

2016 师大初三一模英语试卷分析

二. 基础知识 (共 25 分)

VI. 在下列各句的空白处填入一个适当的词, 使句子意思完整、语法正确。(5 分)

26. The traffic during the rush hour always drives me _____.

答案: mad/crazy

解析: drive me mad/crazy 使我发疯

出处: 九年级 Unit10

27. Matt woke up late this morning; he quickly put on some clothes and _____ out the door.

答案: rush

解析: rush out the door 冲出门外

出处: 九年级 Unit3

28. I would _____ think over this problem by myself than copy other's answers.

答案: rather

解析: would rather do than do = would do rather than do 宁愿做某事也不愿做某事

出处: 九年级 Unit 11

29. It was a _____ that we didn't see Liu Xiao Ling Tong in CCTV's Spring Festival Gala.

答案: pity

解析: It was a pity that...事是遗憾的

出处: 九年级 Unit9

30. As an expected teacher, he can deal _____ all kinds of problems easily.

答案: with

解析: deal with 处理, 解决

出处: 九年级 Unit4

指导建议: 熟记并灵活运用考纲词汇及短语搭配。

VII. 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。(5 分)

31. Lin Zexu and Yue Fei were both national _____ (hero) in history.

答案: heroes

考点: 名词复数

解析: 前有 both, 所以用名词变复数。

32. Their classroom is much bigger than _____ (our).

答案: ours

考点: 名词性物主代词

解析: 是他们的教室和我们的教室进行比较, 所以用名词性物主代词 ours=our classroom

33. It's _____ (polite) to point at others with chopsticks while eating.

答案: impolite

考点: 形容词变反义词

解析: 根据后文中说在吃饭时, 用筷子指某人, 可知是不礼貌的, 所以用 impolite

34. Mark _____ (oversleep) this morning, so he missed the school bus.

答案: overslept

考点: 动词变过去时

解析: 由于后文中动词为过去式, 所以 oversleep 也需要过去时形式

35. The _____ (discover) of Gravitational wave will gradually influence our life.

答案: discovery

考点：动词变名词

解析：the + 名词 + of，所以填 discover 的名词形式 discovery.

指导建议：掌握并能熟练运用词性之间的变化规则

VIII. 单项选择 (15 分)

从每小题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。

36. Paris is _____ European city which is famous for white and beautiful clothes.

A. a. B. an. C. the. D. /

答案：A

考点：冠词用法

解析：European[jʊərə'pi:ən] 冠词 a 用于以辅音音标开头的单词前，an 用于以元音音标开头的单词前，European 开头音标为辅音[j]，所以本题选择 A。注意勿把 European 的开头字母当做开头音标。

37. In my opinion, _____ is more valuable than health.

A. something B. anything C. nothing D. everything

答案：C

考点：复合不定代词词义辨析及“否定意义词+形容词比较级”表示最高级。

解析：本题释意：依我看，_____比健康更有价值。考试会以正能量题型为主，实际意义是“健康是最有价值的。”而题干中只给出比较级，选项中应选择有否定意义的 B。A. something 某些事；B. anything 任何事；C. nothing 没什么事；D. everything 每一件事。

38. The story _____ true because the news reporter has already announced that it is hoax.

A. must be. B. mustn't be. C. can be. D. can't be

答案：D

考点：情态动词表推测

解析：本题中关键词“hoax”意为“骗局，恶作剧”。说明前面表达的意思应是：这个故事不可能是真的，因为新闻记者已经宣布那是骗局。情态动词中只有 can't（不可能）表最肯定的否定。A. must be. 一定；B. mustn't be. 禁止 C. can be. 可能；D. can't be 不可能。

39. I arrived at the movie theater early _____ the 3D movie Mermaid.

A. watched. B. to watch. C. watching. D. watches

答案：B

考点：非谓语动词

解析：一个简单句只有一套主谓宾，即只有一个动词，本题中已经有动词“arrived”，所以排除 D。选项中再出现动词应用非谓语动词形式，根据句意：我早早地到了电影院，为了看 3D 电影 Mermaid。“to do”不定式表目的。所以选 B。

40. TFBOYS are three middle school students _____ are born with the ability to sing.

A. which. B. whose. C. who. D. whom

答案：C

考点：定语从句关系代词

解析：题干意思：TFBOYS 是三个初中学生，他们天生有唱歌的能力。所以本题是定语从句，从句中缺主语，而且要代指先行词三个初中生。A. which 代指物；B. whose 谁的；C. who

