

# 九年级质量调研题（英语）

## 一、听力（25分）

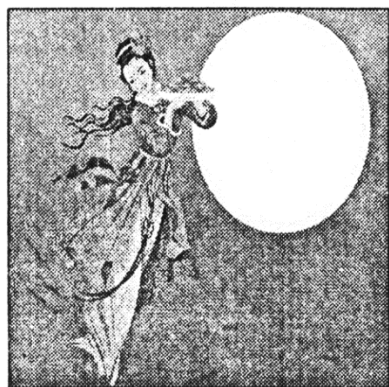
### I. 听句子，选择最佳的答语。（5分）

- |                    |                         |                           |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. Silver.      | B. Glass.               | C. Paper.                 |
| 2. A. 1853.        | B. George.              | C. By mistake.            |
| 3. A. Zongzi.      | B. Jiaozi.              | C. Mooncakes.             |
| 4. A. In a bank.   | B. In a post office.    | C. In a supermarket.      |
| 5. A. By accident. | B. Listen to the tapes. | C. By reading more books. |

### II. 听简单对话和对话后的问题，选择最佳的答案。（5分）

- |                    |                        |                           |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 6. A. Silk.        | B. wood.               | C. cotton.                |
| 7. A. Short.       | B. Tall.               | C. Really fat.            |
| 8. A. In 1927.     | B. In 1885.            | C. In 1876.               |
| 9. A. Fast food.   | B. Fresh meat.         | C. Fresh vegetables.      |
| 10. A. He was ill. | B. He missed the test. | C. His teacher was angry. |

### III. 听描述，选出与描述相符的图片。其中有一幅图片是多余的。（5分）



A



B



C



D



E



F

11. \_\_\_\_\_ 12. \_\_\_\_\_ 13. \_\_\_\_\_ 14. \_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_

IV. 听较长对话, 选择最佳答案。下面你要听到两段对话, 听第一段对话作答 16-17 题; 听第二段对话作答 18-20 题。(5 分)

16. Where is the man going?

- A. Science Museum.      B. History Museum.      C. Children's Museum.

17. How long will it take him to walk there?

- A. Half an hour.      B. About an hour.      C. About twenty minutes.

18. What 's that thing with three legs?

- A. It's a cup.      B. It's a bowl.      C. It's a scoop.

19. What was it used for?

- A. Boiling water.      B. Drinking wine.      C. Serving ice-cream.

20. What was it made of?

- A. Glass.      B. Gold.      C. Metal.

V. 听短文, 选择最佳的答案。(5 分)

21. Who says that animals dance, too?

- A. Teachers.      B. Scientists.      C. Mothers.

22. What are dances of animals use for?

- A. Showing love.      B. Doing exercise.      C. Sending messages.

23. How does Steve feel after dancing?

- A. Happy and excited.      B. Tired and excited.      C. Tired and relaxed.

24. Where does Steve dance after dinner?

- A. In the garden.      B. In the park.      C. At home.

25. When did Steve make his new girl-friend?

- A. Last week.      B. Last night.      C. Last month.

## 二、基础知识 (25 分)

VI. 在下列各句的空白处填入一个适当的词, 使句子意思完整, 语法正确。(5 分)

26. —Do you often play basketball at school?

—Yes, our teachers often \_\_\_\_\_ the students in our class into two teams.

27. Western people use fork to eat, while Chinese people like to use \_\_\_\_\_.

28. I like lemons because they have a \_\_\_\_\_ taste.

29. —Do you think you are doing well or \_\_\_\_\_?

—I think I'm doing well.

30. Can I drive a car with my Chinese driving \_\_\_\_\_ in America?

VII. 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。(5 分)

31. The singer has good manners, he always shakes hands with fans \_\_\_\_\_ (polite).

32. Our teacher gave us a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ (help) books in maths.

33. It's hard for a \_\_\_\_\_ (strange) to make friends in this big city.

34. His English is not bad, but his \_\_\_\_\_ (pronounce) isn't too good.

35. He writes not only to make money but also for \_\_\_\_\_ (please).

VIII. 单项选择, 从每小题所给的四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。(15分)

36. —Do you like swimming in the sea?

