

太原市 2015~2016 学年第二学期八年级第四次测评

英语试卷

第 I 卷听力测试 (共 20 分)

I. 听力 (共四节, 满分 20 分)

略

第 II 卷书面测试 (选择题共 50 分)

II. 单项选择 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

从 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将其字母编号填入题前的括号内。

() 21. My brother is happy because _____ will go to Brazil to see Olympic Games.

- A. it B. he C. she

解析: 考查代词: 我哥哥很高兴因为_____ 将要去巴西看奥林匹克运动会。it 它; he 他; she 她
答案选 B

() 22. I'm proud of my hometown Shanxi because it has _____ history in China.

- A. long B. longer C. the longest

解析: 考查动词: 我为我的家乡山西感到自豪因为它在中国有_____ 历史。long 悠久的 longer 更悠久的
longest 最悠久的 答案选 C

() 23. The new electric taxi will help _____ the environment in Taiyuan.

- A. check B. protect C. consider

解析: 考查动词: 新型电动出租车将会帮助_____ 太原的环境。check 检查 protect 保护 consider 考虑
答案选 B

() 24. The little boy _____ his father as an idol(偶像) in his heart. Because his father is always honest and independent.

- A. regards B. acts C. chooses

解析: 考查动词: 这个小男孩在心里_____ 他的父亲作为偶像。regard 看作, 认为 act 行动 choose 选择
答案选 A

() 25. I don't like the noisy world. I want to live a free and _____ life.

- A. peaceful B. truthful C. endangered

解析: 考查形容词: 我不喜欢吵闹的世界。我想要过一种自由而又_____ 的生活。peaceful 和平的 truthful 真
实的 endangered 危险的 答案选 A

() 26. He likes *Little Women* best _____ all the foreign classics he has read.

- A. between B. through C. among

解析: 考查介词: 他最喜欢《小妇人》这本书_____ 在所有他读过的古典名著。between 在两者之间 through
通过 among 在三者或三者以上之中 答案选 C

() 27. ---Our city is holding the National fitness Day(全民健身日)!

---Cool! It _____ more people to take part in it.

- A. offers B. encourages C. trains

解析: 考查动词: -我们的城市正在举办全民健身日。-太棒了! 它_____ 更多的人去参与。
offer 提供 encourage 鼓励 train 训练 答案选 B

() 28. Technology has progressed in such a _____ way, you can talk with people from abroad through a video phone.

- A. rapid B. safe C. unfair

解析: 考查形容词: 技术进步以如此_____ 方式发展着, 你能够通过视频电话和国外的人交流。rapid 快速的 safe 安全的 unfair 不公平的 答案选 A

() 29. They _____ many soft toys to a children's home on Children's Day.

- A. gave away B. cared for C. checked out

解析: 考查动词: 他们在儿童节_____ 许多布娃娃给儿童之家的孩子们。give away 赠送 care for 关心 check out 查看 答案选 A

() 30. My sister has learned tea art _____ she was 18 years old.

- A. after B. while C. since

解析: 考查连词: 我妹妹学习了茶艺_____ 她 18 岁的时候。after 在...之后 while 当...时候 since 自从(与现在完成时连用)
答案选 C

() 31. ---I hope to do something for the old people.

---You _____ volunteer in an old people's home.

- A. must B. could C. need

解析: 考查情态动词: -我希望为老人做一些事情。-你_____ 在老人之家义务服务。
must 必须 could 能够 need 需要 答案选 B

() 32. ---The college entrance exam(高考) will change a lot, _____ for English.

---Right! We are allowed to take English test twice.

- A. hardly B. especially C. actually

解析: 考查副词: -高考会有很多变化, _____ 对于英语来说。
-对! 我们允许参加 2 次考试。hardly 几乎不 especially 特别, 尤其 actually 事实上 答案选 B

() 33. Our head teacher still put her heart into students _____ she was badly ill.

- A. so that B. even though C. because of

解析: 考查连词: 我们班主任仍然把一切心思放在学生身上_____ 她病得很严重。so that 以便 even though 即使 because of 因为 答案选 B

() 34.--- Have you seen the movie *American Captain III*?

--- _____ Let's go to see it this Sunday.

- A. That's too bad. B. No, not yet. C. Sure, thanks.

