

太原市 2016 届高三年级模拟试题（二）

英 语

第一部分 听力理解（略）

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，20 小题，每小题 3 分，共 60 分）

第一节：（共 15 小题； 每小题 3 分， 满分 45 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项中（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Happiness increases when we experience more positive emotions throughout the day. Fredrickson, a leader in the field of psychology, identifies 10 positive emotions, including joy, interest, hope, pride, amusement, inspiration, love and so on. How often we experience these positive emotions compared to negative emotions in a day affects not only our mood, but also our physical health. She has discovered that those who have a 3:1 ratio of positive to negative emotions on a daily basis are happier and healthier.

Sadly, most people, even those who consider themselves positive people, are far below that ratio. The good news is that you can learn to increase your ratio of being positive, which leads to greater happiness, health and success.

Research shows that by increasing positive emotions, are far below that by increasing positive emotions, we become more creative, perform better at tasks, and have better relationships. The most exciting finding is that we now have proof that self-generated positive emotions can improve our health.

Nevertheless, we don't want to get rid of all negative feelings. Negative emotions are proper and helpful sometimes. It's appreciate to feel sad about the loss of a loved one. Anger often pushes us into action to improve a situation or correct a mistake. However, if you find yourself or if you find yourself scolding your kids for laughing too loud while you are on the phone, you are having negative feelings in your daily life too often. Then you should step back and analyze those feelings, and turn them around.

21. What is the most exciting finding about increasing positive emotions?

- A. It improves relationships.
- B. It contributes to good health.
- C. It helps develop creativity.
- D. It leads to greater success.

22. What does the author say about negative feelings?
- A. People should turn every negative feeling around.
 - B. Negative feelings can sometimes have positive effects.
 - C. Negative feelings often cause people to make mistakes.
 - D. People should never show negative feelings in public places.
23. What is main idea of the passage?
- A. People should learn to manage their emotions.
 - B. People should be patient with their negative feelings.
 - C. People should learn to analyze the causes of unhappiness.
 - D. People should identify as many positive feelings as possible.

文章大意：文章为说明文，作者就积极感情和消极感情给人带来的正面的及负面的事情，说明了正负情感的影响和人们应如何面对正负感情。

21. B 细节题。根据文章第三段第二句话 The most exciting finding is that we now have proof that self-generated positive emotions can improve our health. 可知答案

22. B 细节题。A 可以根据第四段第一句排除；B 选项可根据第四段第二句得出；C 与文章内容相反，第四段第四句说得是 negative feelings 有利于改正错误。D 没有提及。

23. A 文章主旨大意题。通过前两个题目，可知文章既讲述了积极情绪，也将了负面情绪。BCD 选项片面，只有 A 涵盖了全文内容。

B

At 39 weeks pregnant most women would only be thinking of racing to hospital. But not Amber Miller, who set off to run the Chicago Marathon while expecting her second child any day.

As she neared the final stage of the race, she began to feel pain in the stomach. But the determined athlete managed to cross the finish line in 6 hours and 25 minutes.

Unbelievably the Chicago race was not even baby June's first marathon--Miller ran the Wisconsin Marathon earlier this year, four months pregnant. She also ran another marathon when she was about four months pregnant with her son, Caleb, 19 months.

Although there was extra weight, the seasoned runner's time was just 3 hours off her personal best.

Miller began to feel pain near the end of the race, but she was not sure if it was labor (分娩), because she typically feels some pain when she runs while pregnant. After her race she and her husband drove to Central DuPage Hospital in Winfield where she gave birth to the healthy 7 pounds, 13 ounce baby.

Miller decided to run because she and her husband had already signed up for the race. The athletic mother said she experienced an enthusiastic welcome from crowds as she ran along. But the devoted runner, who had completed eight marathons, admitted that she did get a few strange looks along the course.

“I know what I can handle. This is something I've been doing for a long time,” the experienced marathon runner said.

June was born at 10:29 p. m. on Sunday night after seven hours' labor. “She's absolutely perfect,” Miller said. “We are extremely happy, but very tired.”

