

2016年6月英语四级真题答案与解析

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写作

题目：

**Directions:** For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a letter to express your thanks to one of your friends who helped you most when you were in difficulty. You should write at least 120 words but no more than 180 words.

今年四级时隔九年之后首次考了一道应用文写作，虽然出乎意料，但是大家可以根据题干中的关键词“letter”迅速判断今年要写的是书信。书信本身难度不大，但是需要特别注意英文书信的书写格式。

**一、四级书信格式要求**

- 1、抬头：收件人的姓名
- 2、正文：三段式
- 3、落款：祝福 (yours sincerely) + 写信人名

**二、感谢信格式模板:**

Dear \_\_\_\_\_,

I am writing to extend my sincere gratitude for \_\_\_\_\_ (感谢的原因). If it had not been for your assistance in \_\_\_\_\_ (对方给你的具体帮助), I fear that I would have been \_\_\_\_\_ (没有对方帮助时的后果).

No one would disagree that it was you who \_\_\_\_\_ (给出细节).

Again, I would like to express my warm thanks to you! Please accept my

gratitude. Best wishes.

Yours sincerely ,

Li Ming

(注意：抬头的 Dear+人名顶格靠左写，后面一定要加逗号！落款 yours sincerely 和写信人名顶格靠右写，yours sincerely 后面也一定要加逗号！Yours sincerely 为书信的惯用套话，这个必须得有！)

### 三、真题解析

再来看看今天第三套试卷的写作。写作要求让自己写一封感谢信来表达你对帮助自己克服困难的朋友的感谢。虽然书信大家可能在复习的时候准备的较少，但其实只要抓住了书信的基本格式，即多了抬头和落款，正文的写作应该较为简单，尤其是第二段，大家可以按照熟悉的原因分析段的方式来写。

#### 1、写作思路：

第一段：表明对朋友的感谢并点题；

第二段：朋友用哪些方式帮我在哪些方面克服了困难

第三段：再次表示对朋友诚挚的感谢并祝愿朋友身体健康。

#### 2、范文：

Dear Tom,

I am writing to extend my sincere gratitude for your great help when I failed that vital English interview. If it had not been for your assistance in giving me those brilliant suggestions and warm encouragement, I fear that I would have lost my way.

No one would disagree that it was you who stayed with me and pulled me

through the hard time. First and foremost, you told me it is the priority for me to calm down. This is due to the fact that the ability to stay sober and positive made me come up with quite a few ideas to cope with the consequence that failure triggered. Furthermore, you made me learn to analyze my lack of interview skills and find solutions. Plenty of evidence has shown that this work played an indispensable role in my success the next year. Last but not the least, you helped to build my confidence.

Again, I would like to express my warm thanks to you! Please accept my gratitude. Best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

Li Ming

选词填空

**Section A**

**Directions:** In this section, there is a passage with ten blanks. You are required to select one word for each blank from a list of choices given in a word bank following the passage. Read the passage through carefully before making your choices. Each choice in the bank is identified by a letter. Please mark the corresponding letter for each item on **Answer Sheet 2** with a single line through the centre. You may not use any of the words in the bank more than once.

Physical activity does the body good, and there's growing evidence that it helps the brain too. Researchers in the Netherlands report that children who get more exercise, whether at school or on their own, 26 to have higher GPAs and better scores on standardized tests. In a 27 of 14 studies that looked at physical activity and academic 28, investigators found that the more children moved, the better their grades were in school, 29 in the basic subjects of math, English and reading.

The data will certainly fuel the ongoing debate over whether physical education classes should be cut as schools struggle to 30 on smaller budgets. The arguments against physical education have included concerns that gym time may be taking away from study time. With standardized test scores in the U.S. 31 in recent years, some administrators believe students need to spend more time in the classroom instead of on the playground. But as these findings show, exercise and academics may not be 32 exclusive. Physical activity can improve blood 33 to the brain, fueling memory, attention and creativity, which are 34 to learning. And exercise releases hormones that can improve 35 and relieve stress, which can also help learning. So while it may seem as if kids are just exercising their bodies when they're running around, they may actually be exercising their brains as well.

