[™]新东方网四六级频道 http://cet4-6.xdf.cn/

2016年6月18号四级真题答案及解析(沈阳新东方版)

-写作范文:

Writing : For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a letter to express your thanks to your parents or any other family member upon making a memorable achievement. You should write at least 120 words but no more than 180 words.

参考范文(沈阳新东方 魏靖人老师版)

June 18, 2016 Dear mom and dad,

I am writing this letter to express my appreciation and gratefulness to you both, due to your endeavor to cultivate and nurture and nourish your daughter in the past twenty years. And I am especially excited to tell you that I am accepted to my university for postgraduate study.

Plenty of memorable memories come to my mind at the moment when you both exert all your attention to me in the passing days. I still remember last time when I was sick, mom asked for a leave and took care of me for almost a whole month. During the period, dad also stayed at home to relieve my pressure, accompanying me all the time. That was the most precious and valuable moment in my life, which I can never forget. So you both are the first ones that I want to express my thanks to.

I will spare no pains to make achievements for my postgraduate study career. And I will love you both forever.

Sincerely yours

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卷二写作范文

Writing :For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a letter to express your thanks to one of your friends who helped you most when you were in difficulty. You should write at least 120 words but no more than 180 words.

June 18, 2016 Dear Tom,

I am writing this letter to express my appreciation and gratefulness to you, due to your help and

accompanying in the past few months when I was badly sick. And I am especially excited to tell you that I am refreshed and revitalized at the moment as I used to be.

Plenty of memorable moments come to my mind at the moment when you both exert all your attention to take care of me in the passing days. I still remember you asked for a leave the whole day. During the period, you stayed at home to relieve my pressure, accompanying me all the time. That was the most precious and valuable moment in my life, which I can never forget. So you are the extremely special person that I want to express my thanks to.

I will spare no pains to help you out in the rest of my life, and celebrate the exceptional friendship between us.

卷一听力答案:

News 1:

You probably think college students are experts at sleeping, but parties — preparations for test personal problems and generally stress can rewrite a student' s sleep habits which can be bad for the body and for mind. Texas University is even offering a class called improving your sleep habits. People suffering from sleep loss are suffering increased risk from obesity **1.psychological problems and car crashes**. Students who don' t get enough sleep have poor attendance and lower grades. On top of all that, a new study published in the journey "Learning and Memory" finds you are probably better sleeping than making last-minute preparations for your test. 200 hundred college kids were talked about unfamiliar video games. Subjects who learn the games in the morning lost some skills when they played again 12 hours later. **2.But they did much better after getting a good sleep. So if you really want to do your job well, don't forget to get some sleep.**

1. What is the news report mainly about?

2. What is the finding of the new study published in the journey learning and memory?

News 2:

Longquses, the late flights are over-crowing at airports have become a almost much-talked topic conversation in Britain, as the traditional complaining about the weather. Meanwhile, there are complains that the poor service at London's major airports is discouraging foreigners' business in Britain. Much of the criticism is directed the British airport authority, which runs 7 major airports, including the 3 main ones serving in London. (3)The competition commission is now to investigate whether the British airport authority needs to set off some the attacks. The idea is the competition between rival operators would lead to better service at airports. The British authority, recently bought by a Spanish company, says the route cause of the problem is not the ownership structure, (4) but a lack of long-way internal capacity, which is addressing through a program of heading investment.

Q3:What is the competition commission is going to investigate?

The second seco

Q4: What is the route cause of the poor service at British airport according to the British airport authority?

News 3:

She says Tobacco companies have to measure the nicotine content of every type of cigarettes and report the result. 5.The department of public health in Boston gather and make conclusions 1600 brains the can make contents 6.79 with young smokers that worries the department nature that in San Francisco 10 percent higher than it was 16 years ago. Which means that is easier than 7.big company has always insisted that they are frank with the customers about dangerous smokers with enough detail to make decision. However, one of studies. And will discuss the detail contents of their products.

5. What do tobacco company do under the law

6. What do we learn from the study by public health in Boston?

7. What do we learn from the news report about big tobacco company?

SectionB

Question 8 to 11 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

Conversation 1.

Man: You know one thing that I want to ask you, it is greatly you have happy experiences of teaching in Indonesia and following are what you have just mentioned. What would you to recommend for students to not live in English speaking country? And you know, they want to learn. I don't know about affecting but they want at least to communicate decently. How can we go about this?