After her surprising double achievement, Miller says she is planning to take some time off to concentrate on being a full-time mom.

24. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Miller failed to finish the race due to her labor.
- B. Miller's husband was against her running the race.
- C. Miller knew she was going to give birth at the end of the race.
- D. It wasn't Miller's first time to run a marathon while pregnant.

25. What is the name of Miller's kid born right after the Chicago Marathon?

- A. Caleb
- B. June
- C. Amber
- D. Wisconsin

26. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. People have different attitude to Miller's action.
- B. Miller will soon return for her favorite marathons.
- C. The baby was in danger at birth because of the race.
- D. Miller's personal best in marathons was over 6 hours.

27. Which is the best title of the passage?

- A. A young American couple loving Marathons
- B. How to finish the latest Chicago Marathon

- C. How do train a pregnant woman for Marathons
D. A pregnant woman giving birth after a marathon

24. 【细节题】答案： D。根据第三段: Unbelievably the Chicago race was not even baby June's first marathon....She also ran another marathon when she was about four months pregnant with her son, Caleb, 19 months 可以得知,这并不是 Miller 在怀孕的时候第一次参加马拉松, 答案选 D。

25. 【细节题】答案： B 。根据倒数第二段, June was born at 10:29 on Sunday night 可知, 答案为 B。

26. 【推理题】答案： A。从第六段, The athletic mother said she experienced an enthusiastic welcome from crowds as she ran along. But the devoted runner, who had completed eight marathons, admitted that she did get a few strange looks along the course. 可知有人热情欢迎, 有人却用怪异的眼神看待, 所以选 A,不同的人对这件事的态度不同。

27. 【标题题】答案： D。结合本篇文章, 是说一个怀孕妇女参加马拉松后顺利产子的故事, 所以 D 选项符合。

C

Three years ago a flash of lightning almost destroyed Lyn Diana's house in Aberdeen ----- with her two children inside. "There was a huge rainstorm," she says, recalling the terrifying experience. "My brother and I were outside making every effort to stop floodwater from coming in the house. Suddenly I was thrown to the ground by a very large bang. When I picked myself up, the roof and the whole upper storey of the house had been destroyed. The door was blocked by broken bricks, but we forced our way in and found the children, thankfully unharmed. Later I was told that to be struck by lightning is a chance in million. In fact, it's at one chance in 600,000. Even so, Dr. Mark Keys of AER Technology, an organization that monitors the effects of lightning, thinks you should be careful. He advises anyone who is unlucky enough to be caught in a storm to get down on the ground and bend into a ball, making yourself as small as possible."

Nancy Wilder was playing golf at a club in Surrey when she was hit by a flash of lightning. Mrs. Wilder's heart stopped beating, but she was brought back to consciousness and, after a few days in hospital, where she was treated for burns to her head, hands and feet, she was pronounced fit again. Since that time, she has been a completely fair-weather golfer. In fact, a golf course is one of the most dangerous places to be during a thunderstorm. The best place to be is inside a car!

Harold Deal, a retired electrician from South Carolina, USA, was struck by lightning 26 years ago. He seemed to be unhurt, but it later turned out that the strike had damaged the part of the brain which controls the sensation of temperature. Since then the freezing South Carolina winters haven't bothered Harold.

28. What damage did the rainstorm cause to Mrs. Diana's family?
- A. Her house was flooded and fell down.
B. Her children were seriously ill and hurt.
C. The top story of her house was completely destroyed.
D. The door in the house was broken by a very large bang.
29. What did Mrs. Wilder do after surviving the lightning strike?
- A. She played golf only on fine days.
B. She never played golf again.
C. She often went to see a doctor.
D. She never took any medicine.
30. What do we know about Harold Deal from the last paragraph?
- A. The lightning strike did not do any harm to him.
B. The lightning strike burnt his hair and skin terribly.
C. He suffered a lot from the freezing cold in South Carolina.
D. He wasn't sensitive to temperature after the lightning strike.
31. What can we conclude from the passage?
- A. It happens quite often that lightning strikes people during a storm.
B. During a thunderstorm you are safer in your house than in your car.
C. During a thunderstorm it is the safest for you to stay under a big round ball.
D. If you are caught in a storm, you'd get down as low as possible on the ground