谁，代指人，主格作主语；D.whom 谁，宾格作宾语。所以本题选 C。

41. By the time we reached the hall, the pop singer _____ for ten minutes.
A. has left. B. had left. C. has been away. D. had been away

答案：D

考点：时态-过去完成时

解析：本题缺动词，从选项看出考察动词时态，by the time 是过去完成时的标志词，所以排除 AC。“for+短时间”要求动词需用延续性动词，所以选 D。

42. Remember to _____ the gas and electricity before you leave the house.
A. shut off. B. clean off. C. get off. D. take off

答案：A

考点：动词短语辨析

解析：本题题意：记得离开房子前_____电器。shut off 关闭；clean off 擦去；get off 下车；take off 起飞；脱下。根据题意选择 A。

43. The time that I spent with my grandparents was one of _____ periods of my life.
A. exciting. B. more exciting. C. the most excited. D. the most exciting

答案：D

考点：形容词的最高级

解析：形容词用来修饰名词，本题空处用来修饰“period”；“one of”出现标志本题应用最高级，所以排除 AB。exciting 用来修饰物“令人兴奋的”；excited 用来说明人的感受“(人)感到兴奋的”。“period”是物“时期；阶段”所以本题选 D。

44. It's very convenient to shop online. The things I ordered two days ago _____ to me just now.

A. send. B. sent. C. are sent. D. were sent

答案：D

考点：时态+语态

解析：本题缺动词，just now “刚刚”应用过去时态，所以排除 AC。The things 应是被空运过来的，所以用被动语态。选 D。

45. _____ kind and helpful to the people around us, and we will make the world nicer.
A. Being. B. Be. C. To be. D. Been

答案：B

考点：祈使句

解析：祈使句，and +将来时的句子。祈使句以动词原形开头，表示建议，要求，请求。所以选 B。

46. -- _____ will you give the invitation to the guests?--In three days.
A. How often. B. How long. C. How soon. D. How far

答案：C

考点：特殊疑问词语

解析：对话出现必看答语，“In three days.”指三天后，用于将来时。A. How often. 对频度

提问; B. How long. “对多长时间提问, 答语: for+段时间” C. How soon. “对将来时提问, 答语: in+段时间”; D. How far “对距离提问”。所以选择 C。

47. ---Did you catch the last subway yesterday evening?

---No, I didn't. It had started moving_____ I could get on it.

A. before. B. after. C. since. D. as soon as

答案: A

考点: 时态中的标志词辨析

解析: 原句给出时态--过去完成时, 排除 CD。before “在……之前”; after “在……之后”; 本题题意: 在我上地铁之前, 它已经开动了。所以选择 A。

48. ---Could you tell me _____?--You'd better talk with foreigners as often as possible.

A. how can I improve my spoken English. B. how I can improve my spoken English
C. if can I improve my spoken English. D. if I can improve my spoken English

答案: B

考点: 宾语从句

解析: 从句必须用陈述语序, 所以排除 AC。根据答语 You'd better...给出的是意见, 所以问句应用怎样 (how) 做某事, 而不是 (if) 是否做某事。所以选择 B。

49. _____ is a day when people like to make a fool of someone else and laugh at him.

A. Christmas Day. B. April Fool's Day. C. Mother's Day. D. The Dragon Boat Festival

答案: B

考点: 节日词汇记忆

解析: 题意: _____ 是人们愚弄他人并取笑他人的一天。A. Christmas Day. 圣诞节; B. April Fool's Day. 愚人节; C. Mother's Day. 母亲节; D. The Dragon Boat Festival 端午节。所以选择 B。

50. ---I think that everyone should use public transportation .

---_____ it'll difficult for parents with young children to use public transportation.

A. I hope so. B. I think so. C. I'm afraid so. D. I disagree.

答案: D

考点: 情景交际

解析: --我认为大家应当乘(坐)公共交通工具。--_____对于带孩子的家长很难做到(乘坐)公共交通工具。A. I hope so. 希望如此; B. I think so. “我认为如此”; C. I'm afraid so. “恐怕是这样”; D. I disagree. “我不同意”。根据句意选 D。

指导建议: 掌握并熟练运用中考语法专项。

三. 交际运用 (5分)

IX. 根据对话内容, 运用方框中所给的句子选项补全对话。选项中有一项是多余的。(5分)

A: I'll go to a dinner party. Can you tell me something about table manners in China?