Woman: Yeah, it is really hard. That is the real struggle because right now (8) I do live in Holland but I really don't socialize with those people. And my boyfriend's English is so good that we just basically speak English all the time. So I have to make a real effort to practice. There are much exposure that I want. All I need to do is to turn on the TV.

Man: And reading also, right?

Woman: Yeah, reading. There are plenty I can read and listen to. But for speaking, there really is no substitute for time to use and speak the language in a relaxed atmosphere. So I think that is really the challenge for people who live in a country (9)where their target language isn't spoken. And for that, gush, what would I do? If I don't have people here, (10) probably try to find a club? In Sweden, they have a really cool system called study circles where it's not. (11) It's like a course, but really you just have a course leader, who is there sort of having a coaching guy and to help out. And you don't get grades, and you go just because you want to learn.

Q8: Where does the woman live rightnow?Q9:What does the woman say is the real challenge?Q10: What does the woman suggest doing to learn to speak a foreign language?Q11: What does the woman say about the study circles in Sweden?

8 A) Holland B) Indonesia C) England D) Sweden9 A) Talking with her boyfriend in Dutch B) Acquiring the necessary ability to socialize

- C) Getting a coach who can offer real help D. Learning a language where it is not spoken
- 10. A) practicing reading aloud as often as possible
 - B) Listening to languages programs on the radio
 - C) Trying to speak it as much as one can
 - D) Making friends with native speakers
- 11. A) It provides opportunities for language practice
 - B) It trains young people's leadership abilities
 - C) It offers various courses with credit points
 - D) It creates an environments for socializing

Questions 12 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

Conversation2

W: OK, Nathan, we are talking driving. Are there any rules you'd like to change ?

M: Sure, I want to change rules. I like the police to be strict with the rules. Like, if the people jump the traffic lights, i don;t know if why there is no camera under the traffic lights to stop people from doing that. Or there is speeding, it is very easy to put speed cameras in certain places.

W: Maybe car manufacturers should have some responsibilities in limiting the power of their engines. What's the point of producing the engines that is powerful enough to get 200 kilometers /h when the speed limit is only 100.

M: Right. There is no speed limit in Germany

W; People there drive responsible, though. Often, people break the law simply because the law is there. If the law isn't there, people will drive with their ability range. When they got speed limits, this creates situation actually present dangers on the road.

M: Do you think Germans have better education on the personal responsibility when driving ? W: Possibly, they have very good cars,

M: Right.

W: If you've got good cars and go at a high speed, it is very nice to do that.

- M: i still with care.
- W: so that is restriction that creates dangers sometimes
- MOK

W: Obviously, When driving through residential areas where there is a school, you have help from

- speed policeman
- M; speed-bumps
- W: yes, the speed-bumps, they help you to slow down.
- M: So you don't think funding people is useful ?
- W: Not really, because the police don't have time to police every single driver.
- 12. What do the speakers mainly talking about ?
- 13. What do you think the car manufacturers should do ?
- 14. What can we learn about people driving in Germany ?

Section C



Passage One

Questions 16 to 18 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

Behind the cards register at store in downtown San Francisco. Sam Azar swipes his credit card to pay for a pack of cigarettes. The store's card beater fail to scan the card's man-made script. Azar tried again and again, no luck. As customers began to queue, Mr. Azar reached beneath the counter for a plastic black bag. He ripes one wear the plastic on the card and tried again. Success, the send was completed. I don't know how it works. It just does, said Mr. Azar who learned the trick for another clerk. Therefore, the company that makes the store card reader would not confirm or deny that plastic bag trick worked. But it is one of the many low tech fixes for high tech failure that people went out engineering degrees have to discovered often out of destination and shared. Today's shaky economy is likely to produce many more such tricks. In postwar Japan, the economy is doing the great, so you could not use news items like household clears. Says Liti Katiyama, author of Yowaza, a book named after the Japanese term for clever lifestyles and tricks. So people look for ways, today the Americans are finding their own tips and tricks malfunctioning devices with supplies simple as paper and glue. Some like Mr. Azar, plastic bags are open to argument as the holiday work, whether they really at work at all. But many tech can be explained by a little science. 147

- 16. What happened when Sam Azar swiped his credit card to pay for his purchase?
- 17. How did Sam Azar managed to complete his sale?

