

2017 年河北省初中毕业生升学文化课考试

英 语 试 卷

本试卷分卷 I 和卷 II 两部分。卷 I 为选择题，卷 II 为非选择题。

本试卷总分 120 分，考试时间 120 分钟。

卷 I (选择题，共 75 分)

注意事项：1. 答卷 I 前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号、科目填涂在答题卡上。考试结束，监考人员将试卷和答题卡一并收回。

2. 答卷 I 时，每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑，答在试卷上无效。

3. 听力部分共包括两小节：第一节在卷 I，第二节在卷 II。完成第一节后，请根据录音指令，在卷 II 完成第二节。

听力部分 (第一节)

I. 听句子，选出句子中所包含的信息。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，计 5 分)

- | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. cat | B. cap | C. cup |
| 2. A. try on | B. turn on | C. put on |
| 3. A. September 2nd | B. November 22nd | C. December 27th |
| 4. A. I'll invite him to the party. | | |
| B. I like the drinks at the party. | | |
| C. I'll provide drinks for the party. | | |
| 5. A. People were angry with the players. | | |
| B. People were happy to join the players. | | |
| C. People were excited to see the players. | | |

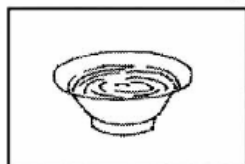
II. 听句子，选出该句的最佳答语。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，计 5 分)

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 6. A. I'm fine. | B. I'm reading. | C. I'm nineteen. |
| 7. A. Sure. | B. Good idea. | C. Many thanks. |
| 8. A. That's great. | B. Never mind. | C. You're welcome. |
| 9. A. It's clean. | B. It's getting dark. | C. It's very hot. |
| 10. A. Sorry, I don't know. | B. Yes, I think so. | C. No, I don't feel well. |

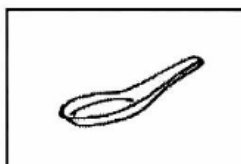
III. 听对话和问题，选择正确答案。(共 8 小题，每小题 1 分，计 8 分)

11. What will the woman get for the man?

A.



B.

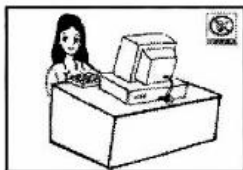


C.

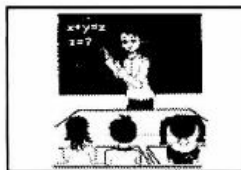


12. Where is Jane now?

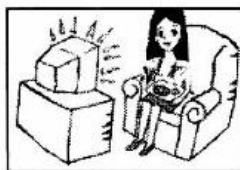
A.



B.



C.



13. What does Peter want to do?

A. Help to cook.

B. Set the table.

C. Wash the dishes.

14. Why doesn't Mom let Peter help her at first?

A. The work is almost done.

B. Peter has something to do.

C. She thinks he's too young.

15. Who speaks English best?

A. Lucy.

B. Mark.

C. Lily.

16. What will Lucy do if she has no one to talk to?

A. Talk to herself.

B. Practise with Lily.

C. Study in a university.

17. What does Mark think of Lucy's learning method?

A. Popular.

B. Creative.

C. Interesting.

18. When did Lucy start practising this way?

A. Half a year ago.

B. Two years ago.

C. Two and a half years ago.

IV. 听短文和问题, 选择正确答案。(共 7 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 7 分)

19. What are they going to hear?

A. Six sentences.

B. A conversation.

C. News on TV.

20. Which letter should they choose if the sentence is correct?

A. N.

B. A.

C. B.

21. How long will they look at the questions before listening?

A. Three seconds.

B. Four seconds.

C. Twenty seconds.

22. When do they have courses in the Star Theater School?

A. Every day.

B. Every weekend.

C. During school holidays.

23. At what age can the children go to the Star Theater School?

A. Between 9 and 16.

B. Between 8 and 16.

C. Between 14 and 17.

24. How much are the courses for 15-year-old kids?

A. £ 75 a month.

B. £ 80 a month.

C. £ 85 a month.

25. What do they offer for free?

A. Clothes.

B. Books.

C. Lunch.

笔试部分

V. 单项选择 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. —Is this Kate's bicycle?

—No, _____ is under the tree. She put it there this morning.