B: Of course.

A: 51. _____.

B: You are supposed to get there on time or a little earlier. It's impolite to be late.

A: 52. _____.

B: Yes. Don't suck (啜) the chopsticks. And don't stick your chopsticks into rice.

A: Oh, I see. 53. _____.

B: You can ask someone to pass the food to you. It's impolite to get food across the table.

A: 54. _____.

B: Raise your glass and drink only a little. Remember not to drink too much.

A: 55. _____.

B: If you can't remember them, just do as others.

A. I'm afraid I can't remember these rules.

B. Is there anything special I need to know in using chopsticks?

C. What should I do if someone drinks a toast to me?

D. How can I use chopsticks at the party?

E. When am I supposed to get to the party?

F. What should I do if I can't get the food on the other side of the table?

答案: EBFC A

解析: 51 题: 根据答语中有 on time or a little earlier, 可知 51 题应选问时间的 E。

52 题: 根据答语中 Yes, 可知 52 题应为一般疑问句, 所以选 B。

53 题: 根据答语中 pass the food 让别人帮你递食物, 可知 53 题是与食物有关 F。

54 题: 根据答语中 Raise your glass and drink only a little., 可知 54 题应选 C。

55 题: 根据答语中 you can't remember them, 可知 55 题应选 A。

指导建议: 根据每道题的答语, 进行分析选项中哪个选项与之相关, 从而选出正确选项。

四. 阅读 (共 45 分)

X. 完形填空

阅读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每小题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。(15 分)

Two young girls were proud of their beautiful hands. One put them in shining water, and the drops looked like diamonds(钻石) dripping (滴下) from them. "What beautiful hands I have!" she said, and then 56 her hands for others to admire. They were very soft and white, for she had done 57 but wash them in clear water.

The other girl crushed(碾碎) some flowers in her hands, and they 58 like perfume (香水). "What beautiful hands I have!" she said. Her hands smelled like flowers 59 she'd never done anything but wash them with 60 every morning.

Another girl nearby didn't show her hands. She hid them behind her back.

An old woman came down the road and 61 before the girls. The first two showed off(炫耀) their hands and asked her whose hands were more beautiful. She 62 her head at them and then asked to see the hands of the 63 girl.

"Oh, these hands are clean," said the old woman, "but they are hard from 64. These hands have been helping the girl's mother and father dry the dishes, sweep the floor, water the garden, 65 for the baby, and show the little brother 66 to chop the wood. These hands have been 67 making the house a happy home."

68 the old woman brought out a ring set 69 a diamond. "Here, wear this ring, my child. You win the 70 for the most beautiful hands that are always the most helpful."

56. A. put on B. put off C. put up D. put out

答案: C

解析: put on 穿上; put off 推迟; put up 举起, 搭建, 张贴; put out 扑灭; 根据空前名词和动词关系合理化可知, she 对 her hands 发生动作关系合理的只有举起, 句意为: 她说着 "我有多么漂亮的一双手啊!", 然后对其他羡慕的人举起她的手。

57. A. anything B. nothing C. something D. everything

答案: B

解析: **nothing but** 除了……什么事情都没做

58. A. seemed B. sounded C. appeared D. smelled

答案: D

解析: 空前的 **they** 指代的是 “**her hands**”, 根据空前后名词和动词关系合理化可知, 她的手应该是 “闻起来” 像香水。

59. A. unless B. because C. once D. though

答案: D

解析: 前后两句话是转折关系, 所以用 **though**, 句意为: 她的手闻起来像花, “尽管” 她除了用花洗她们之外, 什么也没做。

60. A. towels B. flowers C. leaves D. vegetables

答案: B

解析: 名词原词复现, 59 题的空前就出现了 **flowers**, 所以选 **flowers**。

61. A. stopped B. wondered C. changed D. attracted

答案: A

解析: **stop** 停下; **wonder** 想知道; **change** 改变; **attract** 吸引, 此处能和 “**before the girl**” 构成关系合理的动词只有 **stop**。