18. A

18. What is today's shaky economy likely to do?

16. C .17. B.

Passage two

Questions 19 to 21 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

If you are a graduate student, you may depend on your adviser for many things including help with improving graduates, financial support, forming and examining committee and getting letters of recommendation. If you are a graduate teaching assistant, your adviser may be your boss. Academic apartments vary in procedure for assigning academic advisers to graduate students. In some departments, either the chairman or director of graduate studies serves to relive semester as a new student adviser. Then students select adviser based on shared academic interests. In other departments, a new student is assigned a adviser based on some distribution of departments advisers. graduates you must have among differing departments Later students may have opportunity to select adviser they prefer. 20.In many cases, new graduate students can learn who advisers or temporary advisers are by visiting or emailing departmental office by asking information. 21 Graduation requires specifies of the number you must earn own average you must achieve and distribution of graduates you must have for among differing study. In addition, it is necessary to apply for graduation, when you near the final, you will be completing graduation Since Some graduation requirements vary among the university. You should requirements. consult information, you should also direct to question or departmental office on academic adviser.

19 what does the speaker say about procedures for assigning academic advisers?20 how can graduate students learn who their advisers are?21 what does the speaker say about the graduation requirements?

Passage Three

Question 22 to 25 are based on the passage you have just heard.

Joly Hoberd is a diet and nutrition expert who travels around the state to speak in middle and high schools. She primarily speaks to students in health classes but sometimes the school will arrange for her to speak to several different groups of girls. Her biggest concern is the emphasis American culture places business and negative ways of these girls today. Joly has the Ph.D nutrition but more important, she has personal experience, her mother tell her to diet when she was only 8 years old. Joly has created several different presentations, which she gives to different types of audiences and she tries to establish an emotional connection with the students so that they will feel comfortable when asking questions or talking to her privately. She shows the pictures and images from popular culture of beautiful women and explain how computers are used to make the women look even more often and beautiful than their lives. She describes how the definition of beauty has changed over the years and even from culture to culture. She went on talks at issues and physical damage that can occur the result of dieting. Finally, she addresses self-respect and that notion the person sense of beauty must include more of person ways. Sometimes Joly feels that she succeeds persuading some students to cease dieting and other times she feels that she fails.

- 22. A) Ph.D. Candidates in dieting B) Students majoring in nutrition
- C) Students in health classes D) Middle and high school teachers
- 23. A) its emphasis on thinners B) it changes the criteria for beauty
 - C) Its mistaken conception of nutrition D) its overestimate of the effect of dieting.
- 24. A) to demonstrate the magic effect of dieting on women
- B) to explain how computer images can be misleading
- C) to prove that technology has impacted our culture
- D) to illustrate her point that beauty is but skin deep.

25. A) to help students rid themselves of bad living habits

B) to establish an emotional connection with studentsC) to promote her own concept of beautyD) to persuade girls to stop dieting.

-阅读答案

第一套:

26 正确答案 O (tend)27 正确答案 A (attendance)28 正确答案 L (performance)





29 正确答案	Κ	(particularly)
30 正确答案	Ν	(survive)
31 正确答案	Е	(dropping)
32 正确答案	J	(mutually)
33 正确答案	Η	(flow)
34 正确答案	F	(essential)
35 正确答案	Ι	(mood)
		- 109 L
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Section B

Directions: In this section, you are going to read a passage with ten statements attached to it. Each statement contains information given in one of the paragraphs. Identify the paragraph from which the information is derived. You may choose a paragraph more than once. Each paragraph is marked with a letter. Answer the questions by marking the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet 2.

Finding the Right Home - and Contentment, Too

- [A] When your elderly relative needs to enter some sort of long-term care facility a moment few parents or children approach without fear --- what you would like is to have everything made Recent Clarks in the Netherlands reput that children whater more charges whether clear.
- [B] Does assisted living really mark a great improvement over a nursing home, or has the industry simply hired better interior designers? Are nursing homes as bad as people fear, or is that an out-moded stereotype (固定看法)? Can doing one's homework really steer families to the best places? It is genuinely hard to know.
- [C] I am about to make things more complicated by suggesting that what kind of facility an older person lives in may matter less than we have assumed. And that the characteristics adult children look for when they begin the search are not necessarily the things that make a difference to the people who are going to move in. I am not talking about the quality of care, let me hastily add. Nobody flourishes in a gloomy environment with irresponsible staff and a poor safety record. But an accumulating body of research indicates that some distinctions between one type of elder care and another have little real bearing on how well residents do.
- [D] The most recent of these studies, published in The Journal of Applied Gerontology, surveyed 150 Connecticut residents of assisted living, nursing homes and smaller residential care homes (known in some states as board and care homes or adult care homes). Researchers from the University of Connecticut Health Center asked the residents a large number of questions about their quality of life, emotional well-being and social interaction, as well as about the quality of the facilities.

