

太原五中 2016---2017 学年度第一学期阶段性练习

初 三 英 语

一、短语小测(20 分)
1. 成为好的学习者
2. 和朋友一起学习
3的秘密
4. 传播爱与欢乐
c 切玉甘 l
6 的精神
7. 做某事的能力
8. 用善良与热情待人
9 的重要性
10. 处于困境中
кл.Ыг ч т т т
解析: 1. be a good learner
2. study with friend
3. the secret to
4. spread love and joy
5. play a trick on sb.
6. the sprit of
7. the ability to do sth
8. treat people with kindness and warmth
9. the importance of
10. be in great danger
二、 句型转换 (10 分)
11. I wonder get to school on time.
我想知道明天你能否按时到校。
Could you please tell me the Mid-Autumn Festival?
请你告诉我美国人庆祝中秋节吗?
exciting day!
多么令人兴奋的一天啊!
12. I believe that "Practice".
我相信"熟能生巧"。
2441 III - XXBC 12-3 0
解析: 11. whether you can
whether Americans celebrate
What an
12. makes perfect



三、单项选择(共15小题,每小题1分,满分15分)

从每小题 A、B、C 三个	、选项中,选出可以填入空白如	上的最佳选项,并将其字母标号填入题
前的括号内。		
() 15. Li Na had to say	goodbye to tennis. It was hard fo	r to make the decision.
A. she	B. hers	C. her
解析:考查人称代词,分	个词后要跟人称代词的宾格。名	答案选 C.
() 16How do you	communicate with your friends?	?
using	Wech <mark>at.(微信)</mark>	
	B. convenient	
解析:考查介词用法:	上文提到"你怎样和你的朋友	联系?"?"by+doing sth"表示通过
做某事。答案选A。		
() 17. The public bike is	s helpful. It is for us to ge	t around.
A. honest	B. lively	C. blind
解析:考查形容词词义:	根据语义"公共自行车很有帮助	助。对我们来说去周围很方便。"direct
"直接的"; convenient	"方便的";close "近的"。答案	案选B。
() 18. The new iPhone6	this year and many iPhor	ne fans expect to buy it.
A. was produced	B. produced	C. produces
解析:考查被动语态:由	日语义可知 "iPhone 6今年被生	产,并且许多果粉期待去买它。""be+
过去分词"表示被动。答	答案选A。	
() 19. The Competition	of Chinese Character Dictation	n(汉字听写大赛)gives the students a
chance to show their great	;	
A. ability	B. background	C. secret
解析:考查名词词义:根	!据语义"汉字听写大赛给了学	生们一个展示他们出色才能的机会"。
ability "才能,能力";	background "背景"; secret	"秘密"。答案选A。
() 20. Chinese is	_ popular many foreigns v	want to learn it.
A. too, to	B. such, that	C. so, that
解析:考查固定搭配:	根据语义"中文是如此的受劝	《迎以至于许多外国人想要学习它。"
sothat "如此···以至于	·"; tooto "太···而不能";	suchthat(如此的…所以…) such 后
加名词。答案选 C。		
() 21. The Chinese play	ers did well in the Rio Olympics	, we them.
A. are nervous about	B. are proud of	C. are known for
解析:考查形容词短语辨	辛析:根据语义"中国运动员在	三第十七届亚运会上表现不错, 我们以
他们为骄傲。" are nervo	ous about "为…紧张"; are pro	ud of "为···感到骄傲"; are known for
"因…而出名"。答案选	. B °	
() 22In order to n	nake Taiyuan better, we should c	hange ourselves.
First of all,e	veryone should learn to talk with	each other
A. politely	B. normally	C. exactly
解析:考查副词词义:相	是据上文语义 "为了使太原更	好,我们应该改变我们自己",回答应
为"首先,每个人应该等	学会彼此之间礼貌交谈"。polit	ely"礼貌地"; ? normally "正常地";
exactly "正确地,恰好地	也" 答案选 A。	
() 23. My sister told n	ne that her improved as v	well by listening to the conversations in
English movies.		
A. pronunciation	B. written English	C. talent show