A) attendance	I) mood
B) consequently	J) mutually
C) current	K) particularly
D) depressing	L) ...

### 一、文章主旨：

根据首句,我们可以看到整篇文章的主旨意思 :physical activity does the body good, and there' s growing evidence that it helps the brain too. ( 身体活动对身体活动有好处,越来越多的证据显示它对大脑也有好处),所以我们可以知道整篇文章实际是在讨论身体活动与大脑活动相关的影响。

### 二、对 15 个选项进行词性分类

A. n

B. adv

C. n

D. v-ing

E. v-ing

F. adj

G. adj

H. v

I. n

J. adv

K. adv

L. n

M. v

N. v

O. v



### 三、判断空格词性

26. , \_\_\_ to have higher GPAs and better scores 固定搭配 tend to 倾向于

答案 : O

27. In a \_\_\_ of 14 studies that 空格词性为名词 ,备选项有 ACIL A. 出席 ,出勤 C 趋势 I 心境 L 表现

答案 : C

28. physical activity and academic \_\_\_ 空格词性为名词 , 备选项有 A I L

答案 : A

29. , \_\_\_ in the basic subjects of math, 空格词性为副词 , 备选项有 BJK

答案 : K

30. schools struggle to \_\_\_ on smaller budgets. 空格词性为动词原形 备选项有 HMN

答案 : N

31. With standardized test scores in the U.S. \_\_\_ in recent years, 空格词性为动词 ing , 备选项有 DE

答案 : E

32. exercise and academics may not be \_\_\_ exclusive. 空格词性为副词 , 备选项有 BJ

答案 : J

33. can improve blood \_\_\_ to the brain 空格词性为动词 备选项有 DHM

答案 : H

34. , which are \_\_\_ to learning. 空格词性为形容词 备选项有 FG

答案 : F

35. can improve \_\_\_ and relieve stress. 空格词性为名词 , 备选项有 IL



The study shows that those living the longest are more outgoing, more active and less *neurotic* (神经质的) than other people. Long-living women are also more likely to be sympathetic and cooperative than women with a normal life span. These findings are in agreement with what you would expect from the evolutionary theory: those who like to make friends and help others can gather enough resources to make it through tough times.

Interestingly, however, other characteristics that you might consider advantageous had no impact on whether study participants were likely to live longer. Those who were more self-disciplined, for instance, were no more likely to live to be very old. Also, being open to new ideas had no relationship to long life, which might explain all those bad-tempered old people who are fixed in their ways.

Whether you can successfully change your personality as an adult is the subject of a longstanding psychological debate. But the new paper suggests that if you want long life, you should strive to be as outgoing as possible.

Unfortunately, another recent study shows that your mother's personality may also help determine your longevity. That study looked at nearly 28,000 Norwegian mothers and found that those moms who were more anxious, depressed and angry were more likely to feed their kids unhealthy diets. Patterns of childhood eating can be hard to break when we're adults, which may mean that kids of depressed moms end up dying younger.

Personality isn't *destiny* (命运), and everyone knows that individuals can learn to change. But both studies show that long life isn't just a matter of your physical health but of your mental health.