[E] "We thought we would see differences based on the housing types," said the lead author of the study, Julie Robison, an associate professor of medicine at the university. A reasonable assumption — don't families struggle to avoid nursing homes and suffer real guilt if they can't? 4. -6



- [F] In the initial results, assisted living residents did paint the most positive picture. They were less likely to report symptoms of depression than those in the other facilities, for instance, and less likely to be bored or lonely. They scored higher on social interaction.
- [G] But when the researchers plugged in a number of other variables, such differences disappeared. It is not the housing type, they found, that creates differences in residents' responses. "It is the characteristics of the specific environment they are in, combined with their own personal characteristics — how healthy they feel they are, their age and marital status," Dr. Robison explained. Whether residents felt involved in the decision to move and how long they had lived there also proved significant.
- [H] An elderly person who describes herself as in poor health, therefore, might be no less depressed in assisted living (even if her children preferred it) than in a nursing home. A person who had input into where he would move and has had time to adapt to it might do as well in a nursing home as in a small residential care home, other factors being equal. It is an interaction between the person and the place, not the sort of place in itself, that leads to better or worse experiences. "You can't just say, 'Let's put this person in a residential care home instead of a nursing home she will be much better off," Dr. Robison said. What matters, she added, "is a combination of what people bring in with them, and what they find there."
- [I] Such findings, which run counter to common sense, have surfaced before. In a multi-state study of assisted living, for instance, University of North Carolina researchers found that a host of variables the facility's type, size or age; whether a chain owned it; how attractive the neighborhood was had no significant relationship to how the residents fared in terms of illness, mental decline, hospitalizations or mortality. What mattered most was the residents' physical health and mental status. What people were like when they came in had greater consequence than what happened once they were there.
- [J] As I was considering all this, a press release from a respected research firm crossed my desk, announcing that the five-star rating system that Medicare developed in 2008 to help families compare nursing home quality also has little relationship to how satisfied its residents or their family members are. As a matter of fact, consumers expressed higher satisfaction with the one-star facilities, the lowest rated, than with the five-star ones. (More on this study and the star ratings will appear in a subsequent post.)
- [K] Before we collectively tear our hair out how are we supposed to find our way in a landscape this confusing? here is a thought from Dr. Philip Sloane, a geriatrician (老年病学专家) at the University of North Carolina: "In a way, that could be liberating for families."





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	Of course, sons and daughters want to visit the facilities, talk to the administrators and resi-
	dents and other families and do everything possible to fulfill their dutics. But permay
	don't have to turn themselves into private investigators or Congressional subcommutees.
	lies can look a bit more for where the residents are going to be happy," Dr. Sloane said. And
	involving the future resident in the process can be very important.
3	M]We all have our own ideas about what would bring our parents happiness. They have their
	ideas, too. A friend recently took her mother to visit an expensive assisted living/nursing home
	near my town. I have seen this place — it is elegant, inside and out. But nobody greeted the
	daughter and mother when they arrived, though the visit had been planned; nobody introduced
	them to the other residents. When they had lunch in the dining room, they sat alone at a table.
	them to the other residents. When they had make in the damag room, and
	[N] The daughter feared her mother would be ignored there, and so she decided to move her into a
	more welcoming facility. Based on what is emerging from some of this research, that might
	have been as rational a way as any to reach a decision.
	36. Many people feel guilty when they cannot find a place other than a nursing home for their
	parents.
	37. Though it helps for children to investigate care facilities, involving their parents in the deci-
	sion-making process may prove very important.
	38. It is really difficult to tell if assisted living is better than a nursing home.
	39. How a resident feels depends on an interaction between themselves and the care facility they
	live in.
	40. The author thinks her friend made a rational decision in choosing a more hospitable place over
	an apparently elegant assisted living home.
	the second s
	41. The system Medicare developed to rate nursing home quality is of little help to finding a satisfactory place.
	42. At first the researchers of the most recent study found residents in assisted living facilities gave
	higher scores on social interaction.
	43. What kind of care facility old people live in may be less important than we think.
	4.8
	44. The findings of the latest research were similar to an earlier multi-state study of as
	news course of many of colorest markets that is also each in application of works to be also be also
	45. A resident's satisfaction with a care facility has much to do with whether they had
	in the decision to move in and how long they had stayed there.