解析:考查名词词义:根据语义"我姐姐告诉我通过听对话可以提高发音"。written English,			
"书面英语"; talent show, "才艺表演"。答案选 A.			
() 24. On Halloween, peop	le usually as ghosts	s or cartoon characters.	
A. put on	B. dress up	C. wear	
		们通常打扮成鬼魂或者卡通人物。" put	
on "(体重)增加"; dress	up "打扮"; wear "穿	着"。答案选 B。	
() 25. TF Boys are famous	in China. Now, they are w	vorking hard to become stars.	
A. popular	B. helpful	C. central	
解析:考查形容词含义: 木	艮据语义 "TF boys 组合	<mark>在中国很有名。</mark> 现在, 他们正在努力向	
国际明星发展"。 internation	onal "国际的"; helpful	"有帮助的";central "中心的"。答案选	
A_{\circ}			
() 26. Why do you keep _	all the time?		
A. laughed	B. to laugh	C. laughing	
解析:考查动词用法: keep	o doing sth.,持续做某事	,答案选 C.	
() 27. Ebola Virus(埃博拉	<mark>病毒)is</mark> spr <mark>eadin</mark> g in Afr	ica seriously. However, we don't know how	
to the illness.			
A. lay out	B. deal with	C. look up	
解析:考查动介短语含义:	根据语义 "埃博拉病毒	正在肆虐地传播。然而, 我们不知道如	
何应对这种疾病"。lay out	"摆出"; deal with "应对	<mark>†,处理"; lock up"锁起来"。答案选 B</mark> 。	
() 28. My physics teacher	told us that the light	faster than the sound.	
A. went	B. goes	C. go	
解析:考查宾语从句时态:	根据"客观真理一般现	"的要求。"光速比声速快"为客观真理,	
故用一般现在时,答案选I	3.		
() 29. I didn't know how _	. But now I make it I	by joining the group-buying.	
A. could I buy the cheaper th	ings		
B. I can buy the cheaper thin	gs		
C. I could buy the cheaper th	ings		
解析:考查宾语从句:根据宾从要用陈述语序,排除 A。根据宾从时态主句用过去时,从句			
也要用过去时的原则,且表	是"能"时,could为car	的过去式,排除 B。答案选 C。	

四、 完型填空 (每小题 1 分,满分 20 分)

阅读下面短文,从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并将其字母标号填入题前的括号内。

It was late on an autumn afternoon. I was sitting by the lake enjoying the sunshine. A mother and her son were sitting nearby me. The son, a(an)___30___ boy of seven or eight with a pretty and small nose, was standing ___31__ his mother side by side, eating an ice creams. His mother was talking to him quietly, holding the child's ___32__ in her hand.

A sudden cold wind blew and the child sneezed (打喷嚏). His mother quickly put the sweater on ___33__ and began to button(系扣子) it up. Because of the mother's buttons had been done. However, the son ___36__ his mother's silly mistake. "Ha-ha, Mum, see how your mind has been ___37__ !" said the boy. His loud laughter brought a bit angry expression to his mother's face secretly.



	When I	saw38 had happened to	o the mother and the child, I the	ought the little boy
would be punished because of his39 word to his mother. But instead there was only an				
emba	arrassing	stop of a few seconds. Then I _	40 hear the mother's gentle	voice, "Yes, I have
surel	y been c	areless, for I41 my hear	t to you!" said the mother, point	ing a kind finger at
the b	ooy's litt	le nose. The child hid his red	face in the arms of his mother	who held him with
4	12 . A	smile of satisfaction appeared ov	ver the mother's face.	
	I was de	eply touched by the way the n	nother43 the child. At p	resent a number of
pare			educate a child is not tolerating	
-		doing something with love.		
() 30.	A. lively	B. sick	C. strange
() 31.	A. behind	B. beside	C. in front of
() 32.	A. jacket	B. cap	C. sweater
() 33.	A. her	B. me	C. him
() 34.	A. rush	B. attention	C. direction
() 35.	A. although	B. until	C. since
() 36.	A. discovered	B. avoided	C. memorized
(37.	A. careful	B. absent	C. normal
() 38.	A. why	B. how	C. what
() 40.	A. humorous	B. loud	C. impolite
() 41.	A. would	B. mailed	C. packed
() 42.	A. shyness	B. unhappiness	C. warmth
() 43.	A. punished	B. treated	C. admired
() 44.	A. always	B. seldom	C. often

解析:

