座 building is convenience, near town.

conversation: the man disagrees with the change.

理由: 1, 很多学生都喜欢去那里滑冰, 是一个有趣的场所, 企鹅附近没有那样的场地了。

2, 学生住的地方应该里教室图书馆等地近才好,如果有学生住到改建的那里要来回折腾,浪费时间。

2013.5.17NA

口語三:: 学校组织 meeting 邀请教职员工和学生参加以了解学校发展,在主会场和俩分会场举行;分会场人不能提问。女生反对,认为可以把报告放到学校网站,一来所有人都能了解全部内容,如果 meeting 的话不是所有人都能参加;二来可以发邮件提问演讲者解答疑惑,meeting的话分会场人不能提问

2013.7.13NA

3

阅读,两种方法提高读者数量,降价和送货上门。 听力, 女学生不同意, 1 价格已经很便宜了 50 分,价格没什么影响。2 没有那么多工作人员,没有人力和车

2013.11.9NA

口语三:【学生倡议】:有一个学生在校报上发表了一个 proposal, 建议学校设立 student committee 审查给每个社团的预算,因为:1. 学生更了解学生组织;2. 能够锻炼学生的领导力。

【学生态度】: 男生反对:

- 1. not objective and not fair, 学生会给朋友或自己的社团更多钱;
- 2. 大多数学生没兴趣,而且都很 busy,没人愿意 volunteer 他们的时间在这个 committee 上。

2013.12.6NA

山语二:

reading: proposal:the student suggests to cancel the school news annoucement.

reason1: Not helpful ,because it is provided at the very beginning of the semester,most students would forget the news later.

reason2: Not necessary, because the news have already been posted on websites.

listnensing:the woman disagrees

reason1: It is useful sometimes. For example, she bought cheap books in the book fair because she saw the news, it helped her save a lot of money.

reason2: It is not realistic to hope that students would check websites often. They have other things to do, for instance classes and on-campus events.

2014.1.25NA

 $\square 3$

阅读: campus gym 要关闭一个月改善更衣室和淋浴间。在这期间市中心的 gym 对学生免费开放。学校认为这很 convenient

听力:女生觉得没必要整个gym都关闭,可以到寝室换衣服洗澡。觉得也不convenient因为走去市中心要半个小时,锻炼完走回来会很累

2014.6.21ML

TASK3

R: There is a proposal that the theater assistants should be paid and trained.

L: The man holds a positive attitude towards it.

- 1) Firstly, he says that most assistants have their main job. For example, one of his friends gave up the rehearsal because it conflicts with his boss's job.
- 2) Furthermore, he says the training will help the assistants work better. Some professional staffs teach the assistant how to use the equipments will also improve the quality of the play

2011.10.16ML/2010.9.25NA

口语三:

阅读:学校打算在寝室加装电脑 with Internet。有人在等的时候,每个人限用 10 分钟。

听力:一个女生赞同。因为:一,这样她有时候忘记查邮件或者要出去但是忘记路线了,查起来就方便了,不用 go all the way down back to her room。因为她住四楼。二,有些人总是坐在电脑面前发信息,而有些同学是急着用电脑写 paper的。

2010.9.26ML

3

大学计划 close down 洗照片的暗室 the photography darkroom。理由有二:理由 1、现在,many students use their own digtal cameras,所以很少有人会到 darkroom 去冲洗照片。理由 2、学校的 money is scarce,学校应该用 the saved money improve academic programs,而非把钱浪费在 photographing 这种 minor hobby 上面。女生反对。理由 1:还是有很多人使用 both traditional cameras and digital cameras。handle ordinary pictures,用数码相机。 prefessional 摄影师需要用 traditional cameras 去 capture 照片 background details。而这是用 digital camera 很难做到的。所以,darkroom 有用,不能关。理由 2、女生认为 photographing is not merely a hobby,更是一项 special skill,可以 help students find jobs in the future。例如她一个学姐就是靠 photographing skills found a job as a professional photographer。

2010.1.31ML

3

阅读:【大学通知】:美国大学要求参加西班牙Spain留学交换项目的美国学生到西班牙以后住校live on campus。好处1、住宿费便宜cheap。好处2、可以和native Spanish speaker住在一起,有利于学习西班牙语learn language (Spanish)和西班牙文化。

听力:【学生议论】: 女生反对此计划。理由1、其实学生在校园周边也能找到便宜的房子。她举了她sister home stay的例子。她已经找到一个本地家庭local family愿意租,房租相当便宜。理由2、和美国学生住在一起,大家都说英语,没法学习improve西班牙语言和文化。所以要搬出去住,只是不要说英语。

Question: Explain the woman's opinion towards the school announcement and why she holds that opinion.

2012.7.15ML

Task 3

increasing attendance on student art show。给学生发邮件通知,时间改在学期中而非学期末。女生同意,1.作为艺术系的学生,很需要看这种照片,现在用邮

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件通知,知道的人多了,去的人就多了。2.期末事太多,大伙儿都呆在屋里或者 图书馆,如果改在其中,大家就有时间去了。

2013.12.21ML/2011.1.22ML

北京新东方

阅读里面说学生建议取消读诗会,因为很少有人参加,而且可以从图书馆借CD来听。听力里女生不同意,因为现在读诗会只会在网站上发通知,如果他们能在教室、图书馆和学生中心还有报纸这些其他形式上也加以通知,肯定会有更多人来。而且参加读诗会和听CD感觉不同,可以make eye contact, use body language,和其他人分享这种经历。

2014.1.12ML/2010.10.22NA

阅读:学校要建一个 new art museum,因为:别的很多学校都有,然后可以提高学生鉴赏力

听力:男生不同意。1、说 downtown 也有 museum,好像还有个大师在那里有展览,学生 Monday free;2、这是个 expensive project,学校不舍得花钱啦~

2012.7.14ML

女生遇到困难:她想上 Professor Cline 的 creative writing class,但是她上课后发现班里人太多,太 crowd,无法更好地和教授同学互动。共有两种解决方法: 1、上另一个教授的写作课。但女生说她不知道另一个教授会不会和 Professor Cline 一样好。 2、上下个学期同一个老师的课。下学期的课在早上,人应该会少,但是女生说她想现在就得到 feedback。

2013.10.12ML

Reading Material

TOPIC

学校打算给不住在学校坐车上下课的学生也建立一个 lounge, 里面有 bulletin board 可以贴 posting

Listening Material

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Attitude woman agrees

Reason 1

学校 dorm 有 lounge , 是很重要的 social 和 relax 地点 , 坐车的学生也很辛苦也

很需要

Reason 2

posting 可以提供信息学生们一起搭车省钱

2008.10.25NA/2010.7.24ML

Task3:

学校改变了一个学期一次的 art 什么东西变成一学期两次,还加上要 paper.男生 反对 (the man is against this for the following reasons),有两点不喜欢被强迫 (don't feel like being pressed to do something),没有时间。

2014.10.11NA

Task3:

3.Proposal: Library should install storage lockers. The lockers can help students to keep the books so that they don't have to take the books from library to their dorms. The library can pay for the lockers by charging fees from students.

Conversation: The man thinks it's a bad idea.

1)It is very likely that people will lock books in their lockers without checking them out, and no one will know. They can keep the books as long as they want. Like, if a student locks 20 books in his locker, no one will know where those books are.

2)Students like himself don't have extra money to pay for the fees. They already have many fees need to be paid. If only a few students are willing to pay and only these people can take advantage of this plan, the university should not carry out it.

Shortly summarize the proposal and state the student's opinion of this proposal.

口语第四题

2013.5.26ML Task 4 北京新东方

Term: Impact Bias

Definition: people have inaccurate expectations of the impact certain event will have on them. Both the intensity and how long it would last

Lecture:

The professors daughter wanted to apply to this University because her best friends are applying and the University's got a great educational program. She thought he life will be ruined if she didn't get it. It turns out she wasn't accepted. She got very upset about it. But she was busy taking care of her high school graduation and planning her summer vacation. Pretty soon she forgot about her misfortune of being rejected by the school, and move on with her life.

2014.7.26NA

4. commitment device

the professor wanted to run a 10 kilometer race, and planned to get up very early in the morning. But he often went back to sleep after getting up. Then he has a friend who ran with him together so that he was able to run every early in the morning.

2014.2.28NA

S4 阅读讲 Nomadic phase 指动物的迁徙,主要因为一些生活危机,例如食物枯竭或其他灾难。听力举例蚁群居住在地下,但当新蚁出生后他们就会迁徙,以满足对新生蚂蚁的食物源头。

2012.2.18NA / 2011.11.26ML/2009.9.11NA

S4

讲的是货币的形式,说的是 1,货币是 coin and paper bonds. 例子是如果你坐出租车,你付给 driver 的是钱.

还有一种方式是以物易物,说一个农夫坐出租车,他可以给司机他的农产品,如果司机同意了,那这个时候农产品就是钱.

新东方托福考试网

但是, 政府规定了我们现在使用第一种方式.