—No, the water in the sea tastes too \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. crispy            B. salty            C. sweet            D. delicious

37. Some leaves still \_\_\_\_\_ on the tree at this season.

- A. sit            B. stay            C. remain            D. kept

38. It is said that the police found the lost car \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. by accident            B. with mistake            C. without doubt            D. in accident

39. It's common knowledge that black tea \_\_\_\_\_ in China more than 600 years ago.

- A. invents            B. invented            C. is invented            D. was invented

40. Look! The cloud is \_\_\_\_\_ of a horse.

- A. on the time            B. on the date            C. in the shape            D. in the size

41. Bamboo can \_\_\_\_\_ paper.

- A. use to make            B. used to make            C. be used to making            D. be used for making

42. —\_\_\_\_\_ do you tell him about the news?

—By sending e-mails.

- A. How            B. What            C. When            D. Where

43. —It's raining hard. I'm afraid I'll miss the train if I wait here.

—Don't worry. I can give you a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. hand            B. lift            C. driver            D. movement

44. If you don't eat less, you'll \_\_\_\_\_ looking like an elephant!

- A. end up            B. in the end of            C. by the end of            D. at the end of

45. \_\_\_\_\_ that ancient Chinese invented paper

- A. It believed            B. It was believed            C. It is believed            D. It has believed

46. "Trick or treat" means kids will play a trick on you if you don't give them a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. trick            B. candy            C. dessert            D. treat

47. —He is only ten years old. I don't think he \_\_\_\_\_ to ride his bike in the street.

—You are right. It may be dangerous.

- A. should allow            B. be allowed            C. should be allowed            D. shouldn't be allowed

48. The thief was noticed \_\_\_\_\_ the office building by the back door on the screen.

- A. enter            B. to enter            C. enters            D. enter into

49. —What do you know about \_\_\_\_\_?

—Oh, I know it's a popular festival in North America and it's on October 31<sup>st</sup>.

- A. New Year            B. Christmas            C. Thanksgiving            D. Halloween

50. —We shouldn't spend too much time on computer games, it's bad for our eyes.

—\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. I agree with you            B. That's all right            C. Enjoy your time            D. Don't mention it

### 三、交际运用 (5分)

IX. 根据对话内容, 用方框内所给的句子补全对话。其中有一项是多余的。(5分)

A: Be careful! You almost fell down. (51) \_\_\_\_\_

B: Don't worry. I'm OK.

A: You'd better not look at your phone while walking.

B: (52) \_\_\_\_\_

A: By the way, you sent a lot of pictures on the WeChat(微信) yesterday.

B: Haha, you saw my pictures in the friend circle!

A: Yeah. (53) \_\_\_\_\_

B: I visited the museum and took some photos.

A: (54) \_\_\_\_\_

B: They'll be put up on the school website. And they can be seen on the Internet by other classes.

A: Sounds great! The Internet and the computer have changed our lives.

B: Yes. (55) \_\_\_\_\_

A: I don't know.

B: It was invented by the US government in the 1960s, for the army to use.

A: Now it is used by all the people.

B: Yes. It's hard to imagine what the future of the Internet and Web will be.

- |                       |                                            |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| A. OK. I won't.       | B. Where are the photos?                   |
| C. Are you all right? | D. What are the photos used for?           |
| E. Where did you go?  | F. Do you know when Internet was invented? |

### 四、阅读 (45分)

X. 完形填空 (15分) 从每小题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

My son was at the party. I sat in the car waiting 56 him to come out. Seeing him in beautiful suit for the first time, my feelings were mixed. 57 I realized he had become a teenage. The moment he got into the car, he couldn't wait to 58 the party with me. A smile 59, across my face.

"This is the best night I have ever had," he said. He began telling the 60 just like picking a bag of candy. "I was talking with Jane 61 I saw a girl standing off into a dark corner along, crying. Jane asked 62 to go dancing with the girl, but I said that Jane was 63 because I didn't even know who the girl was. Jane wouldn't stop and said that I had a (an) 64 to do something special by dancing with the girl. I knew why she was crying. Everybody could see that she was a little overweight and 65 invited her to dance. I wanted to, but I was 66 that I'd be laughed at. What if she turned me off. It took me a lot of courage to go over and ask if she wanted to dance. She said 67 and we walked out to the dance floor. I felt my face turned red, but it was 68 and I didn't think others noticed. I thought everyone was looking at us, 69 no one laughed and we danced the whole dance. What happened next was unexpected. After I danced with the girl, a lot of guys started dancing with girls who hadn't danced yet. It

was only three minutes, but I was happy that I did something 70 tonight. I learned something, too.”

I could see tears in his eyes. I gave my son a hug and told him, “I’m so proud of you.”