解析: 28. 答案: C 分析: 细节题, 根据文章第一段第三行 my brother and I were outside making...the whole upper story of house had been destroy. 可知答案为 C。

29. 答案: A 分析: 细节题, 根据题干中的 Mrs. Wilder, 定位在第二段, since that time, she has been a completely fair-weather golfer. 可知答案为 A。

30. 答案: D 分析: 细节题, 根据题干中的 Harold Deal, 定位在最后一段, but it later turned out that the strike had damaged the part of the brain which controls the sensation of temperature. 可知答案为 D。

31. 答案: D 分析: 推理题, 根据文章中 he advises anyone who is unlucky enough to be caught in a storm to get down on the ground and bend into a ball, making yourself as small as possible. 可知答案为 D。

D

More and more people keep pets nowadays. The dog and the cat are lovable, beautiful and intelligent animals. A dog and a cat can teach us a lot about human nature. More than one owner of a dog has said that the animal understands everything he says to it. So a mother or father who has ever cared for pets is likely to be more patient and understanding with their children as well, and especially to avoid making negative or rude remarks in the presence of children, no matter how young.

A cat can teach us a valuable lesson about how to be contented, how to calm down at ease, how to sit, whereas a dog can teach us lessons of loyalty and devotion. So there's plenty to be said in favor of keeping pets. But with all that in mind, I still say let's stop keeping pets. To be practical, I am suggesting that if we do not now have a pet we should not get one; second, if we now have a pet, we let it be our last one. I could never say that pets are bad. I'm saying let's give up this good thing—the ownership of a pet.

The purchase, the health care, the feeling and housing and training of a pet – and I chiefly mean the larger, long-lived pets – cost time and money. The caring of a pet costs from a dollar a week to a dollar or more a day. I would not for a moment deny it is worth that. But **the fact** outside the walls of our home keeps breaking in on our awareness. Though we do not see the poverty-stricken people of India and Africa and South America, we can never quite forget that they are there. Now and then their faces are shown in the news, or in the begging ads of relief organization. Probably we send a donation, whenever we can.

The money and the time we spend on pets is simply not our own. Doing without pets and then sending the money saved to a relief organization would mean saving a life – over the years, several human lives. To give what we would spend on a cat might not feed a child, but it would probably pay for his medical care or basic education. The point needs no longer laboring. That is all that needs to be said.

32. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. People usually spend so much money on pets without rewards.
 - B. People have no money to solve the problem of poverty in the world.
 - C. Taking care of pets can help make our children and ourselves kinder.
 - D. The author calls on the people to stop raising pets at home because of diseases.
33. How are most pet owners different from others according to the passage?
- A. They can be more loyal and devoted.
 - B. They tend to be more patient and caring.

- C. They seem to be contented and calm.
- D. They are likely to be busy and independent.
34. What does the underlined part “the fact” refer to?
- A. More and more people like to keep dogs and cats.
- B. Nobody cares about the poverty-stricken people.
- C. Keeping pets causes much waste of money and time.
- D. Many people on earth are still suffering from poverty.
35. What is the author’s view about pet-keeping?
- A. Keeping pets can make us understand more about human and nature.
- B. Keeping pets for a long time makes people feel lack of communication.
- C. We should stop keeping pets to donate the money to the poor people.
- D. We must keep all kinds of pets to protect man and environment properly.