62. A. moved B. shook C. touched D. lifted

答案: B

解析: **shake one's head** 摇某人的头, 句意为: 她冲她们摇摇头, 然后要求看第三个女孩的手。

63. A. latter B. first C. second D. third

答案: D

解析: 第一段第一个词说明有 2 个女孩, 第三段第一句话中又出现 **another girl**, 可知一共有三个女孩, 所以选 **third**。

64. A. disaster B. task C. exercise D. housework

答案: D

解析: 名词是一类一样的, 看下文出现的词有 **dry the dishes, sweep the floor, water the garden** 可知, 这些都跟 **housework** 是一类的, 所以选 **housework**。

65. A. care B. look C. fight D. educate

答案: A

解析: 动词和名词的关系合理, **care for the baby** 照顾小孩; 因为上文并没有说丢小孩, 所以 **look for the baby** 找小孩不合理, **fight** 打架, **educate** 教育更不合理。

66. A. how B. what C. why D. when

答案: A

解析: **show how to do sth** 展示如何做某事, 句意最为合理。

67. A. tired B. sad C. busy D. happy

答案: C

解析: **be busy doing** 忙于做某事

68. A. Instead B. Then C. Still D. Early

答案: B

解析: 句意为 “老妇人拿出一枚带有钻石的戒指” 这是承接上文的动作, 所以选 **Then** 然后。

69. A. of B. for C. by D. with

答案: D

解析: with 表伴随。

70. A. money B. wealth C. gold D. prize

答案: D

解析: win the prize 赢得奖品。

指导建议: 做完题型首先看是否有原词复现, 其次要看空前后名词和动词的关系是否合理, 但就其根本还是词汇问题。

XI. 阅读理解 (30 分)

A

We all need a healthy environment, but we produce waste every day and it does harm to our environment. Though we are young, we can still do something to help. In fact, even the simplest everyday activities can make a real difference to the environment. Here are some ideas for you.

71. Remember these three words: reduce, reuse and recycle.

Reduce

Reduce means "74. use less". Don't waste things. This saves money and reduces pollution and waste going into the environment. Before we buy something new, think whether it is really necessary --- or maybe the old one will be just as good! When we do buy things, choose local products if possible, and try not to buy too many things from abroad.

Reuse

Reuse means "use again". Use things for as long as possible. When we buy things, make sure that they last a long time. We should look after them so that they will last, and 72. we should repair them if we can instead of throwing them away and buying new ones. Don't use a paper cup or a paper bag. 73. It's better to use a china(陶瓷) cup and a lunch box because you can use them again.

Recycle

Recycle means "change things into something else". Although it takes energy to change something into something else, it's better than throwing things away or burning them. Find out what can be recycled in your neighborhood and take part in recycling programs. We should also buy products made from recycled materials, such as recycled paper, to help save trees.

All in all, 75. no matter how old we are, we can do something to help the environment.
根据短文内容, 选择最佳答案。(5 分)

71. How many ways of protecting the environment are mentioned?

A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five

答案: B

72. What should we do when the things are broken?

A. We should throw them away. B. We should look after them.
C. We should repair them. D. We should give them away.

答案: C

73. Why is it better for us to use a china cup and a lunch box?

A. Because they are cheap. B. Because they can be used again.
C. Because they are local products D. Because they can be bought everywhere

答案: B

74. What does "reduce" mean?

- A. It means “use again”. B. It means “use more”.
C. It means “use less”. D. It means “change things into something else”.

答案：C

75. In the writer’s opinion, who can help to protect the environment?

- A. Teenagers. B. Adults. C. Old people. D. Everyone.

答案：D

B

After returning from her round trip, the angry woman stood outside the ticket office of the station. “76. The railway owes(欠) me 12 pounds.,” she said to Harry Jenks, the young man working at the office. “You sold me a ticket for May 22nd, but there was no ship from Jersey that night. So my daughter and I had to stay in a hotel. It cost me 12 pounds. ”

Harry was worried. He remembered selling the woman a return ticket. “Come into the office, Madam,” he said politely. “I’ll just check the Jersey timetable for May 22nd. ”

The woman and her little girl followed him inside. She was quite right, as Harry soon discovered. There was no sailing on May 22nd. 77. How could he have made such a careless mistake? He shouldn't have sold her a ticket for that day. 78. Wondering what to do, he smiled at the child. “You look sunburned,” he said to her. “Did you have a nice holiday in Jersey?”