2012.12.8ML/2010.9.24NA

Task4:

JC克斯牙万

promotion risk, 听力举的例子是一个 software designer 因为工作很好,就升职做了 supervisor of xxx department,但是这个人很擅长设计软件,但是不擅长管理,不能在 deadline 之前完成工作,不能 motivate 其他员工,但是又不能给他降职,会让他很没面子,因而公司要承担给他升职的风险。

解析:

阅读材料:中心词是 promotion risk,记录下该术语的 definition 或者

explanation

听力材料:教授举例。

答题:按照阅读笔记复述术语概念,按照听力笔记将该例子复述即可。注意

promotion risk 与例子之间的联系。



2013.4.27NA

口4是讲一个概念,忘记了这个概念是什么,但是意思是老师对一个学生的印象往往来自于别的老师的评价和别的学生的印象,但是这样的印象往往是不准确的。音频提供的例子是教授交六年级学生的时候有一个同学特别安静。教授布置了一个任务,以为这个学生太安静了而不能完成。。但是最后是这个学生做的最好。

2011.12.18ML

口 4.讲 distraction display 动物们会把 predator 吸引走 ,来保护自己的幼仔。for example,什么 Mourning dove(读音是这样) Mourning doves build their nests on the ground, so they are more exposed and vulnerable to large predators. 像狐狸。如果 adult dove 看到狐狸就会立马做出反应,它会飞开自己的巢,装作自己的wing是 broken 的,让狐狸以为自己是一个 easy victim.其实不是。adult dove 把狐狸吸引到很远的地方后,自己再突然逃脱,它 Nest 里的 Young dove 就安全了(貌似这个 distraction display 在 TPO 的听力里出现过。)

2009.9.19NA

口语四:

- 一个说学校要建个图书馆 但是会覆盖了原有用来 hang out 的地方
- 一个女生是一个组织的代表 想申请一个 event 去表示他们组织的反对
- *问到为什么 Dean 要问她组织里有多少人

因为要确定他们是否有足够影响力

- *问杂志上什么写错了: 其实这件事还没定下来
- *那个女的应该做 research 然后去参加会议 直接跟领导人讲

 $2008.9.28ML/2007.8.17\overline{ML}$

S4

阅读:文章介绍一种艺术作品,并且给出了定义,然后介绍了2种类型

听力:讲座介绍分别举例子介绍这两种类型:第一种好像介绍了一个浴缸,艺术家在其外面 cover rubber, make it yellow,参观者觉得很漂亮,没有想到这种平常的东西会如此soft, smooth;第二种好像说的是撑衣架,是 factory manufactured,没有经过任何 modification, just stay as it usually looks like. 同样让人们惊叹好



2010.1.30NA

 \Box 4

business class 讲 lateral view (侧面观点).就是从一个新的观点来看问题.

对话里的教授举了一个例子:一个经营宾馆的人老遭到顾客抱怨说等电梯时间太长.然后经理先去找了电梯生产商,发现解决问题成本太高.然后他的员工给他提意见说可以在电梯前装个电视,顾客就不觉得无聊了.问题让你用这个例子来说明 lateral view.

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2008.5.10ML

lecture:以手表为例,人们以前把它认为是一种昂贵而严肃的珠宝产品,做工精细,用于看时间,可以保存很长时间。但一个公司创造性地把它定位在流行时尚和有趣的产品上,它由塑料制造而不再是金属,也不贵了。

2013.3.3ML/2012.10.19NA

 \Box 4

讲 joint verture 一个公司和一个公司合作创立第三个公司,平分利润。听力老师用个一个 tv 公司想要 build 一个网站 post the news 但是他们没有高人帮他们弄网站,就找了一帮高人有着很强电脑技能,to design and maintain the website. they will provide the news. the profit made by third company is adversitment in the website, they 平分利润。

2013.12.14NA

口语四: permeable group 的概念,意即相比于一些封闭的动物种群,有一些动物种群的 group 愿意接纳外界的个体加入 group 一起生活,相互交流一些经验。Lecture 中, professor 举了 female chimpanzee 的例子, chimpanzee 到了十岁的时候就会离开家庭,独自寻找一个 group 生活。而新的 group 也很乐意接纳她,因为她会带来一些新的知识。比如说在捕食上,由于她从另一个地方来,她在捕食 ant 的时候采取一种借助 stick 的方式,即让 ant 都从 stick 的一端爬上,然后她再在另一端等着吃掉它们。这个 group 里的其他成员会看着她完成这一切,记录下来并应用到以后的生活中。

2013.12.21ML/2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

口语四,阅读讲 Test Marketing 用来测试潜在客户对一个产品的反应,帮助公司对产品的问题进行修改,听力里举了电影公司的例子。比如他们做一个动画片给小孩看,但他们没有经验,所以就找来一些小孩看这部片子并且问他们最喜欢的角色,小孩都说喜欢里面的狗,于是公司以此为判断,把狗作为了动画片的主角,然后大获成功。

2011.3.19NA/2012.12.2ML /2013.3.19NA Task4:

【名词解释】: friend affiliation (群体归属) refers to the people's desire to be a member of a certain group。广告商 make advisement by using people's affiliation 有两种方法:一是利用其 positive effect,通过宣扬广告产品可以增加 affiliation,在朋友之间寻求認同。二是利用其 negative 方法,如果用别的 brand 产品就会失去 affiliation。

【教授举例】: 为一个软饮料公司策划一个 ad campaign,可有两种方案:第一种方案:在一个 happy party 里, everybody 都 drink the same kind of 新 brand 的 soda,都很 happy。The soda becomes a very important thing in this situation。第二种方案: some young people are watching a football game in a stadium,突然 one of them drink a wrong brand of soda,then all the people become quite and 用奇怪的眼神 look at him,and leave him alone,even his best friend left him。Then he realized he made a big mistake to drink the wrong kind soda。这是从 negative 入手让观众喜欢这个牌子的 soda。问教授是怎么说明 reading passage 中的观点的。

2014.9.13NA

4

biological monitor(这个我当时有点蒙圈,说到一半才突然弄明白了 TAT)

用来 check health of environment

听力是一个机场每天有飞机,用蜜蜂的蜂蜜产量来判断环境好不好,结果发现蜂蜜产量没有变化,所以环境是好的

2013.9.28NA

Task4:



阅读话题是 biological mimicry,即科学家通过观察动植物的生活习惯和生活方式获得灵感,把其中的一些值得借鉴的方式应用到人类生活中。听力里 professor谈论的是一种叫 lily pad 的宽大扁平的植物(睡莲叶),一般漂浮在水面上,根茎在水中,科学家们由此发明了 solar lily pads,一种太阳能装置,扁平的太阳能 panel 漂浮在水中,而发电装置放置在水中,可以大面积吸收太阳能然后快速

转换成电能,为人类生产生活服务。

2011.3.26ML

【讲课要点】:

北京新东方

古人要使火不灭,需要学习两方面的知识。1、technological skill:燃烧的木头可能是因为闪电引起的。一开始人不知道,后来他们发现木头其实是一种 fuel,如果往火里不停加木头,火就能一直烧下去。2、social skill:大家如果都睡觉的话,火就会灭掉,学会轮班加木头,火就能一直烧下去。

The lecture is about early human how to keep fire burning. Two ways one is find the fuel first such as tree woods. Second is social work such as cooperation, because they have to take turns to look after the fire to keep it burning all the time

2012.12.1NA

 \Box 4

阅读: — business class 介绍了 fast following 这个 concept, which means 一些公司不愿意 be the first to try new products, 于是如果别的公司推出了 innovative 的 new product, 他们会快速效仿。

听力:例子是一 video game company 颠覆传统,用感应人的动作的 movement sensor 代替 controller (不就是 wii 吗。...。),市场反应很好。于是另外一家公司马上效仿这个做法,而且还 improve 了他们的 graphic quality,所以市场上人们都灰常 like it and buy it。

2014.4.5NA

S4

Reading: Compound Nesting (biology) two species live together, which are different enough not to compete for food.

Listening: example of Ants in Africa. The bigger ant collects food, and the smaller one eats the left over scrambles. For the smaller one, it doesn't need to search for food. For the bigger one, the smaller one makes the nest clean by eating the left over food, which prevents bacteria.

2014.4.12NA

口语四:

版本一:说的是 animal coloration,说是动物会具有一种独特的颜色,这种颜色会警告它的捕食者,如果被侵犯,它就会攻击,吃过苦头的攻击者下次见到这种颜色的动物就会避而远之。教授说了一个例子,skunk 臭 鼬是一种全身黑的动物,只有一缕白毛从头部延伸到尾巴,它被攻击时会竖起毛,尾巴上的腺体喷出十分难闻的气体。比如说一只狼接近它,它就会把这种难闻的液 体喷狼一身,由于这种液体十分的恶心难闻,狼就记住了这种动物的颜色特征,下次这只狼再看到全身黑,背上有从头到尾巴的白毛的动物就会远远的避开。

版本二:

Test costumers, are people who are hired by employers to evaluate the employees'

performance during work. They pretend to be normal customers.

[Examples]

A restaurant manager wanted to observe how well the waitress and waiter did. She watched in person, but it was successful, because people who were observed behaved better than usual. So, she hired a man who pretended to be a normal customer in the restaurant, and ask employees questions, then the man gave the manager a feedback about employees behavior, for example, whether she is friendly and polite.

2014.5.23NA

口语四: Behavior scaling, 动物总会根据不同环境展现出不同行为。T 动物, baby T,有的生长在食物丰富的地方-----not social, alone

食物不足的地方-----social and work

2014.6.28NA

Task4:

教授给儿子买积木儿子第一次玩 stack a tower 积木 fell down he call his father for help.儿子 play the blocks everyday and everytime his blocks fall down he'll call his father.the professor 故意 stay longer day by day than before...儿子在等他爸的时间里学会自己搭积

2014.8.30NA

TASK4

新东方托福考试网

http://toefl.xdf.cn/

4.讲的是 procedural memory

文章: procedural 记忆和普通的记忆不一样(比如记住名字啥的),它是一种时间中根据步骤 step by step 而记下来的。是能够自动 automatically 执行的记忆(act automatically if frequently practiced).

讲座: 男教授用自己学和弹吉他的经验来说明这个 procedural memory

他开始学吉他的时候,从如何 hold 住琴,如何 place fingers 开始到练习弹奏歌曲。每次回去之后都会练习很久,一段时间之后,他可以拿起琴就知道如何放手指,轻松的弹奏歌曲。但是有段时间有事儿,没有空练习(貌似是好几年)。当他再有机会拿起琴的时候,他以为自己忘了如何弹奏。可是当他拿起琴之后,他就知道怎样放手指,并且弹奏歌曲了。

2014.9.6NA

TASK4

4.Reading: convergent revolution-two different locations but pose similar challenges, thus unrelated species develop similar physical features.

Lecture: aardvark in Africa and echidna in Australia. They eat the same insects as their main food. The insects' nest are of hard crust, so predator 很难吃到这种昆虫,因此 these two animals have the same long, sticky tongue in order to capture the insects.在昆虫的巢穴上凿洞,把舌头伸进去吃……

2014.9.27NA

4,广告对环境的负面影响。

2014.10.17NA

Task4;

Reading:

Professor evaluation

这个 student 写了个 letter 给校方希望能改变 professor evaluation, which is carried out at the end of every class,的方式。之前的 evaluate 之后都是教授自己看,不具有公开性;所以学生 propose to put the evaluations online. 有两个好处: 1. Professors will get more motivated to improve his teaching skills if he knows that the evaluations will go public. 2. 学生也可以通过这些评估做出more informed decision as to which course to take.