解析: 考查交际用语: -你看过美国队长 III 吗? -_____. 让我们这周末一起去看吧。
That's too bad 那太糟糕了 No, not yet 不, 还没有 Sure, thanks. 当然, 谢谢。答案选 B

() 35. ---Dad, could you please stay a longer time with me?

---_____, dear. I'll have a good time with you.

- A. I think so B. Certainly C. Never mind

解析: 考查交际用语: -爸爸, 你能和我多呆一会吗?
-_____, 亲爱的, 我会和你过得很愉快。I think so 我认为如此 Certainly 当然 Never mind 没关系 答案选 B

III. 补全对话 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

从方框中选出适当的句子或短语, 使对话意思完整, 通顺 (有两个多余选项), 并将代表答案的字母标号填在横线上。

Tom: Hi, Mike! Haven't seen you for ages. 36. _____

Mike: I've been to the countryside for the "hand-in-hand" activity.

Tom: 37. _____

Mike: We gave some money and school things to the children there.

Tom: 38. _____ What do you think of their life and study?

Mike: Though they live a hard life, they are hard-working.

Tom: 39. _____

Mike: Yes, we lived together with the children in their homes. We have learned a lot from them. I hope "hand-in-hand" activity will go on!

Mike: 40. _____. I will join you next time.

- A. I agree with you.
- B. What did you do there?
- C. You are welcome.
- D. Good job!
- E. Did you live with the children in the countryside?
- F. Where have you been?
- G. Only a few weeks.

36. F. 根据下文的 "I've been to the countryside for the "hand-in-hand" activity." 可知问的是去哪, 故选 F。

37. B. 根据下文的 "We gave some money and school things to the children there." 可知问的是干什么, 故选 B。

38. D. 由上文的 "We gave some money and school things to the children there." 可知这空是对上文行为的赞美, 故选 D。

39. E. 由下文的 "Yes, we lived together with the children in their homes." 可知这空是一个一般疑问句, 故选 E。

40. A. 由上文的 "We have learned a lot from them. I hope "hand-in-hand" activity will go on!" 和下文的 "I will join you next time." 可知这空是表赞成的, 故选 A。

IV. 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并将代表答案的字母标号填入题前的括号内。

Have you ever met people who made you unhappy? How did you deal with them?

Three years ago I learned this lesson. I got in a taxi, and we started off ___41___ the railway station. We were driving in the right place. ___42___, a black car came rushing to our car quickly. At the very last moment, my taxi driver held on his brakes(刹车) in time.

What happened next was ___43___. The driver of the other car, the young man who almost ___44___ a big accident, turned his head around and started saying bad words to us. I couldn't believe it.

But then here's what really blew me away. My taxi driver just smiled and waved at the young man. So, I asked, "___45___ did you just do that?" He said, "Many people are like ___46___ trucks(货车). They run around full of anger. They look for a place to ___47___ the rubbish when it becomes more and more."

"So ___48___ someone wants to throw the rubbish on you, don't care. Just smile, wave, wish them well, and move on. ___49___ will be happy."

I began to see Rubbish Trucks. I ___50___ see them throwing away rubbish. And like my taxi driver, I just smiled, waved, wished them well, and I moved on.

- ()41. A. towards B. against C. over
 ()42. A. Luckily B. Mostly C. Suddenly
 ()43. A. stupid B. unbelievable C. unfair
 ()44. A. caused B. passed C. gave
 ()45. A. How B. Why C. What
 ()46. A. toy B. treasure C. rubbish
 ()47. A. get off B. clear out C. fix up
 ()48. A. before B. whenever C. until
 ()49. A. You B. They C. We
 ()50. A. could B. need C. should

解析:

41. A 前半句说我进入了一辆出租车, 所以后半句英国是向着 railwaystation 出发, 故选 towards。
 42. C 由上下文 a black car came rushing to our car quickly, 可知此处强调突然性, 故选 suddenly。
 43. B 结合上下文, 可知错在黑色车主, 可他还说 badwords, 所以是 unbelievable。
 44. A 根据 a big accident, 可知此处应是“导致”。故选 caused。
 45. B 根据上文出租车司机平静的反应且下文司机给出了解释, 可知此处应是问原因。
 46. C 根据下文 full of anger 和 therubbish, 可知此处应为 rubbish。
 47. B 根据上下文, 此处应为“倾倒垃圾”, 故选 clear out。
 48. B 根据后半句话祈使句 don'tcare, 故选 whenever。
 49. A 根据上一句话的劝告性语言且是祈使句, 故本句主语也应为 you。
 50. A 根据上一句话 I began to see...中的过去式和开始看到, 所以此处应为“我能够看到”, 故选 see。