解析：

32. C. 细节题。A 选项原文没有提及 “reward” 的事情，并且让主人变得脾气更好也可以算作一种回报。B 选项未提及，原文只是说了把钱花在了养宠物上而不是捐出。D 选项 disease 未提及。

33. B. 细节题。第一段第五句可知。

34. D. 词义猜测题。根据后面的一句 “Though we do not see the poverty-stricken people of India and Africa and South America, we can never quite forget that they are there” 可知。

35. C. 主旨大意题。作者在前两段说明了养宠物的好处，但是第三段开始转折阐述了养宠物浪费金钱和时间的观点，并指出了这些时间和金钱可以用于帮助地球上的难民的观点。

第二节：（共 5 小题； 每小题 3 分， 满分 15 分）

阅读下列短文，从所给的七个选项中，选出与文中横线处匹配的最佳选项，并填在题号后。

How to get along with your boss

In your career, you may have to report to a manager, the person you call boss. 36 Here are some tips to help you develop an effective relationship with your boss.

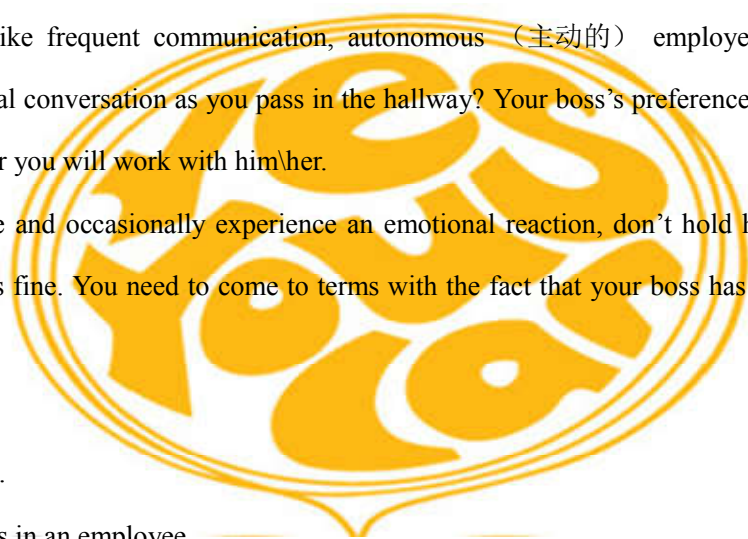
The first step is to develop a positive relationship with your boss. Relationships are based on trust. 37 Keep timetable commitments (承诺). Never blindside your manager with surprise that you could have predicted or prevented. Keep him/her informed about projects and interactions with the rest of the organization.

Tell the boss when you have made an error or one of your reporting staff has made a mistake. 38 Lies or efforts to mislead always result in further stress for you as you worry about getting “caught”. Communicate daily or weekly to build the relationship.

Recognize that success at work is not all about you. 39 Identify your boss’s areas of weakness or greatest challenges and ask what you can do to help. What are your boss’s biggest worries? How can your contribution reduce these concerns? Understand your boss’s goals and priorities. Place emphasis in your work to match her priorities. Think in terms of the overall success of your department and company, not just about your narrow world at work.

40 Does he/she like frequent communication, autonomous (主动的) employees, requests in writing in advance of meeting, or informal conversation as you pass in the hallway? Your boss’s preferences are important. The better you understand them, the better you will work with him/her.

If you sometimes disagree and occasionally experience an emotional reaction, don’t hold hatred. Don’t make threats about leaving. Disagreement is fine. You need to come to terms with the fact that your boss has more authority and power than you do.

- 
- A. Value your boss’s time.
 - B. Do what you say you’ll do.
 - C. Identify what he/she values in an employee.
 - D. Cover-ups don’t contribute to an effective relationship.
 - E. Put your boss’s needs at the center of your universe.
 - F. Learning how to read your boss’s moods and reactions is also helpful.
 - G. The relationship with your boss is important for your work success and career progress.

解析:

36. G 段中选项, 承接上下句。上文有 boss, 后文有 to help you develop an effective relationship with your boss, 和 The relationship with your boss is important 一致。

37. B 段中选项，从前一句 Relationships are based on trust 和后一句的 Keep timetable commitments 可以得知，空处需要 trust 与之承接。

38. D 段中选项，后句有 Lies or efforts to mislead always result in further stress 与选项中 Cover-ups don't contribute to an effective relationship 近义。

39. E 段中选项，从下文的一系列 Identify your boss's areas of weakness or greatest challenges, Understand your boss's goals and priorities. 可以得知与选项内容 Put your boss's needs at the center of your universe 相符。

40. C 段首选项，后文的 Does he\she like frequent communication, autonomous employees 与选项中 Identify what he\she values in an employee 一致。

第三部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分 55 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A, B, C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，答案写在答题卡上。

Sitting here, I go through my mum's old journals, reading them very differently from the first time I found them.