Listening:

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http://toefl.xdf.cn/

男生女生对话, 男生说, 哎挺好的啊。女生说, 我觉得一点都不好。教授肯定 feel not happy about his course being publicly criticized, 他不会 take it seriously 而这些 evaluation 也不会 influence 他的 Teaching skill。男生说, 但至少学生们表达的自己的观点啊。女生说:这就是问题所在。The evaluations are usually 在 the end of the last class 举行, 很多学生都 in a hurry to leave, 所以不会 take the evaluation seriously, 也不会提一些 specific 的建议。

2014.11.8NA

4. 女孩说 summer is coming,你都准备好了干什么啊?男生说准备去 professor 的 lab 里面做一个 chemistry research internship,女生说 seems that you are all set。男生说其实没有,还有很多问题。我的这个 internship is unpaid, but I need to earn money.女生说我听说 campus book store 在招人 你可以 work in the lab during weekdays and go to the book store at weekends.男生说 then I cannot relax much.女生说倒也是,或者你可以 ask your professor to see whether you can share then internship with others.你就可以在没有工作的那几天出去赚钱。男生说,对的,我听说以前也出现过几个人 share 这个 position 的情况,the professor was fine with it. 女生赞同,男生说但是那样我就不能 learn as much as I can if I do it for full-time. I cannot follow up with the experiments and results.

2014.11.29NA

4.vertical migration

Reading: we usually associate migration with birds. But other species do migration too. 目的: warm climate and more favorable condition for reproduction.

Lecture: squid. 每天晚上它会在水的表面找东西和活动,会一直到天明。但是白天的时候会回到水的下面,因为上层不安全,阳光容易使得squid很容易捕猎者发现,所以它需要刀深水来躲避。

QUESTION: Use details from the reading and lectures to explain vertical migration and how it benefits the squid.

2014.12.19NA

4. Reading part: Nectar Corridor

Nectar corridor is a distinctive type of migratory corridor comprised of a series of stepping stones placed in a dissimilar matrix. Some of the migratory

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species time their migration to match the flowering and fruiting of various food plants. The flowing plants serve as nectar trials to fuel their flights. In the process of moving from one plant to another, these species are not only feeding, they are also pollinating.

Listening part: A species called Rufous Hummingbird follows the nectar corridor. They migrate each fall to southern Mexico, feeding off flowering plants on their way. In the spring they again follow the nectar trail as they return to Northern California, Washington and the Rocky Mountains and well into southern Alaska. This small bird plays an important role in plant reproduction by moving pollen from plant to plant on its winter grounds, breeding grounds, and any area over which it migrates. From Alaska to Mexico and throughout the western US, the Rufous Hummingbird drinks nectar and pollinates flowers year-round throughout the habitat that it visits annually.

How does the example in the listening part explain the concept of priority effects?

2013.6.8NA

 \Box 4

Reading:

动物之间 cooperation,协同作战抵御捕食者



动物迁徙时,如果一只停下来喝水,其他也会一起停下喝水,再继续一起迁徙,因为 there might be predators like lions on the dry open grass,单独行动很危险。

0

2013.11.22NA

口语四: Definition:Latent demand means that potential customers needs can be identified by the companies thus better meet the needs of the customers.

Examples:People used large steros to listen to music at the beginning,later smaller steros appeared and people started bringing them to ourdoors to listen to music.Some companies sensed this latent demand,and they figured that isn't it great if people could listen to music in public but privately instead of playing it out loud?So they made tiny steros with ear buds,and it was a huge success and there was no competition back then.

2013.12.20NA

口语四: virtue by association 因为某人的背景或是和组织的关系而判定这个人, lecture 里 professor 举了个他投票给一个市长候选人的时候, 仅仅因为他的家庭在当地名声很好,结果这个被选出来的市长并不行

2011.6.25ML

4

阅读:讲AD efficient strategy——modeling(这是题目)当产品 complicated to use 时这个会说得很明白 而且有演示什么的。

lecture:作者自己 experience:儿子要 ice-cream 机, pro 说那玩意太复杂买回来也不会整啊,结果偶然看到 modeling 的 AD 还有演示 (step by step),说这个简单又快捷,于是乎就买了,最后教授承认真的很好用。

IXDF.CN

2015.1.11ML

Population cycle in ecology system: mice and wolf. Wolf is the predator and mice is the prey. There are three steps: 1. When mice are numerous, wolves have enough food. Then the number of mice decreases and the wolves get increased.

2. When the number of mice decreases, the wolves lack of food and then the number of wolves decreases. Later the number of mice increases. 3. It turns back to step one.

2011.5.28NA

版本一【讲座主题】Reading: In the world of animals,一些动物 confronting and fighting

Against predators.

【相关例子】Lecture: A kind of dove always likes to build the nest on the ground.

Lt's easy to hurt .When the fox comes ,one dove always pretends to be hurt, and cannot fly(luring).So the small dove will survive.

版本二:文章 distraction display

讲座:教授举了一个例子某种鸟把窝建得高,很多动物就够不着了,但有一种什么狐狸还可以够得着,会伤它们的鸟宝宝和打破它们的蛋,所以成年鸟就会转移新东方托福考试网 http://toefl.xdf.cn/

这些狐狸的注意力,把它们引到远离它们的窝的地方,当它们达到目的后也逃走从而保护了它们的孩子。这种行为就是文章里说的 distraction display。

2013.1.18NA

4 Reading: 心理学一概念:讲你希望对方成为什么样的人,你就应该按照你希望他(她)成为的那个样子去对待他(她)。

Listening: 一个实验,一组随机挑选的小学生,告诉教师他们(她们)都是是精挑细选的优秀生。老师因此努力教学,经常鼓励,小学生短期内成绩提高。

2013.4.6NA

4

阅读: concept 是 invasion meltdown。这个 definition 我只记了: animals can help plant species to reproduce and spread,应该还得加上入侵的部分。

听力: example 是 fig tree。有人把这种树种到 yard 里,但是它就只长在这 yard 里不会传播到别的地方,因为这树本来是在 Asia , Asia 有一种 insect 叫什么 wass (音)的来传播他的 seed 才能 reproduce。然后这种 insect accidently 也到了美国以后,fig tree 就开始 reproduce 到各个地方了。然后他就在一些区域 dominant 了,那里原本的植物就没了

2013.5.17NA

口語四: closeness-communication bias: 人们以为自己对亲近的朋友交流更有效实际上不是的,可能对陌生人更有效因为人们认为朋友会自动了解自己的意思基于相同的经历。例子是教授叫一个老朋友 jack 和一个不太熟悉的新教授聚会,在一个意大利餐馆。他告诉 jack the Italian restaurant,以为 jack 知道是哪里。但是告诉新教授全名。结果后者到了准确的地点 jack 去了另一家餐馆

2013.7.13NA

4

natural consequence 阅读讲的小孩做错事,大人口语不用惩罚,由着做错事的结果来惩罚孩子。 听力,教授给了个例子,教授 5岁的女儿经常把玩具放在后院,平常教授都帮女儿收拾。 一天女儿还是把玩具放在后院,教授没有帮收拾,那天晚上下雨,把她的玩具损坏了,女儿在这件事后认识到自己的错,以后再也不帮玩具放后院了。

2013.11.9NA

口语四:【名词解释】: scope creep: ask for more than origin

【教授举例】: 教授举了他 friend 的例子。他的 friend 开了一个建筑公司,要帮一个女的建一个 fence yard,他们只是 verbally 说了,没有签合同。快完工时,女的说要他 paint white。 friend 说只是帮忙建 fence,女的说聘请他的时候以为还会帮忙涂颜色。经过争论后,friend 答应帮她免费 paint white,但是很不高兴。

2013.12.6NA

口语四:阅读:大概介绍了定义:人们通常为了遵守事先制定好的 procedure , 结果出现了事与愿违(unsuccessful)的情况。

听力:教授举例: school policy that students shouldn't be late,老师们为了让学生能够接受完整的教育(attend the entire class),规定学生按时到校上课,否则就不能进班,但是这个规定的结果就是,一旦学生迟到了,他们就一堂课都上不了,导致的结果反而更糟糕。

2011.10.16ML/2010.9.25NA

口语四

animals living in different places share the same eating hobby。住在 Africa 和 Australia 有两种动物。它们虽然生活在 totally different places,但是它们吃东西的方法一样,就是有一种什么东西,很难吃到。它们都是 make a hole, and then put their tongue in it。就是这样吃到的。

2014.6.21ML

TASK4

R: The term is the subject-expectancy effective, it means that the thoughts of people will depends on what they already know.

L: (The professor) Well, today we will talk about the subject-expectancy effective. I will give some examples to illustrate this term. For instance, a manager told a group of officers that they will be offered more works and they should be more concentrated on it. However, the amount of works was the same as the amount before the officers were told, the results showed that the officers work harder before they were told, just because they knew there will be more works. Another experiment is a company gave their fatigue and tired workers a kind of vitamin which can energy people up, but actually the pills are normal placebo, the results showed that the work efficient improved after

works took the fake vitamin.

2014.1.25NA

 \square 4

阅读:群居动物里都会有个 control animal 阻止打斗

听力:举了monkey的例子: control animal 即使阻止了,他们还会再打

2012.7.15ML

Task 4

stimulus reduction。举了那老师教小学班时一个叫 STEVEN 的例子,一学生靠窗坐,总是在做作业的时候看窗外,不集中精力。后来老师就把座位调了rearrange,他就集中精力了,学习也好了。

2014.3.29NA

S4

Concept testing. A marketing technique company use to find out if customer li kes a new product idea

Two benefits: to gain information; use feedbacks to improve the product Example. A bicycle company introduced a folding bike. Marketing ppl talk to a group of consumers. Information gathering; consumers like the folding back.

New feedback: wants to have an attached lock And the company adapted the product And the bike sells well.