V. 阅读理解 (一) (共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题 A,B,C 三个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并将其字母标号填入题前的括号内。

A

This is a big year for China and Egypt. It is the 60th year of friendship between the two countries. What are you most interested in Egypt? Let's take a look at these wonderful places.

Arabian Desert 阿拉伯沙漠	Do you think it is fun to ride a camel in a big desert? If so, you need to go to the Arabian Desert. Riding a camel is fun. A camel kneels down to let you sit on it. When it stands up, you'd feel the thrill!
Luxor 卢克索神庙	If you want to see ancient palaces and buildings, Luxor is a great place to go. People there call it the open-air museum of ancient Egypt. Many people visit Luxor every year.

<p>The Great Sphinx 狮身人面像</p>	<p>The Great Sphinx is a statue of a lion with a man's head. It's very large. The Sphinx is about 240 feet long and 65 feet high. Its ears are two meters long. For thousands of years, the Sphinx has protected the highest Great Pyramid of Khufu.</p>
<p>Pyramids 金字塔</p>	<p>Ancient Egyptians thought the afterlife was very important. So they kept people's bodies after they died. For kings and queens people made their bodies into mummies and then put them inside the pyramids. Now, there are more than 130 pyramids in Egypt.</p>

- () 51. When you pay a visit to Arabian Desert, you can _____
- A. enjoy the open-air museum
B. ride a camel
C. see a state of a lion
- () 52. You can visit _____ if you want to enjoy the ancient palaces.
- A. Luxor B. Pyramids C. The Great Sphinx
- () 53. The Egyptians kept bodies after they died, because _____
- A. they could be alive
B. they believed in an afterlife
C. they could protect the Pyramids
- () 54. Which of the following is **TRUE**?
- A. Luxor is the tallest building in Egypt.
B. The Great Sphinx has a history of hundreds of years.
C. Pyramids are made for kings and queens
- () 55. The passage may be from a _____.
- A science fiction B story book C. travel magazine

解析:

表格主要对埃及四大名胜进行了简单的介绍。

51. **B** 细节理解题表格一中“Do you think it is fun to ride a camel in a big desert? If so, you need to go to the Arabian Desert.”可知答案为 B

52. **A** 细节理解题表格二中“If you want to see ancient palaces and buildings, Luxor is a great place to go.”可知答案为 A

53. **B** 细节理解题表格四中“Ancient Egyptians thought the afterlife was very important. So they kept people's bodies after they died.”可知答案为 B

54. **C** 细节理解题从表格四中“For kings and queens people made their bodies into mummies and then put them inside the pyramids.”

55. **C** 主旨大意题综合表格内容来看, 是对名胜的介绍, 应该出自旅游杂志。

B

Long time ago, there lived a little princess named Nu Wa who was the daughter of Emperor Yan.

The little princess loved watching the sunrise, admiring the wonder of the works of God. She once asked her father where the sun rises. Her father said it was in the Eastern Sea and promised to take her there to see sunrise on a boat, but he had been too busy to do that.

One day, the little princess got a boat behind her father's back, sailing to the Eastern Sea. When she was away from the beach,

unfortunately, a strong wind rose and overthrew her boat. She fell into the sea, being **drowned** quickly.

After her death, her spirit turned into a beautiful bird with white beak and red claws. Since it often stood on a tree, mourning herself sadly in the sound “jingwei, jingwei”, people called it “Jing Wei”.

JingWei hated the sea very much for taking her life. In order to keep other people from falling into the sea, the small bird decided to fill up the sea.

From then on, Jing Wei flew to and fro between the mountain and the Eastern Sea, carrying little stones and dropping them into the sea. Surprised by its behaviors, the sea said to Jing Wei with irony, “Stop doing that, poor little bird. It is totally meaningless! You’ll never fill me up.”