51. The aim of the study in the *Journal of the American Geriatrics Society* is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) to see whether people's personality affects their life span
- B) to find out if one's lifestyle has any effect on their health
- C) to investigate the role of exercise in living a long life
- D) to examine all the factors contributing to longevity

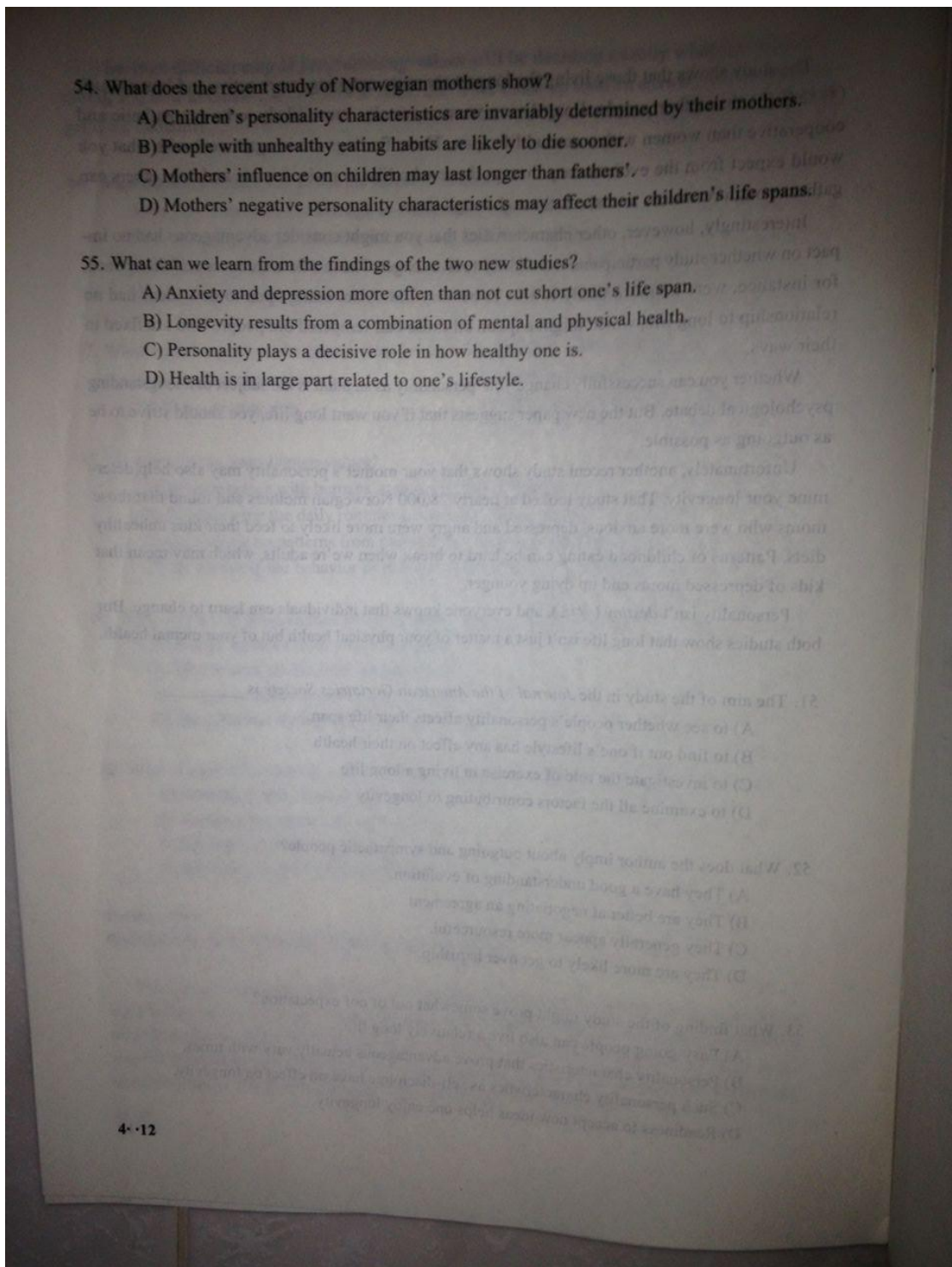
52. What does the author imply about outgoing and sympathetic people?

- A) They have a good understanding of evolution.
- B) They are better at negotiating an agreement.
- C) They generally appear more resourceful.
- D) They are more likely to get over hardship.