36 E

Many people feel guilty when they cannot find a place other than a nursing home for their parents.

37L

Though it helps for children to investigate care facilities, involving their parents in the decision-making process may prove very important.

38B

It is really difficult to tell if assisted living is better than a nursing home.

39H

How a resident feels depends on an interaction between themselves and the care facility they live in.

40N

The author thinks her friend made a rational decision in choosing a more hospitable place over an apparently elegant assisted living home.

41J

The system Medicare developed to rate nursing home quality is of little help to finding a satisfactory place.

42F

At first the researchers of the most recent study found residents in assisted living facilities gave higher scores on social interaction.

43C

What kind of care facility old people live in may be less important than we think.

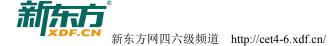
44I

The findings of the latest research were similar to an earlier multi-state study of assisted living.

45G

A resident's satisfaction with a care facility has much to do with whether they had participated in the decision to move in and how long they had stayed there.





- 44. The findings of the latest research were similar to an earlier multi-state study of assisted living.
- 45. A resident's satisfaction with a care facility has much to do with whether they had participated in the decision to move in and how long they had stayed there.

Section C

Directions: There are 2 passages in this section. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet 2 with a single line through the centre.

Passage One

Questions 46 to 50 are based on the following passage.

As Artificial Intelligence (AI) becomes increasingly sophisticated, there are growing concerns that robots could become a threat. This danger can be avoided, according to computer science professor Stuart Russell, if we figure out how to turn human values into a programmable code.

Russell argues that as robots take on more complicated tasks, it's necessary to translate our morals into AI language.

For example, if a robot does chores around the house, you wouldn't want it to put the pet cat in the oven to make dinner for the hungry children. "You would want that robot preloaded with a good set of values," said Russell.

Some robots are already programmed with basic human values. For example, mobile robots have been programmed to keep a comfortable distance from humans. Obviously there are cultural differences, but if you were talking to another person and they came up close in your personal space, you wouldn't think that's the kind of thing a properly brought-up person would do.

It will be possible to create more sophisticated moral machines, if only we can find a way to set

out human values as clear rules. Robots could also learn values from drawing patterns from large sets of data on human behavior.

They are dangerous only if programmers are careless. The biggest concern with robots going against human values is that human beings fail to do

sufficient testing and they've produced a system that will break some kind of taboo (禁忌). One simple check would be to program a robot to check the correct course of action with a

human when presented with an unusual situation. If the robot is unsure whether an animal is suitable for the microwave, it has the opportunity to stop, send out beeps (漸漸声), and ask for directions from a human. If we humans aren't quite sure about a decision, we go and ask somebody else. 4. .9





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The most difficult step in programming values will be deciding exactly what we believe is moral, and how to create a set of ethical rules. But if we come up with an answer, robots could be good for humanity. 46. What does the author say about the threat of robots? A) It may constitute a challenge to computer programmers. B) It accompanies all machinery involving high technology. C) It can be avoided if human values are translated into their language. D) It has become an inevitable peril as technology gets more sophisticated. 47. What would we think of a person who invades our personal space according to the author? C) They are ignorant. A) They are aggressive. D) They are ill-bred. B) They are outgoing. 48. How do robots learn human values? A) By interacting with humans in everyday life situations. B) By following the daily routines of civilized human beings. C) By picking up patterns from massive data on human behavior. D) By imitating the behavior of properly brought-up human beings. 49. What will a well-programmed robot do when facing an unusual situation? A) Keep a distance from possible dangers. B) Stop to seek advice from a human being. C) Trigger its built-in alarm system at once. D) Do sufficient testing before taking action. 50. What is most difficult to do when we turn human values into a programmable code? A) Determine what is moral and ethical. B) Design some large-scale experiments. C) Set rules for man-machine interaction. D) Develop a more sophisticated program. Passage Two Questions 51 to 55 are based on the following passage. Why do some people live to be older than others? You know the standard explanations: keeping a moderate diet, engaging in regular exercise, etc. But what effect does your personality have on your longevity (长寿)? Do some kinds of personalities lead to longer lives? A new study in the Journal of the American Geriatrics Society looked at this question by examining the personality characteristics of 246 children of people who had lived to be at least 100. 4 .. 10

46 正确答案 C

What does the author say about the threat of robots?