Jing Wei replied firmly, “I’ll never stop filling you up, even if it takes me thousands of years!”

The brave little bird kept carrying stones from the mountain to the Eastern Sea without taking a rest. Later on, the idiom “The bird Jing Wei trying to fill the sea” is used widely.

() 56. What did Nu Wa do one day?

- A. She went to see the sunrise on a boat.
- B. She bought a boat without telling her father.
- C. She went to enjoy the beautiful bird on the sea.

() 57. What does the underlined word “**drowned**” mean?

- A. 拍打
- B. 吞没
- C. 挽救

() 58. When did people begin to call Nu Wa “Jing Wei”?

- A. When she was a little princess.
- B. After her spirit turned into a beautiful bird.
- C. After she finished filling the sea thousands years later.

() 59. Why did the bird try its best to fill up the sea?

- A. It would be easier for the bird to see the sunrise.
- B. It hated the sea and didn’t want to see it any more.
- C. It wanted to protect more people from being killed.

() 60. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. It shows us the importance of safety.
- B. It tells us to go on even what we are doing is meaningless.
- C. It shows us the spirit of the bravery and never giving up.

51. A. 文中有: one day, the little princess got a boat behind her father’s back, sailing to the Eastern Sea.上一段尾句 her father promised to take her there to see sunrise on a boat, but he had been too busy to do that. 她的爸爸答应带她去穿上看见日出,但是一直很忙,所以她瞒着她爸爸找到了一艘船,驶向东海。因此选 A。

52. B. 划线词所在句: she fell into the sea, being drowned quickly. 下一段首句: After her death 两句结合, 得出女孩已经死去, 所以 drowned 应该是吞没。

53. B. 第四段前两句写到: 她死后, 她的精神变成了一只拥有白色的喙、红色的爪的美丽的鸟。因为她经常站在一棵树上, 伤心的哀嚎。所以选 B 项。

54. C. 第五段大意: 为了防止让其他人掉到海里, 这只小鸟决定填满海洋。

55. C. 纵观全文, 结合尾段: Jing wei 勇敢善良, 坚持填海, 从不放弃, 所以应该选 C。

书面测试 (非选择题共 30 分)

VI. 阅读理解(二) (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 并回答问题。

Wang Xiaojun is 12 years old. He lives in the countryside in Hubei Province. Today is his birthday. His parents prepared a nice dinner for him, but the boy was sad. After the dinner, his parents were going back to Shenzhen the next morning.

It's the first time for Wang Xiaojun to spend his birthday with his parents in recent three years. His parents have stayed in Shenzhen and worked hard to make money. They haven't seen their son for three years.

Wang is not the only stay-at-home child(留守儿童). In the countryside of China, there are over 20 million children staying at home without their parents. Stay-at-home children face a lot of problems. Most of them stay with their grandparents. They get less care from their parents. Some of them don't study well because their parents can't help them with their study.

The Chinese government now cares about stay-at-home children very much and is trying to solve the problems.

61. How old is Wang Xiaojun?

62. Why was Wang Xiaojun unhappy on his birthday?

63. Does Wang Xiaojun live with his parents now?

64. What problems do most of stay-at-home children have? (One example is OK.)

65. If you have a chance to help stay-at-home children, what will you do for them?

解析:

文章大意: 以一个湖北农村孩子为例, 讲述了有关留守儿童的问题。

61. He is 12 years old. 从文章中第一句可得出答案。

62. Because after the dinner, his parents were going back to Shenzhen the next morning. 题目中的 unhappy 与文章中第一段第二行 sad 对应, 由此可知下一句为答案。

63. No, he doesn't. 从文章中第一段 He lives in the countryside in Hubei Province. 第二段 His parents have stayed in Shenzhen and worked hard to make money. 可知孩子与父母不在一起住。

64. They don't study well. 第三段中 Stay-at-home children face a lot of problems. 可知下文给出留守儿童的问题。

65. I will help them with their study. 这一题为开放性试题, 只要意思符合, 无语法错误, 即可得分。

VII. 词汇运用 (含 A, B 两题, 考生可任选做一题。共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

A. 根据短文内容, 用所给的单词或短语填空。每个单词或短语只能用一次。

if memories easily perfect up to it biggest could thousands have studied

The British Museum is a great building in London. It's the ___66___ museum in the world. Only gentlemen ___67___ visit the museum when it opened in 1579. But the number of visitors was ___68___ 6 million last year.