“Yes,” she answered, shyly. “The beach was lovely. And I can swim too!”

“That’s fine,” said Harry. “My little girl can’t swim a bit yet. Of course, she’s only three...”

“I’m four,” the child said proudly. “I’ll be four and a half. ”

Harry turned to the mother. “I remember your ticket, Madam,” he said. “But you didn’t get one for your daughter, did you?”

“Er, well...” the woman looked at the child. “I mean...she hasn’t started school yet, she’s only four. ”

80. A four-year-old child must have a ticket, Madam. A child's return ticket to Jersey costs...let me see...13.50 pounds. 79. The law is the law, but since the mistake is mine... ”

The woman stood up, took the child's hand and left the office.

根据短文内容，选择最佳答案。（5分）

76. The woman was angry because_____.

- A. she couldn’t use the ticket for her round trip
B. she had no return home a day earlier than she had planned
C. she spent more money than she had expected
D. Harry had sold her a ticket to Jersey where there was no sailing

答案：C

77. Harry was worried that_____.

- A. the woman was worried about him B. he had no sold her a ticket
C. the Jersey timetable was wrong D. he had not done his work carefully

答案：D

78. Harry started talking to the little girl_____.

- A. because he was in trouble and did not know what to do
B. because he had a little girl about the same age as this girl
C. when he suddenly realized that he could find a way out from the little girl’s mother
D. because he wanted to be friendly to the little girl who looked so nice

答案：A

79. When Harry said, "The law is the law, but since the mistake is mine..." he meant that _____.
- A. they must follow it without a choice, even though the mistake is his
 - B. he had to be strict with the woman because of the law, although he didn't want to
 - C. the woman had to pay him 1.50 pounds and the railway would pay her for her stay in the hotel.
 - D. she should pay 1.50 pounds, but because he had made a mistake, she could go without paying

答案: D

80. Why did the woman leave the office without saying anything?
- A. Because she wanted to go home and get money for the child's ticket.
 - B. Because she knew she would have to pay the railway if she insisted (坚持).
 - C. Because she was moved by Harry's kindness.
 - D. Because she was so angry that she didn't want to talk to the young man.

答案: B

C

81. Dolphins are not fish. They are mammals (哺乳动物). They live in groups and speak to each other in their own language. Their brain(大脑) is as big as humans' and they live a long life--- at least 20 or 30 years.

Like some animals, dolphins use sounds to help them find their way around. They also use these sounds to talk to each other and to help them find food. 82. They do not use their ears to receive sounds, but use the jaw(下颚)--the lower part of the mouth.

It is strange that dolphins are friendly to humans, and for thousands of years, there are many stories about dolphins and humans. In the 19th century, in a dangerous part of the sea near New Zealand, there was a dolphin. 83. The seamen liked him very much and gave him a very good name, Jack. 84. From 1871 to 1903, Jack met every boat in the area and showed it the way. In 1903 a passenger on a boat named "The Penguin" shot and hurt Jack. Luckily the dolphin didn't die, and after a long time he was well again. He continued to guide the ships through the area for nine more years, but he refused to help the boat "The Penguin".

Today, some people still kill dolphins, but many countries in the world now protect them. 85. In these places, people are not allowed to kill them.

根据短文内容, 判断句子正(T) 误(F)。(5分)

81. Dolphins are not fish, so they don't live in groups.

答案: F

82. Dolphins usually use their ears to receive sounds.

答案: F

83. Jack was a dolphin named by seamen.

答案: T

84. The dolphin Jack guided the ships for 41 years.

答案: F

85. In many countries, people are not allowed to kill dolphins now.

答案: T

D

A. English-speaking Telephone Interviewer

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B. Gardener

A gardener is needed who can work once every two weeks to take care of a garden with many plants. Skill is of great importance. You must have experience in **gardening**. This job isn't suitable for students. Please call us at 0845 1999 4309

C. Café Assistant

We are looking for a part-time café assistant. Not only do we bake our own cakes daily, but we serve delicious foods to the locals. Full training will be given. Please call us at 0845 4758 5683

D. Part-time street distributor(分发者)

We are a parking company selling spaces within large car parks mainly to people driving into London, so you'll be introducing our services on high crowded roads, and you'll meet many local drivers. You need to work 4 hours per day. Please call us at 0845 5683 5632.