1Xa

A) It may constitute a challenge to computer programmers.

B) It accompanies all machinery involving high technology.

C) It can be avoided if human values are translated into their languages.

D) It has become an inevitable peril as technology gets more sophisticated.

47 正确答案 D



What would we think of a person who invades our personal space according to the author?

- A) They are aggressive.
- B) They are outgoing.
- C) They are ignorant.
- D) They are ill-bred.

48 正确答案 C

How do robots learn human values?

- A) By interacting with humans in everyday life situations.
- B) By following the daily routines of civilized human beings.
- C) By picking up patterns from massive data on human behavior
- D) By imitating the behavior of properly brought-up human beings.

49 正确答案 B

What will a well-programmed robot do when facing an unusual situation?

- A) Keep a distance from possible dangers.
- B) Stop to seek advice from a human being.
- C) Trigger its built-in alarm system at once.
- D) Do sufficient testing before taking action.

50 正确答案 A

What is most difficult to do when we turn human values into a programmable code?

- A) Determine what is moral and ethical.
- B) Design some large-scaled.
- C) Set rules for man-machine interaction.
- D) Develop a more sophisticated program.

Passage Two

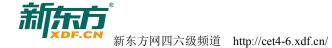
Questions 51 to 55 are based on the following passage.

Why do some people live to be older than others? You know the standard explanations: keeping a moderate diet, engaging in regular exercise, etc. But what effect does your personality have on your *longevity* (关寿)? Do some kinds of personalities lead to longer lives? A new study in the *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society* looked at this question by examining the personality characteristics of 246 children of people who had lived to be at least 100.



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The study shows that those living the longest are more outgoing, more active and less neurotic (神经质的) than other people. Long-living women are also more likely to be sympathetic and cooperative than women with a normal life span. These findings are in agreement with what you would expect from the evolutionary theory: those who like to make friends and help others can gather enough resources to make it through tough times.

Interestingly, however, other characteristics that you might consider advantageous had no impact on whether study participants were likely to live longer. Those who were more self-disciplined, for instance, were no more likely to live to be very old. Also, being open to new ideas had no relationship to long life, which might explain all those bad-tempered old people who are fixed in their ways.

Whether you can successfully change your personality as an adult is the subject of a longstanding psychological debate. But the new paper suggests that if you want long life, you should strive to be as outgoing as possible.

Unfortunately, another recent study shows that your mother's personality may also help determine your longevity. That study looked at nearly 28,000 Norwegian mothers and found that those moms who were more anxious, depressed and angry were more likely to feed their kids unhealthy diets. Patterns of childhood eating can be hard to break when we're adults, which may mean that kids of depressed moms end up dying younger.

Personality isn't destiny (命运), and everyone knows that individuals can learn to change. But both studies show that long life isn't just a matter of your physical health but of your mental health.

51. The aim of the study in the Journal of the American Geriatrics Society is

- A) to see whether people's personality affects their life span
- B) to find out if one's lifestyle has any effect on their health
- C) to investigate the role of exercise in living a long life
- D) to examine all the factors contributing to longevity

52. What does the author imply about outgoing and sympathetic people?

- A) They have a good understanding of evolution.
- B) They are better at negotiating an agreement.
- C) They generally appear more resourceful.

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D) They are more likely to get over hardship.

53. What finding of the study might prove somewhat out of our expectation?

- A) Easy-going people can also live a relatively long life.
 - B) Personality characteristics that prove advantageous actually vary with times.
 - C) Such personality characteristics as self-discipline have no effect on longevity.
 - D) Readiness to accept new ideas helps one enjoy longevity.