It was a number of years ago, when I was twelve, I found 41 just lying around her 42 room. That day I read each line with growing 43 and horror. I couldn't believe that woman who fed me as a baby and read me fairy tales had written this, I will never forget the first line I read: "They all want to take me away and 44 me!"

45 I thought of the other day, when she was 46 around the house, I was sitting at the dining room table with my grandmother, working on a five-thousand-piece puzzle (拼图) that takes a 47 to solve. Suddenly, the front door was violently thrown open. My mother ran in screaming at the top of her lungs that my grandmother had put a bomb in her room.

Then she ran into the room and shoved (掀) our puzzle off the table, smashing it into the five thousand pieces we had 48. It scared me. 49, something was 50 my mother.

My 51 ended then, when the doctor told me she had hallucinations (幻想症). I started to understand that her illness wasn't something I could 52. That was when I realized that other kids always 53 she was different when they came over to play.

I always wondered 54 I could do but there is no solution. But dealing with my mother has given me a different

outlook on life. I try not to 55 my problems. If my mum starts making strange remarks, I leave the room and call someone. Just 56 is one of the best treatments in the world. If there's no one to talk to, I 57 the violin or some other hobbies to forget about things for a time.

As I think about the past, I see that mum was 58 an entire life. Thankfully, I haven't been. To me, each day is just one piece of the 59, one piece among the thousands we spend our lives putting together, hoping it won't 60.

41. A. them B. those C. it D. myself
42. A. empty B. strange C. clear D. messy
43. A. joy B. astonishment C. doubt D. happiness
44. A. protect B. comfort C. kill D. confirm
45. A. Yet B. Then C. However D. Though
46. A. nervous B. relaxed C. angry D. surprised
47. A. life-time B. day C. full-time D. moment
48. A. prepared B. made C. begun with D. looked for
49. A. Luckily B. Even C. Still D. Obviously
50. A. wrong with B. connected with C. cautions about D. worried about
51. A. hard time B. childhood C. bad luck D. memories
52. A. forgive B. miss C. ignore D. overcome
53. A. felt B. heard C. hoped D. expected
54. A. where B. when C. which D. what
55. A. depend on B. face C. concentrate on D. calculate
56. A. waiting B. talking C. singing D. smiling
57. A. buy B. play C. talk with D. turn to
58. A. devoted to B. charged with C. led to D. robbed of
59. A. toy B. puzzle C. page D. journal
60. A. fall apart B. come up C. come off D. fall over

解析:

41.A. 考查代词, 代指前文的 journals

42.D. 考查形容词辨析, 根据后文可知其母亲有幻想症, 精神有问题, 可知其房间情况。

- 43.B. 考查名词辨析, 根据和后面的 horror 并列可知
- 44.C. 考查动词辨析, 根据上文 take me away 可知
- 45.B. 考查副词辨析, 根据前后文可知选 then。
- 46.C. 考查形容词辨析, 根据后文 “My mother ran in screaming” 可知
- 47.A. 考查名词辨析, 根据文章结尾处 we spend our lives putting together 可知
- 48.C. 考查动词词组辨析, 根据句意 “又撞成上千块碎片” 可知
- 49.D. 考查副词辨析, 根据上下文它妈妈古怪的行为可知,
- 50.A. 根据上文妈妈的一系列奇怪的动作可知
- 51.B 考查名词辨析, 根据后一句话 “I started to understand that” 可知
- 52.C 考查动词辨析, 根据句意可知
- 53.A 考查动词辨析, 根据句意可知
- 54.D 考查疑问词辨析, 我在幻想我该做什么
- 55.C 考查动词词组辨析, 根据上文说妈妈对我有一定的影响
- 56.B 考察动词辩词, 根据上文的提示
- 57.D 根据空后的两个并列宾语 “the violin or other hobbies” 可知搭配 turn to 转向, 求助于
- 58.D 考查动词词组辨析, 联系上下文句意可知
- 59.B 根据上文 47 选项可知
- 60.A 根据上文把拼图拼好, 希望不要破碎