53. What finding of the study might prove somewhat out of our expectation?

- A) Easy-going people can also live a relatively long life.
- B) Personality characteristics that prove advantageous actually vary with times.
- C) Such personality characteristics as self-discipline have no effect on longevity.
- D) Readiness to accept new ideas helps one enjoy longevity.





51. A

解析：审题，问的是这个研究的目的，根据题干中的大写字母 JAGS 定位到第一段，JAGS looked at this question 那一句，可以发现研究的目的是为了回答这个问题，由此可知就是上文提到的两个问题，所以是跟 personality affect longevity 有关的，答案选 A



52. D

解析：审题，根据 outgoing and sympathetic people 定位到第二段，由最后一句话可知作者暗示这些人是更有可能度过艰难时期的人。答案选 D

53. C

解析：审题，finding 研究发现，out of our exception 出乎我们的意料的，所以结合题文同序原则定位到第三段，一开头就出现了 however，所以出乎意料的是有一些你认为有利的人格却对长寿没有影响。后面接着就举例说明了。答案选 C

54. D

解析：关键词定位到倒数第二段，研究发现母亲的人格对孩子的寿命有影响，选 D

55. B

解析：定位到最后一段，说明身、心健康二者才是促成长寿的原因。

### 翻译

乌镇是浙江的一座古老水镇，坐落在京杭大运河畔。这是一处迷人的地方，有很多古桥，中式旅馆和餐馆。在过去一千多年里，乌镇的水系和生活方式并未经历多少变化，是一座展现古文明的博物馆。乌镇所有房屋都用石木建造。数百年来，当地人沿河边建起了住宅和集市。无数宽敞美丽的庭院藏身于屋舍之间，游客们每到一处都会有惊喜的发现。

Wuzhen, an ancient waterside town in Zhejiang Province, is located by the Great Canal. It is a charming scenic spot with numerous old bridges, hotels and restaurants of Chinese style. In the past more than 1,000 years, the water system and life style in Wuzhen has experienced few changes, which is a museum unfolding the ancient civilization. All the houses there are constructed with stones

and wood. For hundreds of years, the locals have built dwellings and markets along the river banks. There are innumerable roomy and beautiful courts hiding among the houses, and tourists will have surprise discoveries wherever they go.

**解析：**

1. 第一句是个标准的 A is B, and A is C 句式，根据我们之前在课程上讲过的公式直接套取即 A is B, and A is C = A, B, is C。把“浙江的一座古老水镇”这个部分写成“乌镇”的同位语，用“坐落”作为该句的谓语部分。

2. 第二句又是一个有逗号的句子，前方是个简单的主谓宾结构的句式，后方的“有很多”这个结构，我们在课堂上讲过，表示的并非是“真正的拥有”的意思，而是一种伴随的状态，可以用“with”的短语表达出来。

3. 第三句，第一个逗号之前是明显的时间状语，提醒了第二个逗号前的句子应该使用现在完成时，第二个逗号之后的句子是用来陈述客观事实，可用一般现在时。前后句主语一致，都为乌镇，所以根据我们所说的合句提分的方法，后句直接用“， which.....”即可连接。

而此句难点在于“展现古文明的”这个定语如何翻译，如果不会直接翻译，我们可以把这个句子拆成“是一座博物馆，它展现了古文明”来解决，或者像例文中所示一样，用我们说过的非谓语动词作定语的结构，由逻辑主语主动发出并与谓语动词同时发出的原则选取 doing 作定语，译成“unfolding the ancient civilization”的后置定语即可。

4. 第四句是难度很小的一句话，判断出用一般现在时和被动语态即可。

5. 第五句话从时间状语来判断，使用现在完成时即可。难度也较小。

6. 第六句逗号前的半个句子根据“在某地存在某人某物”的句型判断应该使用 there be 句型翻译。逗号后面的句子跟前面是个并列结构，用 and 并列即可。