E. Weekend Restaurant Waitress

The Red Moon Restaurant needs a weekend waitress with experience in a restaurant. Good communication skills in both spoken and written English. Please call us at 020 5547 2391

请阅读下列求职人员的信息，并根据以上招聘广告为他们选择最适合的工作。(5分)

86. Alice will soon graduate from university. She wants run a bakery or a café in the future and now she wants to work in a bakery or a **café** to help achieve her dream.

答案： C

87. As a farmer, Mr. Dean enjoys working in his small garden in his spare time and he is good at **gardening**. Mr. Dean is now looking for a full-time job working in a garden.

答案： B

88. Gloria is a successful **telesales(电话销售)** manager working in south London. Now she would like to try another similar job with both high pay and changeable working hours.

答案： A

89. Julia is an American student studying at Oxford. She'd like to look for a part-time job. Julia is free on weekends and she used to work well as **waitress** in a New York restaurant.

答案： E

90. David has just moved to London and he wants to find an **outdoor** part-time job. David prefers to communicate with people, for he hopes to be familiar with both London and the locals as soon as possible.

答案： D

E

The first and oldest of the seven wonders is the Great Pyramid of Egypt. **91. There are three large pyramids at Giza**, outside the modern capital of Egypt, Cairo(开罗). The largest is called the Great Pyramid. It was built by a pharaoh(法老) Khufu as his tomb(坟墓). **92. The ancient Egyptians believed that they would have another life after death.** To prepare for their life after death, their bodies had to be specially treated. Their organs(器官) were taken away and their bodies were dried. These treated bodies are known as mummies(木乃伊).

93. The Great Pyramid took about twenty years to build. It was completed around 2480 BC. When it was finished, the pyramid was **94. 147.5 meters high. Now, it is about ten meters shorter.**

As its bottom, the pyramid has four sides. They are 229 meters long each. The structure(建筑)

物) is made of large stone — 2,300,000 of them! Each of these stones weighs over 2,000 kilograms. During construction(建造), **95.the workers did not have any special tools to do the work.** However, when the work was finished, the stones fitted so tightly together that you couldn't put a playing card between them.

People used to think that the Egyptians used slaves (奴隶) do all the work on the Great Pyramid. It is now seen that ordinary(普通的) people did most of the work for food.

根据短文内容，回答下列问题。(10分)

91. How many large pyramids are there at Giza?

答案: **Three (large pyramids).**

92. What did the ancient Egyptians believe?

答案: **They believed that they would have another life after death.**

93. How long did it take to build the Great Pyramid?

答案: **About twenty years**

94. What's the height of the Great Pyramid now?

答案: **(It's) 135.75 meters high now.**

95. Did ancient Egyptians use special tools to build the Great Pyramid?

答案: **No.**

指导建议: 长春中考阅读题大部分为细节题，一定要认真去原文找，答案自然揭晓。

五. 书面表达 (共 20 分)

XII. (A) 日前，一名即将毕业的初三学生写了一篇短文，感谢父母给他 **96.提供**的快乐生活；感谢 **97.努力工作的**老师们给予他的 **98.耐心**帮助；感谢 **99.同学们**一直和他 **100.一起**学习与玩耍。请你将短文补充完整，每空一词。(5分)

In my life, I get lost of help and love. Now I want to show my thanks.

First, I want to thank my parents. They **96.**_____ a happy life for me. They do much for me and give me so much love. Second, I want to thank my teachers. They are very **97.**_____. When I have problems with my study, they are so patient **98.**_____ me and help me solve them. Third, I want to thank my **99.**_____. We always study and play **100.**_____ and they make me feel less lonely.

I hope everyone is in good health and has a better life.

答案: **96. provide**

97. hard-working

98. with 解析: be patient with 固定搭配，意为: 对……有耐心

99. classmates

100. together

指导建议: 做小作文题，一定要看汉语提示，其次就是固定搭配了。

(B) 新年长辈给晚辈送红包是我国多年以来沿袭的风俗。随着互联网的发展进步，越来越多的人愿意接受微信红包。当然也有一部分人依然喜爱收到现金的感觉。针对这一现象，请你谈谈自己的感受。(15分)

内容包括: 1. What kind of money do you prefer, the digital red envelope or the cash?

2. Why do you like it better?

3. What do you plan to do with the money you get during the spring festival?

要求: 观点明确，语意连贯，80词左右。

答案: 略