版本二:

口四:一市场科技公司用 concept testing 方法来检测消费者是否喜欢一个新的产品概念。两个好处:一获取信息二使用 feedback 来提升产品。举例:一个自行车公司推出了一个折叠自行车,用此方法告诉大众

2010.9.26ML

4

inequality aversion(不平等厌恶):不仅仅是人类,动物也有 sense of unfairness and refuse unfair rewards。教授以一个关于猴子拣石头的实验为例。researchers 让 a group of monkeys pick up small rocks and give them to the researchers。给搬得好的猴子 cucumbers 做奖励,它们会很高兴。后来,researchers gave a

member of the group some grapes 做奖励。猴子虽然很喜欢黄瓜,但更喜欢葡萄。Other monkeys 就 felt upset。Refused to pick up small rocks and refused to accept cucumbers,甚至 threw cucumbers away immediately 以表示抗议。

2013.12.21ML/2011.1.22ML

阅读讲 Test Marketing 用来测试潜在客户对一个产品的反应,帮助公司对产品的问题进行修改,听力里举了电影公司的例子。比如他们做一个动画片给小孩看,但他们没有经验,所以就找来一些小孩看这部片子并且问他们最喜欢的角色,小孩都说喜欢里面的狗,于是公司以此为判断,把狗作为了动画片的主角,然后大获成功。

2014.1.12ML/2010.10.22NA

阅读:解释了一个名词叫 optimal foraging (最佳觅食理论),

听力:举例鸟儿会把 shellfish 从高空中扔下在石头上敲开。但他们有两个选择

标准,一个是会选最大的扔,另一个是为了节省体力会选在特定的高度扔。

2012.4.22ML

Reading part

Listening part【名词解释】:

emotion display (情绪表达规则):

It means the expression of emotion depends on the society in which we are live in. 【教授举例】:

The professor uses an example of his 4-year-old daughter. She had a birthday party. Prior to the party, parents told her that she should hide her negative emotion when she did not like the gift received. Her grandmother gave her cute clothes as a gift. But the girl did not like it and felt disappointed. Before her negative emotion became too obvious, her mother said the clothes were very cute. The girl suddenly realized that she should say thank you to grandmother and she did that.

Question:用听力的例子来解释对这个概念的理解。

2012.7.14ML

学校给志愿者提供住宿,进行一周的志愿者活动。好,1很多学生想做义工,但新东方托福考试网 http://toefl.xdf.cn/

是没钱 stay over night,这样解决了问题。2 一周的时间并不长,因为前几天要 training 一下 skills,真正做义工的时间只有几天。

2013.10.12ML

北京新东方

阅读:

signaling

商家在 selling 的过程中请 third party 来提供一个 objective 的 idea 表明产品质量好

听力:

教授的朋友开一家珠宝店,她请了一个 20 多年经验的专家鉴定了每一样珠宝都是 real 的,然后在门口挂个牌子说我们家珠宝都是 certified by 专家,让大家放心买贵的珠宝。

2009.5.16ML/2007.10.17ML

4

阅读:学习过程中,以前学习的东西对后来学习的东西的作用,分两种:Negative transfer, Positive transfer.

听力:教授分别举例: Positive transfer. 举了教授自己的例子。小时候学习钢琴,不看琴键,只看乐谱。后来到高中学习打字,只看屏幕,不看键盘。很Helpful。 Negative transfer 举了教授朋友的例子。以前是舞台剧演员,习惯了大声念台词,后来做movie actor,不需要大声了,但还总是大声。此为negative transfer.

2008.10.25NA/2010.7.24ML

Task4:

动物的 specialization 的长短处(advantages and disadvantages)



2014.2.28NA

S₅ 女生刚刚搬家要开暖房聚会,得收拾屋子。但明早她约了朋友去参观博物馆, 新东方托福考试网 http://toefl.xdf.cn/ 要耽搁一天,发生了冲突。男生建议可以今晚收拾房间,但女生担心明天逛博物馆会累,或者可以不去博物馆,但女生担心朋友不高兴,而且展览机会难得。

2014.4.5NA S5 北京新东方

The girl is on her way to buy groceries for the party tonight. She suddenly remembered that there will be a chemistry review session in 10 minutes. Option 1: go to the sessions, but feel bad because she has promised her roommates and they are going to cook. Option 2: leave early at the session to buy groceries. But there's a quiz next week. She's worried that she won't pass.

2014.4.12NA

口语五:

版本一: 男生想去参加一个电影鉴赏会,但是那天晚上他 cousin 要来,他要和他在餐厅吃饭,给他介绍学校的情况。他有两个选择,女孩说她可以陪他 cousin 吃饭,介绍学校情况,因为她天天晚上都在餐厅吃饭,男孩说让一个不同的人介绍学校确实好,但是他 cousin 有些害羞,他有点担心他会感觉不舒服,另外一个办法是不去看电影,以后再看,但是他又非常想参加后面的讨论会。女生让他决定好了告诉她

版本二:

[Problem]

The girl attended the rehearsal of a school play, the rehearsal is time-cons uming. She is too busy to take many classes and not doing well in study. She does not know what to do.

[Solutions]

1. Drop out of play and focus on study.

Con: Her major is theater. Attending rehearsal helps her progress. If she q uite, it may make trouble for her professor to find someone to replace her and the professor may be angry with her.

2. Decrease the number of classes, take it next semester.

Con: She has taken the course for 3 weeks and put in so much work in that class. It is a required course. If she drops the class this semester, she has to take it next semester.

2012.2.18NA / 2011.11.26ML/2009.9.11NA

S5

首先,一个男人说,he works in the bookstore in college. His job is to carry heavy box which contains books. However, last week he went to help his friend to move to the new apartment. He injured himself. Doctor said that he cant carry heavy things for a month.

So he went back to talk to his boss, his boss offered him a job to be a cashier in bookstore, however, the schedule for cashier only opens in the morning. he has a physic group study at that time. The physic group is important to him coz he improved grade OOXX. so he went to find a dish washer job in cafeteria which fits his schedule. however, if he takes the job in cafeteria, he wont have the discount to buy books in bookstore, which saved him a lot every semester....

所以最后他还是没结论...

2009.10.25ML/2007.6.24ML

口语五 :女生要组织一场舞会 organize a school dance ,请了个著名乐队 band 在舞会上演出。但该乐队因当晚有另一场演出 show ,他们忙不过来 they can't play for the dance show ,取消 canceled 了这次演出。

女生自己说出两个方案:1、请另外一个乐队来表演 find another band。但女生说其它乐队没这个乐队受欢迎 enjoy。怕观众可能会不喜欢。2、还是请这个乐队,但延期举办舞会 reschedule the dance to next week。但如推迟一周的话,就临近期末考试 final exam 了。到那时,学生已在忙着准备期末考试了,同学可能没时间来参加舞会了。

2012.12.8ML/2010.9.24NA

Task5:

男生的 band 需要找新的场地训练,一个选择是租 music studio,但是很贵,第二是 music building 还是什么,时间上有问题,白天不能练习,晚上也不能练习太晚。。。

解析:

问题: 男生的 band 需要找新的场地训练。

解决一: rent a music studio

解决二: practice in the music building

答题:陈述问题及两个解决方案之后,可以选择第一个方案,因为在 music building 里面练习时间很短,并且 music studio 的费用问题可以很简单地通过成员 part-time job 来搞定,不用担心经费问题。

2013.4.27NA

 \square 5

The boy was waiting for Greg at the student center to return the sociology book he borrowed for tomorrow's test. But Greg was in the library and forgot. Since the boy got a doctor's appointment and needed to leave campus soon, he had to figure a way to return the book, as Greg might need it for the test.

- 1. The boy can return to campus after a couple of hours and return the book, but Greg might need it before that.
- 2. The girl he was talking to can help him return the book to Greg in the library, but this may require her to walk across campus and back.

2011.12.18ML

口 5.man 的 problem 是自己要写一个 paper 所以要看一本 Mystery Novel。但是学校的 bookstore 关门了。有两个 solution

-第一个,男生说自己打了很多电话去找这本书,在一家店找到了,但是要 take him couple of hours to get there.而且男生可能会 Miss 自己的一些课

-第二个,男生说他去年也读过一本 mystery novel 但是他不喜欢这本书,而且他没有理解透

2009.9.19NA

口语五:

一个 si<mark>nging gro</mark>up 要举办了

男的原本要弄个 announcement on newspaper 让跟多人来 但是他忘记了错过 deadline 了

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http://toefl.xdf.cn/

女的说那改期吧 男的说 那个 music court 很难 book 改期可能就要另找 location

女的说那贴海报宣传吧 男的说考虑一下

2010.1.30NA

北京新东方

 \Box 5

一个女生的笔记本电脑坏了,修不好.里面有期末考试的复习文件.

两个建议:

一个选择是 rent 电脑.但是她觉得太贵了不值.

另一个选择是和 roommate 共用,就是需要 arrange the schedule.问你推荐哪个建议?

2013.12.21ML/2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

口语五,女生的问题是她的音乐剧明天首映但主演病了,她可以找人来替,但是担心这个人会觉得太紧张而演不好,也可以考虑把音乐剧推迟到下周,但这样观众会觉得很失望。

2013.3.3ML/2012.10.19NA

一个女生 show 优越,说老师给他 extra week to finish his research paper, he do not know what to do.

1 solution is to live with parents ,which is two hour away from the campus and hard to get the school resource 而且他们妹妹们要挑逗他说话 ,distracting her。

2live near the campus,但是房租好贵。

我认为第二个好,钱什么的都是浮云啊,学习最重要的啊。

2012.10.19ML / 2010.6.13ML

Task 5

男生定错机票 have a physics test on that day, two solutions, one is to change the flight, charge \$150 fee, another is to ask the prof to change the date of exam, only Tuesday is available, but have another two exams on that day, don't sure if he will be ready for the three exams.

2011.3.19NA/2012.12.2ML /2013.3.19NA

Task5:

【学生困难】: 女生要在周末组织一个户外音乐节 outdoor music festival, weather forecast 却说周末可能会下雨,女生担心活动没办法按时举行。

【解决方案】: 男生两个建议: 一、postpone 到下周末。但是女生怕请来的学生乐队 student band players 会有人无法出席,他们下周末可能有其他 plan 了。二、就这个周末,雨势不大 shower,在雨中进行,因为有可能只下一会雨,天气还是好的,这样也很特别,女生说怕大家开始看到窗外在下雨就不想来看了。就在窗口看而不买票,她希望提供的是现场的音乐享受。第五题,学生对话,说因为天气原因,一个演唱会就收到影响

男生给出两个建议



2014.9.27NA

Task5:

problem: the woman is planning to move out of campus and she has found an apartment to share with her original roommate, but the apartment is too expensive and she can not afford it.