There are about ___69___ of different things inside the museum. You can see many ___70___ arts and pictures. There are also a large number of ancient clothes, money and animal bodies. These old things not only bring back unforgettable ___71___, they also help people to understand the history of Britain ___72___.

To help people to do scientific research, a reading room was set up a hundred years ago in the museum. Since then, many famous men ___73___ there.

___74___ you want to go to the British Museum this year, don't try to visit ___75___ quickly. There is a lifetime of looking in the British Museum.

解析:

66.biggest 由于空后 in the world 表一定范围, 空前定冠词 the, 所以需要填最高级。

67.could 因为文章为一般过去时, 空后 visit 为动词原形, 此空应填情态动词。

68.up to 由于空前 “the number of” ...的数量, 空后 6 百万, 因而填 up to。

69.thousands 固定搭配: thousands of 数以千计的。

70.perfect 形容词修饰名词 arts。

71.memories 形容词修饰名词, 难忘的记忆。

72.easily 副词修饰动词, 帮助人们容易地理解英国的历史。

73.have studied 由于 since then, 此空应该填现在完成时, 许多著名人士在那里学习。

74.If 根据句意: 如果你想今年去英国博物馆。

75.it 指代上文提到过的 “British Museum”。

B. 根据短文内容, 从方框中选择适当的词补全短文。(必要时变换其形式)

you tourist have complete to whether achieve large amaze be

The first Disneyland in China will open in Shanghai on June 16th, 2016. It is ___66___ than any other theme park in China. It will welcome about 10 million ___67___ a day during this summer.

The Disneyland includes different sections called “lands”. Each land can make you ___68___ because it has its own special features. You can be close ___69___ some main characters like Tom and Jerry in Disney movies. ___70___ you believe it or not, you can also see some characters from Chinese fairy tales in the Disneyland. If you feel tired, why not visit Disney Village? You'll be ___71___ lost in the beauty of the scene. For people who would like to stay for more than one day, they can find many hotels ___72___ a rest.

Some children ___73___ to Shanghai Disneyland already. They think it is wonderful. Do you want to have fun with your favorite Disney characters? Soon, you ___74___ your dream. You can enjoy ___75___ at Shanghai Disney Resort—a magic Disney theme park. Book your trip now!

解析:

66. larger 根据空后面的 than 可推断出此处填比较级。

67. tourists 根据空前面的 10 million 可推断出此处填名词的复数形式。

68. amazed 此处考察 make sb. adj. 这个短语, 又因为这里修饰人, 所以填 amazed。

69. to 此处考察短语 be close to “接近, 靠近”。

70. Whether 此处考察 whether...or not “是否”。

71. completely 此空为动词 lost 的修饰词, 所以填副词, 意思是“完全地迷失”。

72. to have 此处考察固定搭配 find... to do, 又因为 have a rest 为短语“休息”, 所以填 to have。

73. have been 根据句尾 already 可知此处填现在完成时, have been to “去过”。

74. will achieve 此处考察短语 achieve one's dream “实现梦想”, 又因为句首有时间标志词 soon, 所以填一般将来时。

75. yourself/ yourselves 此处考察短语 enjoy oneself “玩得愉快”。

VIII. 书面表达 (满分 10 分)

最近, 很多学校开展了主题实践活动 (theme activity), 有参观博物馆、游览家乡名胜、义卖助困等活动, 同学们在活动中成长了很多。请就你参加过的一次活动, 根据提示要点写一篇不少于 50 词的英语短文。

提示要点: • Do you like theme activities?

• Tell us about an experience when you took part in a theme activity.

One possible version:

I have taken part in theme activities many times. I enjoy them very much.

Selling something old to raise money for poor children was one of the most meaningful activities. Last summer holiday, my friends and I collected some old things, such as toys, books, bikes and so on. Then we held the yard sale. The money we got was given to the poor kids in a village which was far from our city.

We will hold more activities like that in the future!

更多的真题下载地址: <http://ty.xdf.cn> 咨询电话: 0351-3782999