- 30.A 根据全文大意,可知这个男孩儿既没有生病也不奇怪。
- 31. B 根据句尾 side by side,可知男孩儿站在妈妈旁边。
- 32. C 根据下文中 "his mother quickly put the sweater on..." 可知,该处为手里拿着 sweater。
- 33. C 根据上文,可知这里的代词指代的是小男孩,故用 him。
- 34. A 根据上文中 quickly 一词,可知妈妈是因为匆忙。
- 35. B 该句前半句中有"didn't",根据短语"not...until..."可知该题应选 until
- 36.A 根据上下文,可知男孩儿是发现了这个错误。
- 37. B 根据下文 "angry expression",可知男孩儿是嘲笑妈妈的注意力不集中。
- 38. C 根据上下文,可知我看到了全过程,故用固定搭配"what had happened"。
- 39. C 根据上文中 "angry expression",可知男孩儿的话是不礼貌的。
- 40. C 根据上下文,可知我能够听到妈妈的话。
- 41.A 根据上下文故事情节,可知妈妈是把心放在孩子身上。
- 42. C 根据下文 "A smile of satisfaction appeared over the mother's face", 可知妈妈的臂弯应该是温暖的。
- 43. B 根据上文,可知是妈妈对待孩子的方式。
- 44. B 根据全文大意,可知大多数家长没有意识到这个问题。

五、阅读理解一(共10小题,每小题2分,满分20分)



阅读下面短文,从每小题 A,B,C 三个选项中,选出最佳选项,并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。

Α

A flying disk(飞碟) is made of plastic(塑料). It was back in the 1950s. A group of college students came into a restaurant to eat some apple pies. After eating the apple pies, the felt bored, so they wanted to play a game. They threw the plates here and there. In this way, the flying disk came into being.

A camera is used for taking photos. It was invented in 1827 by Joseph in Italy. It's often used by the photographers to take pictures. There are many fascinating pictures to be taken in order to help you to remember the beautiful views.

An umbrella is a most useful tool. It was invented over 4000 years ago. It was invented in China and Egypt. It's used for keeping the rain out. When the sun is shining in the sky, an umbrella is also used to keep the sun out. It is still used today.

A bike is a very useful tool in the world today it is very cheap to travel on your bike. Taking a trip by bike is pleasant, because you can enjoy the beautiful sunshine in autumn and you can share the cool fresh air in summer. Riding a bike is good to the environment.

() 51. The flying disk is use	d for	
	A. taking photos	B. playing a game	C. keeping the rain out
() 52. The first camera was	invented by	
	A. an Italian	B. a Chinese	C. a college student
() 53. Taking a trip by bike	is pleasant because	
	A. it is very fast	B. you can get close	to nature
C.	It can keep the sun out ()		
() 54. The invention "	" has the longest h	istory of the four.
	A. a flying disk	B. a camera	C. an umbrella
() 55. Which of the following	ng is TURE?	
	A. The camera was m	nade in he 1950s.	
	B. The flying disk wa	as invented by Joseph.	
	C The umbrella was	invented in China and F	Covnt

解析:

文章大意: 各种生活中常见的发明物的介绍

- 51. B 细节题,原文 They wanted to play a game , they threw the plates here and there. In this way, the flying disk came into being .
- 52. A 细节题,原文第二个表格中 It was invented in 1827 by Joseph in Italy.
- 53. B 细节题,原文第四个表格 Taking a trip by bike is pleasant, because you can enjoy the beautiful sunshine in autumn and you can share the cool fresh air in summer
- 54. C 细节题,原文 Flying disk—It was back in the 1950s; Camera-- It was invented in 1827 by Joseph in Italy; Umbrella---It was invented over 4000 years ago.
- 55. C 细节题,原文第三个表格中 It was invented in China and Egypt.



Why do you study? Many junior 3 students would simply reply. "To get good grades or to go to the best high school."

For several years, many people have been against the exams. Some say they have turned children into studying machines. Others think that one exam cannot possibly demonstrate a student's true level of knowledge. So, should the exams be called off(取消)

Minister of Education(教育部) Yuan Guiren doesn't think so. "Officials and the rich might take advantage if the entrance exam were called off. And life would be more difficult for poor children. However, we do need to change the exams," Yuan said.

"I think the exam is a fair way to choose talented people. But it should pay more attention to all-around personal abilities, not just grades," said a Junior 3 student in Sichuan.