Solution1: ask her roommate to find someone new to share with her. Con: difficult to find a new partner for the roomate with such limited period of time.

solution2: get a part-time job in the restarant. con: time-consuming, she may not have enough time to study or socialize with her friends.

2014.11.29ML

5.conversation: 女生向男生诉苦

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http://toefl.xdf.cn/

女的 ankle 在 soccer 时候 break 了。不能开车,但是女的还得在高中和其他地方教书。男的问那可怎么办。女的说可以打车啊,但是女的最近没那么多现钱。男的问就没人接你吗。女的说有啊,我的朋友,但是我不想麻烦她,况且我教课的一个小时我的朋友还得在那里等着我啊,她说她可以去咖啡馆学习,但是还是不太妥当。男的回答到:哎呀,她是你的朋友嘛,朋友不就是应该互相帮忙吗,而且是你朋友主动提出来的。

Question: explain what happened and state which solution you recommend and explain why.

2013.9.28NA

Task5:

一男大学生在 computer lab (机房)门口遇上一女生,聊天,男生说他是什么系的学生经常要写 paper,不过因为没电脑所以经常在 computer lab 写,但是下一年他就住校外了,再来校内的 computer lab 就很不方便了。他想买一台 laptop,但是很贵他买不起,有两个方案,第一是在图书馆 work extra shift,每周多干五小时活;这听起来挺好,不过他说他很忙害怕学习受到影响。第二是他存了一笔小钱想和几个朋友寒假去 NYC 玩儿,他可以拿出那些钱出来去买 laptop 然后寒假就在他宿舍里呆着。

2011.10.14NA **7 7 7 7 7 7**

女生说父母来参加他的毕业典礼,遇到了麻烦:他们从比较远的地方来需要找地方住下,但学校附近的 hotel 都 book 满了。 Solu1:去她的公寓住,但她的公寓非常小,需要 rearrange,她要睡沙发了。 Solu2:去远一点的 hotel 住,但 缺点是离学校开车 20 分钟,需要租车,成本比较高。

2013.10.25NA

口语五:听力,一男一女 discussing about 女的的 problem,她早上总是错过吃早餐,因为她起不来。她的课在早上8点,她总是赶在提前刚好的时间起床,所以没能时间吃早餐。 男的建议她是不是可以买些零食在 room 里,不用 cook 的那种,女的说不行,因为她平时错过早餐所以大概只吃2餐,现在再加上一餐虽然是零食,但是 still cost 她一些钱,不行!然后又自己建议其实她可以 swith

新东方托福考试网

到另一个在上午晚一点才上的课程。还是同一个 professor teach 的。

要求总结女的问题以及 solution

2013.10.19NA

北京新东方

口语五:男<mark>的遇到问题,在公共学校的一门课有15个人,人太多,他不到老师的</mark>有效反馈,决定退课,他自己给自己提了两个solutions,一个是换到晚上,人少,但是晚上他可能有作业,课什么的,二是到暑假再选,但暑假他已经有两门课了,可能三门太多了

2013.12.28ML

口语五,学生把车钥匙留在车里了,书也锁在里面了,没书就没办法上课,两个建议:一,找一个 locksmith 来开锁,但这样很贵;二,向她父母要 extra key,但要一两天时间才能送来。

2014.5.23NA

口语五:女生室友忘带冬季外套让她开车到机场送, 她去, 时间太长; 不去又不好, 况且她室友最近帮了她的忙。

她室友还说自己可以去借什么的。

2014.6.28NA

Task5:

问题女生在图书馆写历史 paper 被人打扰。

方法一:跟图书管理员 report.但是害怕被状告人的 mad,或者 in trouble 方法二:换地方。但是她所在的区域有所需书籍,换地方版书籍很麻烦。

2014.8.30NA

TASK5

5. Conversation

对话中的女生遇到了困难。她说自己明年毕业,有一个强制的外语要学习才能毕业。但她之后一学期会非常忙,所以在暑假,她选了自己喜欢的 Russian online course。可是注册的人不够,被 cancelled 了。

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http://toefl.xdf.cn/

现在能够有的两个选择:

1)选择在校内上的 on-campus 的 Russian 课。因为 Russian 是她喜欢的,这样她就要在学校待上一个暑假了。不能够回去看自己从中国工作回来的姐姐。

2)选择其他的网上外语课程,西班牙语。但是她不喜欢,可是如果上网上课程她就可以回去和她姐姐见面了。

2014.9.6NA

TASK5

5.一个男生和女生讨论 spring break,男生要去蒙特利尔 Montréal,但是不能 afford train ticket.他给女生说但我有两个 option: 1. To work extra horse in the next week, maybe another 10 hours to earn enough money, 然后女生说哎呀很 tough,因为很多 exams are coming. 2. To sell his guitar.他两年前买了吉他但一直都没有弹,而且是个很 nice 的吉他。那个女生说,是还可以,但是 there's no guitar any more...

2014.9.27NA

5,学生论文不及格,老师让重写,但是他又要参加家庭聚会。

2014.10.17NA

Task5;

Reading:

Reactance: 人们都很重视自己的 freedom。 因此当自己的行为被 limited and 自由受限 by some rules and regulations 时,人们尝试去逃脱这种限制。很多 adults and children's behavior are results of the urge to 重获 freedom. "Reactance" indicates people's desire to reestablish freedom and break away from(具体的词组不是 break away from, 但意思一致) the control.

Listening:

两个例子可以验证 reactance 的现象: 1. Imagine a child, who used to play very happily on the playground, having a lot of fun, 但是突然有一天 his parents don't allow him to play on that playground again。小孩会感到很 upset,于是他会 sneak to the playground and play despite his parents' rule. 2. A town recently ban on a kind of soap because it's harmful to the environment. 但是

这个 ban 并没有降低 the soap's ability to clean things.因此人们会感到很 upset, "why can't I choose any type of soaps that I want?"因此人们会 attempt to buy a large number of this kind of soaps, a lot more than they used to do, 尽管 town 会限制他们做这件事。

2014.11.8NA

5. Impression management:

Reading: We often control or manage their impression unconsciously in order to convey information to influence how other people perceive us. 这种 impression 既可以是外表也可以是自己的行为。

Listening: 1.When a student wants to do a presentation, you would see him more formally dressed. Even before he starts, you can feel that he is taking the presentation very seriously and is very responsible. 2. 教授举了个自己的例子,校长第二天想 take 这个 professor 的 ride to school. Right before the day when I will take the ride, I took the trash out of the back of my car and even had my car washed. And when the president got in my car, I changed my radio music into classical music. But I even don't like classical music.

2014.11.29NA

5.conversation: 女生向男生诉苦

女的ankle 在soccer时候break了。不能开车,但是女的还得在高中和其他地方教书。男的问那可怎么办。女的说可以打车啊,但是女的最近没那么多现钱。男的问就没人接你吗。女的说有啊,我的朋友,但是我不想麻烦她,况且我教课的一个小时我的朋友还得在那里等着我啊,她说她可以去咖啡馆学习,但是还是不太妥当。男的回答到:哎呀,她是你的朋友嘛,朋友不就是应该互相帮忙吗,而且是你朋友主动提出来的。

Question: explain what happened and state which solution you recommend and explain why.

2013.10.11NA

Task5:

一个女生生病了,不想外出,但是她是 youth center 的 volunteer,应该带一帮 小孩子去 zoo 看动物。两种解决办法,方法一是 reschedule 去动物园的时间,但这是一个 special exhibit of 一种老虎,孩子们会很喜欢,而且是最后一天,

不去很可惜。方法二是让另外一个志愿者 Megan 代孩子们去,但是 Megan 自己要复习物理课内容参加考试,女生觉得让朋友做出这种牺牲自己过意不去。

要求:让考生描述情况和解决办法,并推荐一个选择一个方案还要说理由

2014.12.19NA

5. Girl's problem: She's going to give a presentation on her studying-abroad experience, but her laptop crashed and she was unable to show the audience her pictures.

Possible solutions:

- 1) She has an album book containing some of her pictures taken during her studying abroad, she could pass the book to her audience
- In this way audience will be able to see her photos
- Not all pictures she wants to show are included in the book
- but there are a lot of audience, she's not sure everyone will be able to see it
- 2) Her pictures are still in her camera and the camera is in her parents' house. She could go there to get the camera, and show her audience through the camera.
- She has the time to go to her parents' house to pick up the camera and come back before the presentation
- But she's going to use the time to practice her presentation, hushing to her parents' house will take up the time

2013.6.8NA

 \square 5

Problem: his landlord is going to sell the house and there's a buyer who's eager to buy it, he has only a bit over one week to move

Solution 1: a friend of his is looking for a roommate near his university

Pro: /

Con: he can't concentrate on his study

Solution 2: he can live with his parents

Pro:/

Con: too far away

2013.6.22NA

 \square 5

man 的 roommate 要搬到 in campus, 所以他要找一个新室友。俩 solution, 一个是前室友的朋友, 人不错但是有些 messy。第二个是学校里贴 advertisement。问你支持哪个,为啥。

2013.11.22NA

口语五:

Problem:The man was supposed to go to the seaside with friends,but Mary asked him to go help her to move on a short notice because she has to move out by tomorrow. Solution 1:Find someone replace him.Pro:/ Con:It might not work at this last minute.

Solution 2:Cancel his appointment with his friends. Pro:/ Con:He has been planning to go for long, and later the weather will turn cold, and they can't go to the beach anymore.

2011.5.28NA

版本一:【1 个问题】A boy needs to read a novel in order to write a paper. However, the library on campus is closed.

【2 个建议】【1】.To go to anther library .But it's too far away. It will cost a lot time ,and the student will miss some interesting courses.

【2】.To read another book. However ,the student doesn't like the book. 版本二:【1个问题】他想买一本对她完成 assignment 有用而且是刚出版的书,但学校的书店要关1个星期,所以打电话问其它地方,但只有1个离学校很远的地方有这本书而且只答应给他 hold 明天一天,而明天他又有课。

【2个建议】

【1】.如果有另外的书同样可以替代这本书,那就用另一本易获得的书,但男的认为新的可以让他的 assignment 更新颖。【2】.开车去取那本新书,但他又认为开车去这么远就为了新颖有可能不值得

2011.2.12ML / 2009.10.10ML

学生会要在期末考试的 study break 办个 party 让大家放松一下,结果请的乐队主唱病了,不能来演出,option:要么放磁带里的音乐,但是没气氛,要么往后推迟几天,但有可能大家考完就走了。

【学生困难】: DF. CN

The man wants to hold a party before the final exams to make students get away from books and relieve stress, but the invited band will not available now because lead singer of the band is sick.