- |                   |             |                |              |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 56. A. in         | B. of       | C. on          | D. for       |
| 57. A. After      | B. As       | C. Because     | D. Before    |
| 58. A. share      | B. give     | C. take        | D. invite    |
| 59. A. got        | B. spread   | C. stopped     | D. saved     |
| 60. A. jok        | B. answer   | C. story       | D. text      |
| 61. A. when       | B. where    | C. what        | D. that      |
| 62. A. him        | B. her      | C. me          | D. them      |
| 63. A. crazy      | B. nice     | C. lucky       | D. careless  |
| 64. A. right      | B. chance   | C. interest    | D. present   |
| 65. A. everybody  | B. somebody | C. nobody      | D. anybody   |
| 66. A. interested | B. pleased  | C. surprised   | D. afraid    |
| 67. A. yes        | B. no       | C. nothing     | D. aloud     |
| 68. A. cold       | B. bright   | C. black       | D. dark      |
| 69. A. and        | B. so       | C. but         | D. or        |
| 70. A. strange    | B. spicial  | C. interesting | D. difficult |

#### XI. 阅读理解 (30分)

##### (A)

Billy was a funny student. He loved watching comedies best and hoped to become a comedy actor one day.

When he heard about the talent show to be held at his school. Billy decided to take in. He had never acted on stage before, and he was very excited. But some studetns laughed at him. “You are not funny but silly.” Ken, one of his classmates, said to his face. “No one will like what you do,” another boy also said to him, loudly.

Billy couldn’t understand why they were so unkind to him. For a moment, he thought about giving up the show. But he remembered how much his friends liked his jokes, and also his teachers said he was very funny. So he decided to prepare for the show.

Billy did a great job at the talent show. Everyone loved his performance, and he won the first prize. His teachers and friends were proud of him. Even so, Ken told Billy that he was not funny, and that he would never be successful. Billy didn’t understand why Ken said so, but he realized that he had nothing to do with him. He confidently continued to work towards his goal.

As the years went on, Billy met more people like Ken. “You’ll do a terrible job,” they said to him. Luckily, most people encouraged him and some helped him to become even funnier. He got a lot of opportunities to perform in movies. He was even invited to appear on television. His fans thanked him because his comedies made them feel good when they were unhappy.

Now Billy is a big comedy star! He is doing what he loves best. He never feels stressed like those unkind people, and he laughs all day long!

根据短文内容, 选择正确答案。(5分)

71. What did Billy want to become?  
A. A funny student.    B. A comedy actor.    C. A popular singer.    D. A musician.
72. What did Billy decid to take in at his school?  
A. A sport meeting.    B. A basketball game.    C. An important test.    D. A talent show.

73. Who said "You are not funny but silly."?  
 A. Ken.                      B. His teacher.              C. His friend.              D. His brother.
74. Where did Billy get a lot of opportunities to perform?  
 A. On TV Station.              B. In movies.              C. On radio.              D. In theater.
75. Why did his fans thank him?  
 A. Because he was rich.                      B. Because he was a happy man.  
 C. Because he was famous.                      D. Because the fans like his comedies.

(B)

Lantern Festival falls on the 15<sup>th</sup> of the first month of the lunar calendar. This day is always the first full moon in the new year. Ancient people also called it Shangyuan Festival. Celebrations and traditions on this day began from the Han Dynasty and became popular in the Tang Dynasty.

Watching the red lanterns is one of the main traditions. Lanterns of different shapes and size are usually put on trees, or along river banks on show. It is said that sky lanterns were first used by Zhuge Kongming to ask for help when he was in trouble. Today, when the lanterns slowly rise into the air, people make wishes.

Another tradition is guessing lantern riddles. The riddles are usually short, wise and sometimes humorous. The answer to a riddle can be a Chinese character, a famous person's name, or a place name.

The most important thing is to eat sweet dumplings with different taste. In northern China, they are called *yuanxiao* while in southern part they're named *tangyuan*. Because making sweet dumplings is like a game or an activity, they are usually done happily by a group of friends or family members.

根据短文内容，判断正 (T) 误 (F)。(5 分)

76. Lantern Festival is also called Shangyuan Festival.  
 77. It's said that sky lanterns were used for asking for help.  
 78. People sing aloud together when the lanterns slowly rise into the sky.  
 79. Lanterns of different shapes and size are usually put on the tall buildings.  
 80. In Changchun sweet dumplings are named *yuanxia* according to the passage.

(C)

Woods on a Snowy Evening

Whose woods these are I think I know.	His house is in the village, though.
He will not see me stopping here	To watch his woods fill up with snow.
My little horse must think it queer	To stop without a farmhouse near
Between the woods and frozen lake	The darkest evening of the year.
He gives his harness bells a shake	To ask if there is some mistake.
The only other sound's the sweep	Of easy wind and downy flake.
The woods are lovely, dark and deep,	But I have promises to keep,
And miles to go before I sleep,	And miles to go before I sleep.