From 1977 to 2007, 46.85 million people have entered higher education through the college entrance exam. According to a survey by the Minister of Education, 90 percent of people who took part in the college entrance examination believed it could in some ways change a person's life, especially for poor students in the countryside.

The examination is not the only way to become a successful person. However, the process of preparing for exam is a good experience, said a math teacher at Middle School in Jiangsu. "Through it, students can learn many things, such as how to deal with stress and how to make a learning plan"

-) 56. What does the underlined word "demonstrate" mean in the second paragraph C. 揭露 A. 隐藏 B. 证明) 57. If the college entrance exam were called off, it would be unfair for . A. the poor B. the officials C. the rich) 58. A Junior 3 student suggested the entrance examination should pay more attention to ... A. interests B. personal abilities C. grades) 59. The survey by the Ministry of Education shows. (A. the exam is not a fair way to choose talented people B. the exam could change a person's life in some ways C. preparing for the exam is a terrible experience for a young man) 60. The writer wrote the passage mainly to . (
 - A. introduce the history of the college entrance exam
 - B. ask the government to call off the college entrance exam
 - C. encourage the change of the college entrance exam

解析:

文章大意: 主要讲了有关于考试的利弊及改革的必要性。

- 56. B 词义猜测题,原文 Others think that one exam cannot possibly demonstrate a student's true level of knowledge. 译为"其他人认为一次考试是不可能证明一个学生的真实的知识水平的"57. A 细节题,原文 And life would be more difficult for poor children.
- 58. B 细节题,原文第四段 it should pay more attention to all-around personal abilities, not just grades.
- 59. B 细节题,According to the survey by the Ministry of Education, 90 percent of people who took part in the college entrance examination believed it could in some ways change a person's life.



60. C 主旨大意题,文章最后一段提到 The examination is not the only way to become a successful person. However, the process of preparing for the exam is a good experience. 表明作者是赞成考试的,并希望考试能更加完善,所以答案应是 C。

六、补全对话(共5小题,每小题1分,满分10分)

从方框中选出适当的句子,使对<mark>话意思完整,通顺(有两项是多余的)</mark>,并将代表答案的字母标号填在横线上.

Sandy: Long time no see. Where have you been?
Dave:55
Sandy: Sounds good. China is a country with a long history.
Dave: Yes. But Chinese is difficult for me56
Sandy: By watching Chinese movies. Have you experienced the traditional festival in China?
Dave:57 can't forget it.
Sandy:58
Dave: I love the races. They are fun to watch.
Sandy:59
Dave: Maybe I'll be with you.

- A. Sure, I'd like to.
- B. What do you like about the Dragon Boat Festival?
- C. Yes, I spent the Dragon Boat Festival with my honest family.
- D. I have been to China for studying.
- E. Where did you go?
- F. Could you tell me how you study Chinese?
- G. I hope I will visit China some day.

解析:

- 1.选 D,上面的问句中包含有 have been,是现在完成时。所以答句也应该是相应的时态,所以选择 D。
- 2.选 F, 根据句意, 上一句话说: 汉语对于我来说很难。下一句话说: 通过卡汉语电影(学习)。 从而推断出询问: 如何学习汉语, 所以选 F。
- 3.选 C,根据问句中的 traditional festival 可以得知,答句应该包含相应的节日,所以选 C。 4.选 B,根据答句: I love the races.可以推断出,问句会询问喜欢节日的哪个环节,所以选 B。 5. 选 G,根据答句中的 I'll be,可以得知是一般将来时态。所以推断出,前一句话也应该是 表达将来的情形,所以选 G。

七、阅读理解二(共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容回答问题

"Fire! Fire!" Students were running out of the classroom. They used wet clothes to cover their mouths and noses. Was there a fire? No, it was just a fire drill (演习). On Oct 31, students in a middle school in Taiyuan learned some safety skills when a fire broke out. 1. What can we do to make our houses safer? Don't put phone chargers(充电器) on your books or bed. And also we



should not charge for too long.

Don't use candles in your bedroom.

Check to see if you have broken electric wires(电线) in your house, and change them at once. 1. What should we do if we are caught in a burning building? If the fire is big, stay low and get out quickly. Make your clothes wet so they will not catch fire.