【解决方案】:

To cope with this problem, the man faces two possible solutions. First, CDs can be played in the party instead of the live performance by the band. Second, the party can be postponed before the final exam.

【问题】:

Briefly summarize the problem and two possible solutions. Then state which solution you recommend and explain why.

2015.1.11ML

The man's problem is that he left his keys in the dorm and he forgot to take his paper with him, which should be handed in today. He's roommate was in another city now. There are two solutions for him. First, he should tell the professor but his paper was regarded late. Second, he could ask the administrator of the dorm to open the door but it would cost him 15 dollars.

2013.1.18NA

. 八八川八八.

5 男生参加校 emergency response team,需要大量训练以达到国家标准,没有时间做 literature reading,为此苦恼不已。女生给出两个解决办法:1. 放弃这个队明年再重新加入。男生说不行,如果这样,他队内位置会被别人取代。2. 与director 谈,要求用两学期而非一学期完成训练。

2013.12.20NA

口语五: the boy feels sick and is not sure if he should take the trip to the mountain or not

2013.1.26NA

5

一个女的要搬家,想多花时间选选房子

两种方法:暂时住在朋友家里,但又怕不方便,

另外现在看好的一个房子,可以很快搬进去

2013.4.6NA

5

女生的问题是:要打印东西,但自己的打印机坏掉了,只能去图书馆打印。(她 live out of campus,所以和 roommate 一起买了一台打印机。且图书管里住的地方远)

两个解决方案 1 和室友 split money 在每一台,但是这是她的最后一个 semester 了,新买了就只会用几个月。2,就坚持这几个月到图书馆打印,打印是免费的,就是来回折腾太浪费时间。

2013.5.17NA

口語五:女生学期末组织聚会,俩选择。一是在 fancy restaurant 定在周四晚但是一些同学来不了;一是在周五晚所有人都来但是只能在 student center 聚会喝咖啡吃披萨不尽兴。可以选择第一个因为学期末应该尽兴不能来的人也理解

2013.7.13NA

男生要打印东西,但是他要去学校和不方便,两个方法,1 从同学那买个二手的打印机,但是比较容易坏,并且打印效果不好,2 买新的,贵,但是男生还有两年毕业,可以买个新的也比较值

2013.11.9NA

R

口语五:【学生困难】: 女生有个新室友 Linda, 他们的 schedule 不一样。女生会 study 到很晚, Linda 很早睡, 因为早上有课。

【解决方案】:

1. 改变自己的作息,早睡早起,但她不是 a morning person,早上效率没有晚上高;

2. 去图书馆,但是图书馆没有宿舍那么舒服的学习环境。

2013.12.6NA

口语五: sharing problem with roommate

问题:女生刚搬新家,她跟室友两个人一个星期轮流去一次 grocery,然后买回来平均分摊费用。但是问题是她室友买的东西一般都比较贵,但她自己却经常会买 on-sale 的东西,从而导致她总会 pay more than she wants/ has to

解决一: set up budget

缺点:她担心她的室友会因此不能买她真正想买的东西

解决二: stop sharing

缺点:她觉得自己一个人每周都去 grocery 很麻烦

2011.10.16ML/2010.9.25NA

口语五

the woman has participated in drama performing, but she is also busy engaging in her majors.所以她不知怎么办好。她自己想了两个办法:一, quit 掉 drama, 这样可以 focus on 学习了。但是这个 drama 其实也不是 just for fun 的, 她也是需要这个经历的。而且如果她 quit 了,老师也不好再找人了。二,可以 drop 一门课,这样就不会那么忙了。但是她修的都是 required class。就算 drop 了,下学期还要学,但现在已经是第三周了,她已经 put in so much work in class 了。

2014.1.25NA

 \Box 5

室友要搬走,带走他的 tv,他有两个选择:(1)买个新的,太贵。(2)电脑上网看, 屏幕太小

2014.3.29NA

S5

一个男生接他同学笔记本写论文,第二天要交。笔记本突然死ji了。该怎么办?回去找他室友。但是已经很晚了,他应该睡了。而且他也不一定会修。二,第二天起早去 comouter lab 重写

2012.7.15ML

Task 5

男生想选讲马克吐温的文学课,但是和他打篮球时间冲突 a confliction between the class and the basketball。方法一,换一门不太喜欢的课,这样就可以打球了。方法二,仍然选讲马克吐温的课,但是打球时间就会少半学期。

5

【学生困难】:女生要在校报发表一篇paper,但文章写得too long to publish。

【解决方案】: 男编辑给他两个方案: 方案1、删掉一半cut off the paper / make it shorter就能立即出版。但女生觉得每个部分都很重要,不愿意cut,要弄短就只能Summarize了。方案2、到暑期版summer issue上发表publish。女生不太愿意,因为暑假大家都放假了,没人看得到

【问题】: Briefly summarize the problem and two possible solutions. Then state which solution you recommend and explain why.

2013.12.21ML/2011.1.22ML



女生的问题是她的音乐剧明天首映但主演病了,她可以找人来替,但是担心这个人会觉得太紧张而演不好,也可以考虑把音乐剧推迟到下周,但这样观众会觉得很失望。

2014.1.12ML/2010.10.22NA

男生的问题是他很想回家,但又要重新写一篇论文。两个解决方案,一个是在学校呆一个星期,这样会错过家庭聚会,另外一个就是回家写论文,但这样就没法在图书馆查找资料了。

2012.6.9ML

【学生困难】: 女生所在的 radio club 要招新,负责招聘的同学病了,明天不能去了。XDF.CN

【解决方案】: 女生自己说出两个方案。

方案 1:女生自己去,但是明天有 group meeting,时间冲突。

方案 2 :她室友愿意帮忙 ,室友不是 club member,但她人很 nice,还喜欢 talk to others,可以招到更多人。

2012.7.14ML

人对得罪自己的人,可能当时没用表现,以后会一直记恨。举例,一男生开生日派对,他姐在快结束的时候打电话说因为一个 project 来不了了,他当时在电话上说没关系,可以 understand,但是在他 deep down inside,他很 angry. 后来他和他姐约好吃饭,他故意迟到一小时,说自己忘记约定时间,后来自己意识到还是在为之前生日派对的事情生气。

2013.10.12ML

Problem

女生说他们班教授请大家免费今晚去theater看演出by bus 但是她明天有历史大考她今晚想复习

Solution 1

to study on the bus 以及 come back 再继续学习,缺点是学习环境不好晚上休息不好

Solution 2

今晚不去看演出只复习考试,缺点是改天自己去得买票花不少钱。

2009.5.16ML/2007.10.17ML

5

讨论旅行要改地点问题:女的要great trip去xxx.有个waterfall 还有个 natural museum.去哪个...

2008.10.25NA/2010.7.24ML

Task5:

女的 note 丢了,解决办法是要么借,要么参加晚上的一样的课(第五题模板较多,希望各位紧记之)

口语第六题

2014.7.26NA

6. two ways for whales to use sounds to survive in the deep ocean. First, navigate. Hear the refection from objects so that wholes can get right direction. Second obtain food. Since whole are in group, one can call other whales if it find any fish.

2009.10.25ML/2007.6.24ML

口语六:教授讲商品 product 要有 utility,顾客才会购买。two types utilities:1、utility of form 形态效用:意思是产品要满足人们的特殊需求 have features customers need,人们才会买。例:人们要买防寒服 winter coats made of fabric material and feather 是因为冬天要保暖 keep worm、防雨 be waterproof。2、utility of place 地点效用:意思是要在正确的地点销售产品 the product should be at the place where customers need it。例 防寒服 winter coats 如果在 Alaska where is very cold 一定好卖,因为那里的人非常需要防寒服。如果在热带岛屿 tropic island 就没人买,那里的人根本用不着防寒服。

2010.3.13ML

【讲课要点】:During long distance travel, animals navigate themselves by two ways:

方法1、by sight: 举例: 美国一Ducks (野鸭) fly at night. Stars help them to distinguish their own flying way. They can distinguish different groups of stars.

方法2、by smell: For example, Salmons (大马哈鱼) track a unique scent released by plants or something in the river/stream to get to游回它们出生地 sites to 产卵lay eggs. Every stream has its unique scent because of the chemicals released by soil and plant.

2011.12.18ML

口 6.讲 planning 的 drawbacks

新东方托福考试网

http://toefl.xdf.cn/

-plan excessively, too detailed

example: professor 去年做了一个很详细的 daily plan,安排好她什么时候该备课,写 essay,锻炼 etc. 但是她没办法完成,所以觉得很 frustrated

-有很多干扰,人们会把事情想简单

example: professor 说自己以前答应过一个朋友帮他看 paper, 她本来以外一个周末就可以搞定,但是其实 take more time than she expected。她还有去上网查相关的资料,因为她不熟悉这个 topic.

2009.9.19NA

口语六:

讲 negative ideation

课堂例子

教授很喜欢 chocolate bar 但吃太多不好

后来就把它想象成是泥做的来 reduce the temptation

2008.9.28ML/2007.8.17ML

S6

讲座讲: 广告商经常利用广告带给观众的 emotions 来促进产品销量,

第一种方式: Produce positive emotions

eg: 一种 shampoo 广告,一个 baby 用这种 shampoo,笑得好甜,the smiling face relax the mother 消费者,尤其是妈妈们就将使用这种 shampoo 和自己宝宝和自己愉快的经历联系起来,进而购买.

第二种方式: Produce negative emotions

eg: 一个 man 的 car 在雨天 broke down 了,他没有手机,只好在雨中不行前往公用电话厅打电话求助.观众自己就会 worry about themselves, they don't even want to imagine how terrible the situation is,然后自己就赶快去买了.