第二节 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下列材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式, 答案写在答题卡上。

You may feel short of money even if you have a good salary. The following are some tips on _____ 61 _____ to save your money. First, set goals to save money and form money-saving _____ 62 _____ (habits) while staying away from those who waste money. Think twice before using money on expensive care products.

Second, cut down your daily expense. When going to a supermarket, write down what you want to buy to avoid _____ 63 _____ (buy) unnecessary stuff. Girls, _____ 64 _____ always spend money on clothes, should keep _____ 65 _____ eye open for discounts ——you’re likely to buy good summer dress in winter at a _____ 66 _____ (reason) price. Third, economize your social life. When it’s your turn to buy a meal, invite your friends to your home and cook the dinner _____ 67 _____ (you). If you separate from your boyfriend, you’re _____ 68 _____ (suppose) to donate the gifts he sent to you some

charities instead 69 throwing them away. 70 (final), you need to find other ways to earn extra money.

解析:

61. how, 根据下文可知是在讨论如何省钱, 所以填 how。
62. habits, 根据题目可知空格处为宾语, 空格给的为名词, 分析填复数。
63. buying, 考查 avoid doing sth 的搭配。
64. who, 分析句子可知考查非限制性定语从句, 缺主语, 修饰人, 故应该填 who。
65. an, 考查固定搭配 keep an eye open for sth 。
66. reasonable, 分析句子, 可知需要填一个形容词, 故填 reasonable。
67. yourself, 根据句义可知填你自己 yourself。
68. are supposed, 根据句义可知考查 be supposed to do 的固定搭配。
69. of, 考查 instead of 的搭配。
70. Finally, 分析句子可知, 要填副词, 位于句首应该大写。

第二卷

第四部分写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (^), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下面划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

My flat is on the fifth floor of a high-rise building where is opposite a busy road. During the day we can hear the traffic passed outside, which can be quite disturbing. Fortunately, there was a park just outside our building, so we have a pleasant view of grass and trees from our living room with two window. I often walk away through the park to get to the bus stop on the other's side. I go to work by bus every day. Wait for the bus takes me some time. The town centre is quite near to my flat, so it's convenience for both shopping and entertainment. It's really a good place to live. Warmly welcome to your neighbourhood.

解析:

1: where 改成 which	考点: 定语从句关系代词做主语。
2: passed 改成 passing	考点: 非谓语动词做宾语补足语。
3: was 改成 is	考点: 动词时态语态。
4: window 改成 windows	考点: 名词复数
5: walk 之后去掉 away	考点:
6: other' s 改成 other	考点:
7: Wait 改成 Waiting	考点: 动名词做主语
8: convenience 改成 convenient	考点: 形容词作表语
9: live 之后加 in	考点: 不定式做定语
10: your 改成 our/my	考点: 代词

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假如你叫李华,你想邀请你的美国朋友 Mr. Smith 与你一起参观中国画展。请你根据以下要点给他发一个 e-mail。

要点: 1. 介绍画展 ◆中外名画

◆展期: 本月 25 日-30 日

◆地点: 艺术博物馆

2. 约定会面的时间和地点

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右
2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;
3. 开头、结尾已为你写好。

Dear Mr. Smith,

How are you doing these days? Knowing that you're greatly interested in paintings, I am writing to invite you to visit an Art Exhibition this month.

Here are some details. To begin with, the exhibition will cover a large number of well-known paintings of both Chinese and other countries. Additionally, it will be held from 25th to 30th in April in a local Art Museum which is located beside my school. Last but not least, let's make the date on the day before the show and I'll pick you up at the airport.

Hopefully, we would enjoy it together.

Looking forward to our earliest reply.

Yours,
Li Hua