Use wet clothes to cover your mouth and nose. Always use the stairs, don't use the elevators. Because elevators may break down anytime. If the room is full of smoke, keep close to the floor where the air is cleaner and cooler. Once help arrives, wave a flashlight or cloth at the window to let the firefighters know where you are.

66. When did the students in a middle school in Taiyuan have a fire drill?
67. Is it safe to use the candles in our bedroom?
68. How many ways do we have to make our house safer according to the passage?
69. Why shouldn't we use the elevators when we are caught in a burning building?
70. What should we do if the room is full of smoke?
解析:
文章大意:介绍一次学校举办的火灾演习,并讲了如何做可以让我们避免火灾以及火灾
中应该怎样做。
66. On October 31.原文 On Oct. 31, students in a middle school in Taiyuan learned some
safety skills when a fire broke out.
67. No, it isn't 原文 Don't use candles in your bedroom.
68 Three. 原文 What can we do to make our house safer 下面有三个内容可知答案为
Three.
69. Because elevators may break down anytime. 原文 Always use the stairs, don't use the
stairs, don't use the elevators. Because elevators may break down anytime.
70. (We should) keep close to the floor where the air is cleaner and cooler. 原文 If the room
is full of smoke, keep close to the floor where the air is cleaner and cooler.

八、词汇运用(共10小题,每小题0.5分,满分5分)

用方框中所给词的适当形式填空,有两个多余选项。

become	show	interest	communicat	e retur	n tall
whethe	r succ	ess yea	r interview	he	but

On Sep19, Alibaba(阿里巴巴)went public (上市)on the New York Stock Exchange. It should be a separate of the New York Stock Exchange.	ows
that Ma Yun, 50, has done his business 65 A short Chinese man seems to be the	
66 man in the world right now. Ma used to be an English teacher. So far, he 67	the
richest man on the Chinese mainland.	



Ma was born in Hangzhou and grew up as a happy kid. At the age of twelve, he found that
English was very 68 Every morning, he got up at 5 am, and then ran to a hotel near the
West Lake where he could 69 with foreign tourists in English. He did it for nine years,
70 it was rain or shine. The experience made 71 become a fantastic English speaker
and also opened his eyes to the wide world. In a 1995 trip to the US, Ma was showed to the
Internet for the first time. Seeing the chance, Ma 72 to China and set up a website without
knowing much about computers. Four years later, Ma set up Alibaba in Hangzhou. People called
him "Crazy Jack Ma". But fifteen 73. later, Alibaba has developed into the world's largest
e-commerce(电子商务) company. When Ma 74 by the reporter from Times, he said:
"Everybody should have a dream. What if that dream comes true?"

解析:

- 1. successfully 考察副词的运用。根据上句话的 were public 得知,马云的生意已经做得副词成功,所以选择 success。再根据该句中的 done,可以想到副词修饰动词,所以填 successfully。
- 2. tallest 考察形容词的最高级。根据句意:这个矮小的中国男人现在看起来的全世界最高的男人。且空前有定冠词 the,所以填 tall 的最高级 tallest。
- 3. has become 考察动词时态。So far 为现在完成时的标志词,所以填 has become。
- 4. interesting 考察形容词<mark>的运用</mark>。根据下<mark>一句话的句意</mark>,可以推断出作者觉得英语是非常有趣的,所以填 interesting。
- 5. communicate 考察动词短语。communicate with sb. 和某人交流. 根据前后句意可以得知,作者是去和老外用英语进行交流。且 could 是情态动词,后面需要用动词的原形,所以填communicate。
- 6. whether 考察连词的运用。根据句意:无论是晴天或雨天,他一直坚持了九年。所以填whether。
- 7. him 考察代词的运用。根据句意:这些努力让他成为一个优秀的英语运用者。且 made 为动词,动词后要用代词的宾格形式,所以填 him。
- 8. returned 考察动词短语。return to sp. 返回某地。根据句意:马云返回中国,在对计算机了解胜少的情况下,建立了网页。且前后句子时态要保持一致,所以填 returned。
- 9. years 考察名词的数。根据句意:十五年之后,阿里巴巴已经发展成为全球最大的电子商务公司。且空前为 fifteen,所以填 years。
- 10. was interviewed 考察动词时态。根据后半句的 by the reporter,可以推断该句要用被动语态: be done,且前后时态保持一致,所以填 was interviewed.