2013.12.21ML/2011.3.13ML/2009.9.12ML

口语六,城市温度比农村高的原因。一个是城市中的机器会释放各种热量,比如汽车释放尾气和热量,另外是城市当中黑色的东西更多,更易吸收光并转化为热量。比如 concrete 制成的深色马路和街道。

2013.3.3ML/2012.10.19NA

,,,,,

口 6 讲小动物们都喜欢成群结队出去玩去保护自己,捕食他们的动物有两个方法去吃他们。

- 1 找到一个有着不一样颜色的小动物,然后定位他,就吃他。例子是 memo 神马的 someone in the group will have unique color from others, the predador will go after him
- 2 他们还会把这些 group break up, 然后小动物们紧张了, 逃跑了, 队伍就散了, 然后捕食者就找一个 group 去追神马啊。

2013.12.14NA

口语六:6. telecommute。教授讲到现在的公司为了追求利润经常会采取 telecommute 的方式, 意即通过 email 和 telephone 工作, 而不再到办公室去上班。之后重点讨论了两个 advantage:

- 首先, telecommute 为公司带来了很多"overhead cut",即办公经费的开支。通过减少办公室面积和办公室的设备,公司节约了很多成本。比如说 professor 姐姐的公司,上一年要求 25%的员工以 telecommute 的方式工作,结果到了年底节省了 half million
- 其次, telecommute 留住了以前必定要流失的人才。公司培养一个人才需要花很多的财力人力,而这些人才如果因为计划外原因流动出公司,会对公司造成极大的损失。Telecommute 可以使这些员工即使流动到其他城市或国家也能参与工作,从而保证了工作效率并减少了人才方面带来的损失。Professor 又举了她姐姐的例子,她姐姐本来要移到 Texas 去居住,因此不能继续参与原公司的工作,但公司提出可以让她以 telecommute 的方式继续工作,保障了公司的利益。

2008.5.10ML

口语六:印刷术出现之前的出的出版和阅读都是不一样的......

从前的书是手抄本,抄写员会漏词、多词、或者拼错,导致每本书的内容都不一样,现在你到书店里去,看见一摞一样的书肯定内容都是一摸一样的。从前的书很贵和稀有,你有了一本就会有超多的人到你家里来看,大声地朗读出来。现在大家都买得起书啦,你可以一个人静静地看。

2014.9.13NA

6

女生的老师组织看 play 和打工时间冲突 1.和 manager 请假,但是上次已经请过一次假了 2.和 professor 请假,事后看 vcd,但是她喜欢和大家一起看

2013.9.28NA

Task6:

Psychology!核心是人们做错事都会想一些 explanation,而最常见的 explanation是 attribution和 justification。Attribution指的是人犯了错然后认为是别的东西导致自己犯错,责任不在自己,又叫 excuse。举例是她作为老师,经常收到学生诸如我闹钟坏了这样的迟到理由,表明他们自己不想迟到。 Justification指的是人们确实有意识的做了这件所谓的错事,但做这件事的出发点是合理的,可被正名的。举例是她同样收到过这样的迟到理由,比如说某人去参加 job interview而没去上课,觉得这个比上课更重要,这样的 explanation就是 justification,为自己的行为正名。

2014.11.29ML

6. History of newspaper

在 19 世纪,只有少数人卖报纸,但是现在,大家都读报纸,为什么呢。

原因一: advance in technology. It is easy for publisher to produce a large quantity of newspaper. Late in 19th century, new technology made the printing process faster.

原因二: less expensive of newspaper. 因为 newspaper publishers had other funding. And they are able to sell newspaper at low price. 因为有了广告,所以

可以卖很低的价钱,甚至1 penny。

Question: explain two reasons for the growth in newspaper readership in the late nineteenth century.

2013.12.28ML

口语六,讲如何推断出 ancient climates。教授说可以研究化石,因为气候会对形成化石的微生物产生影响。举例,某种有硬壳的 shellfish,壳里的镁含量和 sea water temperature 有关,温度高的时候镁的含量就高。所以就可以通过对比这种矿物质在化石和现在那个地方的 shellfish 壳里的含量,然后就知道气候变暖了还是变冷了。

2012.12.1NA

 \Box 6

关于 migrating animal's characteristics 的,

一是这些 migrating animal 由于要做长途迁徙 to reach their destination, 会更 focus, 不会被别的东西 easily disturb 到,相对来说, local birds 一发现 food 就很 瞎乱兴奋.....

二是 migrating animal tend to move in straight line,

例子是 migrating shark 会用 geomagnetism 来定位直线移动,而 local animal 就倾向于瞎乱移动来找食物。。。。。。

2011.10.14NA

6

讲鸟类迁徙之前都会做一定的调整和改变,分两方面:1, body change:长途飞行需要大量能量,为了减少停下来的次数,会提前储存能量,吃多点存脂肪。2, 习惯的改变:为了应对路上碰到的敌人,一些独来独往的鸟会开始 social,结成 group 一起飞,比较安全。

新东方托福考试网

2013.10.25NA

口语六: biological 的课程

一群群居的动物,易感染疾病,以一个动物好像叫 ann 的为例 , 说明他们如何 去 defense 会感染疾病。

- 1)..... sorry 脑子短路..... 忘了...
- 2) 他们会经常自我清洁,通过自我清洁可以避免感染。

要求概括一下课堂的内容,表述他们如何去 defense 的。

2013.10.19NA

口语六

publicity 相对 advertising 的优点,一是更便宜,比如游戏厂商在电脑杂志上发表文章比广告便宜,二是可信度更高,电脑杂志如果描述一下那个电脑游戏,购买者更容易接受,相对于广告

2014.2.28NA

S6 讲 telecommute 的好处,一个更加绿色环保,不用开车,减少空气污染,另一方面给乡村居民提供工作机会,大公司也可以招收远距离的乡村居民。



S6

How do consumers reduce risks when purchasing?

- (1) do a thorough research. Eg. If you want to buy a computer, you can search online to see which manufacture is better and see the reviews of other buyers.
 - (2) stay loyal to one brand or company. Eg. If you have bought a car that functioned well and lasted long, you want to stay with this company next time.



版本一:为什么有的事情会记得比别的事情清楚。两个原因,第一是如果你对这个事情预先有所了解,你就会记得比其他事情清楚,事后也更容易回忆起来。比如你去参加一个古典音乐会,如果你对古典音乐有比较多的了解,一年后让你回忆这个音乐会,你就很容易记起很多它的细节,相反你可能什么也想不起来。第二个原因是某些事物可能和其他的事物有比较大的区别,这些不同的事物更容易被记住,比如你去上大学里的一节大课,一年后让你回忆,你可能记起来的是那个个子非常高的男生,或是非常聪明的一个女孩。

版本二:

Film makers can choose two angles of camera to build characters images.

1: low angle, just like children look up to adults. It makes a character look really huge and powerful. For example, using low angles to make Queen V ictoria look more prestigious. 2: high angle, put the character in a big envi ronment, and make character look small and weak. For example, shooting a man lost in a vast desert from high angle makes the character look hope less and weak.

2014.5.23NA

口语六:老师总希望得到 feedback , feedback DE characters 1 focus on

students _2. focus on 其他

2014.6.28NA

Task6:

用 dinner 为例子阐述两种 theater 对观众的不同。在 theater 里,一种是 player 表现的观众不存在,比如在吃饭,那就认认真真在吃饭,和下面没交流。一种是 style 是 player 意识到观众的存在,还是比如吃饭,player 可能问下面观众 food smell good? 甚至 invite audience to join them..."

2014.8.30NA

TASK6

6.关于 living in group 的不足

两个群居的不足和例子:

1)Visible to predators and easy to be captured. 单独的时候就不会这样。比如沙丁鱼,当他们一直单独行动的时候,就不容易被发现然后被吃。但是当他们成群的出现,就会有鲨鱼捕食他们。

2)Carrying the young. 很多生活在一起,不容易找到自己的小孩。比如成百上干的 bats 蝙蝠生活在洞里,当他们出去捕猎回来想给自己的小孩喂食的时候,找不到。可能给别的小孩喂食,而自己的却没被喂到。

2014.9.6NA

TASK6

6. Why companies will change their product packaging.

1.In response to technology. 技术发展会有 new material 出现,举了牛奶的例子,牛奶以前是装在 glass bottle 卖,后来技术发展,出现了塑料,于是牛奶现在装载 plastic box 里面卖。

2.为了更好与其他公司竞争。比如会改变包装的 size。又是牛奶,其他公司已经改变了自己 juice 啊软饮料啊的包装,变成 portable size,让人民可以再车里啊路上喝,于是牛奶也变了,由以前的 large bottle 变为现在这样。

2014.9.27NA

6, animal foraging.

2014.10.17NA Task6;

历史课

以前 early human beings 是去 hunt wild animal for meat, 但是大概 10000 年前开始驯化(domesticate) control animals. The domestication of animals 有很多 benefits, 下面我们来说一下: 1. The domestication of animals will provide consistent and reliable source of meat. Early people 去打猎,有时打得到,但 often 打不到猎,而把 animal 养在身边可以随时随地有吃的,举了 goat 山羊的例子,山羊是最早被驯化的动物。Goats can be easily controlled and can be organized by the heard and move with the people。因此这个 source 非常 reliable。2. The domestication of animals will supply a variety of food other than meat.又举了山羊的例子, goats produce milk. People can collect milk and drink. Also people can process milk and make it into yoghurt and cheese.



2014.11.8NA

6. Environmental science:

我们一直在寻找保护环境最好的方式,但有一种就是 Moral suasion 道德劝告,it means to appeal to people's moral sense of duty, their civic duty, to make people voluntarily to protect the environment.教授说有两个例子,1. 比如 Smokey the Bear (全班笑。这个查了一下背景资料:就是 1944 年美国的一个防止森林火灾的 propaganda 标志) a bear dressed like a man,举着标语说"please don't hurt my animal friends" or "please don't start forest fire". People will become sensitive to it and their awareness to protect the environment will be promoted.2. recycle campaign. People often recycle.但是怎样保证 high compliance,就需要 moral suasion,告诉你这样做是正确的。When you see your neighbors are recycling, you will follow what they do.

IXDF.CN

2014.11.29NA

6. History of newspaper

在19世纪,只有少数人卖报纸,但是现在,大家都读报纸,为什么呢。

原因一: advance in technology. It is easy for publisher to produce a large quantity of newspaper. Late in 19th century, new technology made the printing process faster.

原因二: less expensive of newspaper. 因为newspaper publishers had other funding. And they are able to sell newspaper at low price. 因为有了广告,所以可以卖很低的价钱,甚至1 penny。

Question: explain two reasons for the growth in newspaper readership in the late nineteenth century.