朗读诗歌, 选择正确答案。(5分)

81. Where is the writer?

- A. In a city.            B. In a town.            C. At home.            D. In the wood.

82. What is the season?

- A. Winter.            B. Autumn.            C. Summer.            D. Spring.

83. When is it?

- A. In the morning.    B. In the afternoon.    C. In the evening.    D. At night.

84. How did the writer get there?

- A. By bus.            B. By train.            C. By bike.            D. By horse.

85. What will he do?

- A. Stay here.            B. Miles to go.            C. Sleep.            D. Go into the house.

(D)

I went to England last year. I enjoyed my stay, and I noticed something interesting with the English way of life.

For example, you must say Mr. or Mrs. when you meet someone for the first time. When you get to know each other better or when they ask you to, you can just use their first names.

One day we visited some friends and had afternoon tea together. Afternoon tea is not just a drink but a light meal at around 4 p.m. We ate sandwiches and a large fruit cake. In England you usually drink tea with milk. So I tried to drink tea with milk, too.

Fish and chips is the traditional food in England. You can buy it and eat it in special fish and chips shops on the high street, or you can take it away and eat it with your fingers! It is delicious!

At the bus stop you must not push your way onto the bus. You need to stand in a line behind the other people and wait for your turn. Sometimes people are slow to get on the bus. Once I noticed a gentleman touch a young man on the shoulder smile and say, "Excuse me! Are you waiting for this bus?" He was really polite.

根据短文内容, 选择正确答案。(5分)

86. When you meet someone for the first time, you must use \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Mr. or Mrs.    B. their first name    C. their family name    D. their full name

87. When you are invited for afternoon tea, you will have \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. only tea    B. a light meal    C. tea and coffee    D. a big dinner

88. Tea in England usually has \_\_\_\_\_ in it.

- A. sugar    B. coffee    C. honey    D. milk

89. \_\_\_\_\_ is the traditional food in England according to this passage.

- A. Fried fish    B. Potato chips    C. Fish and chips    D. Steak and potatoes

90. At the bus stop, it is important to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. wait in line    B. get on quickly    C. smile politely    D. say hello to people around

(E)

Jenny lived a small village. **She was born with a silver spoon.** She had a rich family. When her parents died, they left her a lot of money. After that, she lived on her own. Unfortunately, she became blind after a serious illness. She went to see lots of famous doctors, but nobody was able to cure (治疗) her eyes. She felt very sad.

One day, a doctor named Tom came to the village where Jenny lived. He heard about her illness and came to her house. He told Jenny that he had much experience. He was sure to cure her eyes, but she must pay him a lot of money. Jenny agreed. "But you can get nothing if you fail," said the lady.

During the treatment. Tom found Jenny was very rich. There were plenty of good things in her house. He stole many good things from the house. Several weeks later, Tom cured Jenny. The lady could really see with her eyes. When Tom asked for money, Jenny refused. She said, "you haven't cured my eyes. Before I was blind, I could see all the things in my room. **But now I \_\_\_\_\_.**" Hearing that, Tom stood there and couldn't say a word.

根据短文内容回答问题。(10分)

91. What does the sentence "**She was born with a silver spoon**" mean?
92. What was the matter with Jenny after her parents died?
93. Why was Tom sure to cure Jenny's eyes?
94. How long did Tom cure Jenny?
95. Please give the whole sentence. (补全这句话) **But now I \_\_\_\_\_.**

五、书面表达 (20分)

XII. (A) 请把下面这封信补充完整。(每空一词) (5分)

Dear Diana,

Recently I have trouble (96)\_\_\_\_\_ my study.

In school I can't listen to teachers carefully (97)\_\_\_\_\_ I always feel tired and sleepy. I don't spend time with friends after class either because I think it's a waste of (98)\_\_\_\_\_. I even miss writing some answers in the test.

At home, I can't get my homework done every night. My parents don't let me stay up. So I have to get up (99)\_\_\_\_\_ the next morning to finish it. Lately, I even get a bad headache.

How can I (100)\_\_\_\_\_ these problems?

Yours,

Mary

(B) 你和你的家人经常喝茶吗? 你懂茶文化吗? 请根据你对茶的了解, 以 *The Popular Drink — Tea* 为题写一篇短文.

要求: 条理清楚, 语句通顺, 书写规范; 80词左右.