4. .11





54. What does the recent study of Norwegian mothers show? A) Children's personality characteristics are invariably determined by their mothers. B) People with unhealthy eating habits are likely to die sooner. C) Mothers' influence on children may last longer than fathers' a out to the longer D) Mothers' negative personality characteristics may affect their children's life spans. 55. What can we learn from the findings of the two new studies? A) Anxiety and depression more often than not cut short one's life span. B) Longevity results from a combination of mental and physical health. C) Personality plays a decisive role in how healthy one is. D) Health is in large part related to one's lifestyle. 4 .. 12

51 正确答案 A

The aim of the study in the Journal of the American Geriatrics Society is A) to see whether people's personality affects their life span B)to find out if one's lifestyle has any effect on their health C)to investigate the role of exercise in living a long life D)to examine all the factors contributing to longevity



52 正确答案 D

What does the author imply about outgoing and sympathetic people?

- A) They have a good understanding of evolution.
- B) They are better at negotiating an agreement.
- C) The generally appear more resourceful.
- D) They are more likely to get over hardship

53 正确答案 C

What finding of the study might prove somewhat out of our expectation?

- A) Easy-going people can also live a relatively long life.
- B) Personality characteristics that prove advantageous actually vary with nurses.
- C) Such personally characteristics as self-discipline have no effect on longevity.
- D) Readiness to accept new ideas helps one enjoy longevity.

54 正确答案 D

What does the recent study of Norwegian mothers show?

- A) Children's personality characteristics are invariably determined by their mothers.
- B) People with unhealthy eating habits are likely to die sooner.
- C) Mothers' influence on children may last longer than fathers'
- D) Mothers' negative personality characteristics may affect their children's life spans.

55 正确答案 C

What can we learn from the findings of the two new studies?

- A) Anxiety and depression more often than not cut short one's life span.
- B) Longevity results from a combination of mental and physical health.
- C) Personality plays a decisive role in how healthy one is.
- D) Health is in large part related to one's lifestyle.

翻译范文:

功夫(Kung Fu)是中国武术(martial arts)的俗称。中国武术的起源可以追溯到自卫的 需要、狩猎的活动以及古代中国的军事训练。它是中国传统体育运动的一种,年轻人和老年 人都练。它已逐渐演变成了中国文化的独特元素。作为中国的国宝,功夫有上百种不同的风 格,是世界上练的最多的武术形式。有些风格模仿了动物的动作,还有一些则受到中国哲学 思想、神话和传说的启发。

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Kung Fu is commonly called Chinese martial arts. The origin of Chinese martial arts can date back to self-defense, hunting and ancient Chinese military training. It is one of the traditional sports practiced by both the young and elderly, and it has gradually become a unique factor of Chinese culture. As a Chinese national treasure, Kung Fu has hundreds of different styles, which is a martial arts form practiced most all over the world. Some styles of it imitate the movements of animals, and other styles are enlightened by Chinese philosophic thinking, myths and legends. (沈阳新东方 张丽丽老师版)

乌镇是浙江的一座古老的水镇,坐落在京杭大运河畔。这是一处迷人的地方,有许多古桥、 中式旅店和餐馆。在过去的一干年里,乌镇的水洗和生活方式并未经历多少变化,是一座展 现古文明的博物馆。乌镇所有房屋都用石木建造。数百年来,当地人沿着河边建起了住宅和 集市。无数宽敞美丽的庭院藏身于屋舍之间,游客们每到一处都有会惊喜的发现。 Wuzhen, an ancient water town in Zhejiang Province, is located along the Beijing-Hangzhou Canal, which is known as a fascinating place with a lot of ancient bridges and hotels and restaurants of Chinese style. In the past one thousand years, the water system and life style there experienced little changes, so it is like a museum exhibiting the ancient civilization. All the houses in Wuzhen Town are built with stones and woods. During the past hundreds of years, local folks have built residential quarters and markets along the canal, where numerous splendid court yards are hidden, bringing surprises to tourists. (沈阳新东方 王佳老师版)



在山东省潍坊市,风筝不仅仅是玩具,而且是这座城市文化的标志。潍坊是以风筝之都而闻 名,已有将近2400年放风筝的历史。传说中国古代哲学家墨子在潍坊制作了世界上首个风 筝,但放飞的第一天风筝就坠落并且摔坏。也有人说是是中国古代木匠鲁班发明的据说他的 风筝用木头和竹子制作。飞了三天后才落地。