2014.12.19NA

6. Lecture: Two advantages about Beta Testing method using in business

A beta test is a testing that gives the intended audience some samples to try the product out.

1) Getting feedback from the customers

The producer can get feedback from the customers who try the product out, so that they will know what aspect they didn't do well. Take a camera for example, the camera company may give some professional photographers samples to test how well the new camera work. If after the testing the photographers

report the flash doesn't work well because it produces extra light, the company will know they need to work on the flash to make it more desirable.

2) Providing free advertisement

If the testing audience think the new product is satisfactory, they will have a positive evaluation about it and tell others how well the product is. If it's not perfect at first and the company spends effort to fix it, they usually have a better evaluation. Take the camera. After the company fixes the flash, the photographers will think the camera is now very good, and they will tell other photographers about the camera, encouraging others to be willing to buy



举例: 动物表皮黑色, and it can absorb more sunlight for the heat to get into the body

habit adaption

举例:动物站在冰块上不用两只脚,只用脚后跟减少和冰接触的面积

2013.6.22NA

口6 古美F集 Fi

讲广告让受众接受产品的两个方法,一个是在合适的时间让受众看到,举的例子是玩具车的广告要在孩子们喜欢的电视节目的时间段播出,第二个好像是要和实际的产品结合(记不清了),举得例子似乎是他女儿和朋友们有个小玩具,然后最近要有关于这个玩具的节目上映了。



2013.11.22NA

口语六: 2 mechanisms to make it hard for the predators to predict the next behavior of the animals.

Example 1: Squid don't go straight, and the speed is unsteady, they choose to

move in a zigzag pattern which makes it extremely difficult for the predators to anticipate its behavior.

Example 2:Squid can change into different colors, they can change from pink to blue then to white, for instance, the predators stares at something pink but all of a sudden it change into blue, it confuses the predators thus gives the squid a chance to escape.

2009.11.14ML/2008.3.29NA

口语六:动物保护自己的两种方式:装得对侵犯者很危险;直接装死。以蛇为例:狐狸来冒犯蛇,蛇就装得比实际危险,吓跑了狐狸;遇到其他的某些入侵者,蛇可能装死,入侵者因此失去兴趣。

TITTI XDF.CN

2013.12.20NA

口语六:土地的 sault accumulation 问题, Solution 1; 弄 pipe 把多余的水引走, S2; 种植 resistant 的 crop, 这些 crop 对于盐有抵抗力

2013.1.18NA

6 商品价格与需求成反比关系。商品价格升高,需要下降,比如咖啡。但有例外,如面包。面包在18世纪的英国是最便宜的主食。相比肉而言,无论面包怎么贵需求量都不会下降。价格上涨反而会使得更多的人去买面包。

2013.1.26NA

6

动物眼睛扑捉猎物的两个 feature,一个能够分辨颜色,另外一个是穿透力,能通过 branch 看到一些东东。

2013.4.6NA

6

term 是 infomercial。就是在电视上的长的商品广告, telephone number 都有显示在屏幕上那种两个 advantages: 1, 有足够的时间介绍所有 feature

example: 卖 home exercise machine. 在 infomercial 里可以介绍他的各种使用方式让更多人购买,但如果是 short commercial 就没有足够的时间。2,因为新东方托福考试网 http://toefl.xdf.cn/

viewers 是可以在广告过程中就打电话进来购买,这样可以直观的告诉商家这个广告是不是有效。example:还是那个 machine,如果很少人在广告时打电话进来的话,厂家就可以明确地知道这款广告不是那么奏效,然后就可以修改以卖出更多的商品。

2013.5.17NA

口語六:动物如何在睡觉时躲避捕食者袭击?两种方法。一是利用环境警告,比如 lizard 在睡觉时选择大树的长枝尽头这样敌人靠近树枝摇晃发出警告;而是自己大脑部分休息,比如一种鸭子可以睡觉时睁一只眼闭一只眼以监视敌人

2013.7.13NA 6

说是有两种途径让动物们既可以在白天活动也可以在夜里活动,第一种是 make light 怎么的(忘了),给出的例子是 fox 有一种很特殊的 layer 能借助月光看清东西。第二种是 可以通过缩小眼睛的一个什么(eyes pupil 不确定拼写对不对)瞳孔吧,例子还是 FOX,可以调节瞳孔大小,来减少光的强度,所以他们还是可以在白天摄取食物。

2013.11.9NA

口语六:森林大火一般对生物有 harmful 的影响。比如很多动物在大火中会快速迁徙。但是森林大火对生物也有时候 beneficial。举了两个例子:第一个例子森林大火对 predator 比较有利。更有利于他们抓住 prey。比如火鸡。火鸡在森林大火中可开心了。他们可以轻而易举地看到 prey。他们的 prey 会快速 flee,所以火鸡可以快速抓到他们的猎物 insects,而不用苦苦地 peck the ground to look for the insects。第二个例子是 beetles。Beetles 喜欢森林大火因为他们喜欢的树平时会分泌毒素。Beetles 无法在树上生存。但是大火把树烧死后 Beetle 就可以尽情地在上面产卵和抚养后代。

2013.12.6NA

口语六:Two reasons for plants to avoid sunlight.

Example 1:Some plants need to cling to something in order to get its moisture and nurients and etc.these places are often in shades, for example vine.

Example 2:Some plants need to conserve moisture, intense exposure to the sun would decrease the moisture, like bean plant.

2014.1.25NA

口 6 保留住顾客的 strategy:



(1)设立 rewards program,给打折和优惠,比如:买10个三明治送一个免费的三明治

(2)product design。公司的产品要配套使用,比如:电子游戏公司的游戏机和游戏光盘只能配套用

2014.6.21ML

TASK6

Birds migration at a long distance.

1) First reason is that birds will eat enough food to store energy. For example, humming bird eat much food to store energy a few weeks before the migration, the food they eat will turn into body fat and its weight can added at least 40%

2) Second reason is to take advantage of the air flow. For example, hawk can save energy by soaring-flying without flapping wings by thermals.

2014.3.29NA

生物课,老师讲动物怎么改进来使用南极寒冷气候。两个例子,一,北极熊爪子上很厚的毛。这样 full speed 跑起来也不会滑倒

二 ,一个叫 wol ris 还是什么的动物,在冰下游泳,为了make break hole through the ice , adapt 出了很长的牙





2010.9.26ML

6

应对有生命威胁的情况, animals survive 有时靠 individual 自己就行,有时还要靠 group。动物形成群体 form a group 保护自己生存下去,有两种 ways:第1种、gather together 取暖:帝企鹅 empire penguins 到了冬天就迁移到 inland、那里特别冷。为了 survive,帝企鹅会 bunch together to form a concentrated group to keep warm,并 take turn to stand outside to combat the extreme cold and get warmth。第2种、围在一起 to form a concentrated group to survive the predator:八哥 starlings 遇到 predator——falcons 攻击时会挤在一起,形成一个 solid mass。大的在外面,小的在里面。如果 a falcon hits them with one of its wings, its wing will be injured。 the falcon 就没办法 catch any single starling 了。

2013.12.21ML/2011.1.22ML

城市温度比农村高的原因。一个是城市中的机器会释放各种热量,比如汽车释放尾气和热量,另外是城市当中黑色的东西更多,更易吸收光并转化为热量。比如concrete 制成的深色马路和街道。

2014.1.12ML/2010.10.22NA

Task6:

两个破坏环境的策略,一个是浪费资源做没用的广告,比如关于厨房装修的广告对教授就没有用,因为他在租房,另外一个是影响环境美观的广告

2014.5.31NA

Task6:

new business 选地址的时候要考虑的因素,一个是 cost,给的例子是美国公司租地时候要给 tax,不同的地 tax不同,第二个大致是说周边是否能成为雇员提高便利生活,像有超市购物中心就会比较吸引雇员

2013.10.12ML

蚂蚁通过某些 strategy 来提高 forage food 效率。

1.每次出发都方向不同,比如 Amy Ant,第一次从 north 出发,下次换 East

新东方托福考试网

http://toefl.xdf.cn/

2.大家一起搬运而不是将食物切成小块分次搬运来节约蚂蚁力,比如一片水果, 一起搬只要 10 个 ants,分片搬要 50 个 ants

2009.5.16ML/2007.10.17ML

北京新东方

电影中摄像头角度:电影技巧中采用不同视角的镜头对人物形象塑造的影响。从低处往高处拍,显得actor很powerful,larger. Queen of England(?? 不清楚了)就采用了这种手段。使得她显得很高贵。从高处往低处拍,显得actor很small,无助。A man lost in desert就用了这种手段。和广大的desert比,这个人就显得很无助,很hopeless。

2014.10.11NA

Task6:

6.Two situations of price inelastic

Normally, if the price goes up the demand will goes down, because people don't want to buy products when they become more expensive. But there's also a situation when the demand stays the same when price goes up. It's called price inelastic.

Two situations of price inelastic:

1)When the products are necessary. Though price goes up, consumers still buy them because they need them.

For example, the electricity, even if the electricity company raises the price of electricity, people still purchase it because it's necessary and people need electricity for electric appliance like lights.

2)When the company has a strong brand loyalty. The customers will continue buying them even if the company raises price.

For example, the blue jeans, customers are loyal to the brand so even though the price goes up, they continue to buy it because they feel comfortable to buy blue jeans.

Use the examples in the lecture to explain two situations of price inelastic.

2014.2.22NA

S6 介绍一种鸟的身体特殊的功能捕猎,第一是耳朵有个什么环,能捕捉猎物细小声音,帮助定位,第二是它在空中飞行没有声音,不让猎物发现

XDF.CN

2014.5.31NA

Task6:

new business 选地址的时候要考虑的因素,一个是 cost,给的例子是美国公司租地时候要给 tax,不同的地 tax不同,第二个大致是说周边是否能成为雇员提高便利生活,像有超市购物中心就会比较吸引雇员

2014.2.8NA

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□ 6:

Wetland 的两大好处: 1. 可以在雨多的时候防洪水,因为土质好,可以吸水。 2. 可以过滤有害化学物质。

2013.4.14ML/2012.4.20NA

Task6:

【讲座主题】

两种处理工厂 carbon dioxide 的方式。

【相关例子】一种是 in factory, 讲了一个 process; 另一种是 out of factory,就是在厂子周围种很多树。