In Weifang City of Shandong Province, kites are not only a plaything but also the symbol of the city. Weifang, known as the kite capital, has profound history of 2400 years. As legend goes, it was Mozi, ancient Chinese philosopher who has been the first one to create kite in the world, even though the first kite had fallen onto the ground broken as soon as it flew into the sky. However, kite is also said to be invented by the famous Chinese ancient carpenter Lu Ban. The kite by Luban was made of wood and bamboo, and it didn't fall but kept flying for as long as three days in the sky. (沈阳新东方 王佳老师版)

魏靖人老师的写作解析:

此次大学英语六级考试继续沿用多题多卷形式,写作作文所占分值比例为15%。 作文题目形式为书信类作文,内容方面主要考查的是对父母表达感激之情,和课堂上给 大家重点讲解的父母在孩子成长过程中所扮演重要角色的内容和命题相关,可以做延伸 和运用。重点在于考查对题目的理解和写作能力,本质要求无大变化。话题密切联系现 实,具有一定教育启示意义。按课上所讲方法和相应的内容进行扩展和延伸是写好作文 的关键。

李玲贤老师的听力解析:

此次虽然是改革后的第一次考试,但按照我们之前课上所讲的方法,<u>抓到答案的位置,虽有同意替换</u>,但找到重新并不是难事。新闻是改革之后的新题型,但并没有超出 我们之前所讲范围。我们上课强调过,新闻是一篇主旨更加明显的篇章,因此大家只要



对开头句有所注意,文章大意就能够准确把握,大意把握准确,其他内容顺藤摸瓜也就 不难推测了。因此四级听力虽有所改动,但在可控范围内,因此对于即将到来的暑假, 要准备 12 月四六级的同学,改革之后的第二次考试或许较第一次会稍难些,但是大家 对于答案位置有比较准确的把握和熟练之后,得到基本分并不是遥不可及,对于仅仅要 过考试的同学应该并非难事。

李琳娜老师的阅读解析:

本次考试和预想中的一样,虽阅读部分未进行题型改革,但受到听力部分改革的影响及考试试卷整体难度的平衡,本次四级阅读部分的难度略有提升。其中占到阅读部分 重中之重的传统阅读部分虽文章单词和选项单词难度略有增大,但是对于听过新东方四 级课程的同学们来说,我们平时对于相关题目的做题思路会非常熟悉,仔细分析题干, 回到原文精准定位,并找出同义改写的正确选项,想要做对大部分的题目并无障碍。例 如关于机器人威胁这篇文章,第46题问关于机器人的威胁说了什么,只需核对第一段 的两句话信息即可得出答案,同理第48题问机器人怎样学习人类的价值观,文章有明 显的定位句 "Robots could also learn values from……",比较有难度的是第47题, 需要同学们理解 D 选项的 ill-bred,或者用排除法也可做出,另外第49和50题存在 题文不同序的现象,但只要同学们根据上课讲过的定位方法,障碍并不大。对于段落信 息匹配题,今年的题目难度有所提升,同学们需要按照上课讲解的方法:做到关键词的 准确提取或主干信息的提炼,及识别原文中的原意重现和替换现象,同学们此部分的正确率依然不会太低。对于选词填空题,本次考试难度不大,依然是基础较好学生抢分、 基础中下学生合理取舍的部分,大多数同学只要根据上课讲解的"经典语法结构"答对 类似第27、28、32、34等题即可。

张丽丽老师的翻译解析:

各位亲爱的四级考生,相信大家在看到翻译题的时候会很开心 因为所有的知识点 我们课堂上都仔细分析过,而且"功夫"这篇主题,老师在冲刺班提醒过同学们可以重 点看一下。按照做翻译题的解题步骤,首先确定句子的主干,如果出现主干残缺,如无 主句等特殊句型,需要自动补全;其次写完主干后补足两大修饰: 定语和状语;最后 考虑逗号句子的连接方式,老师上课重点强调的连动句,此次考试功夫这一篇文章中共六 个句子,连动句多达三处。再比如更熟悉的乌镇这篇文章中"乌镇是浙江的一座古老的 水镇,坐落在京杭大运河畔。这是一处迷人的地方,有许多古桥、中式旅店和餐馆。" 老师强调过"这"字的 which 写法以及"有"字句的写法。同时在课上重点强调一定 要仔细研究过去的十多次真题,此次也依然出现了多处重复考点。相信同学们只要考场 心态稳定,按照我们课堂上讲解的解题步骤,此次翻译应该可以信手拈来。