- A. his B. hers C. mine D. yours

27. Just walk down this road and you'll see the museum _____ your right.

- A. on B. in C. at D. by

28. Eating dumplings at the Spring Festival is _____ in China.

- A. patient B. lucky C. possible D. traditional

29. Grandfather lives with us. We all _____ him.

- A. look at B. look for C. look after D. look like

30. I have travelled a lot. I _____ speak four languages.

- A. can B. may C. must D. need

31. Don't take the dictionary away. I _____ it.

- A. use B. used C. am using D. have used

32. Mr. Liu is a really nice person — the _____ person I know.

- A. nicer B. nicest C. happier D. happiest

33. Wow! You _____ dinner! Let's eat now.

- A. cook B. are cooking C. will cook D. have cooked

34. Mom won't let Dick go out _____ he promises to be back by 10:00 tonight.

- A. if B. when C. since D. unless

35. Hangzhou _____ as the City of Silk. Tourists like shopping for silk there.

- A. knows B. is known C. was known D. will be known

VI. 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

One thorn (刺) of experience is worth many times of warning.

Ralph Wick was seven years old. In most things he was a fine boy, but he would cry from time to time. When he could not have what he wanted, he would 36 for it. If he was told that it would hurt him, and he could not 37 it, he would also cry.

One day, he went with his mother into the 38. The sun shone. The grass was cut. The flowers were starting to come out.

Ralph thought he was, for once, a good boy. A 39 was on his face. He wished to do as he was told. Ralph helped his mother with the farm work and he was very happy.

"Now you must be tired and 40," said his mother. "Have a good rest here and eat some cookies. I will get a beautiful red rose for you." So his mother brought the red flower to him. When he saw his mother still had a white rose in her hand, Ralph 41 it.

"No, my dear," said his mother. "See how many thorns it has. You must not touch it, or you would be sure to hurt your 42." When Ralph found that he could not have the white rose, he began to cry, and 43 took it away. But he was soon very sorry. The thorns hurt his hand. It was so 44 that he could not use it for some time.

Ralph would never 45 this. From then on, when he wanted what he should not have, his mother would point to his hand which had been hurt before. He at last learned to do as he was told.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 36. A. run | B. cry | C. plan | D. call |
| 37. A. save | B. hide | C. have | D. lose |
| 38. A. park | B. garden | C. forest | D. field |
| 39. A. smile | B. sign | C. fear | D. mark |
| 40. A. lazy | B. noisy | C. hungry | D. sleepy |
| 41. A. waited for | B. asked for | C. cared for | D. thanked for |
| 42. A. arm | B. leg | C. hand | D. foot |
| 43. A. quietly | B. proudly | C. politely | D. suddenly |
| 44. A. helpful | B. harmful | C. peaceful | D. painful |
| 45. A. accept | B. refuse | C. forget | D. remember |

VII. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 30 分)

阅读 A、B、C 三篇材料, 然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

David walked down the street. All he wanted to do was to play basketball with Jim. But his mother told him to return his sister's books to the library on his way to Jim's house.

In his eyes, books and summertime just don't go together. He thought he had read a lot during the school year. And he had never set foot inside a public library. Today he'd just drop the books off in the outside return box, but it was locked. He had to go inside to return them.

David walked inside the building a few minutes before closing time. He put the books into the return box. After a quick drink of water and a short stop in the toilet, he'd be on his way to meet Jim. He walked out of the toilet. The library lights were turned off. He was locked — in a library!

David tried to use the telephone, but he couldn't find one. As the sun began to set, he searched for a light and found a little one on a desk. He used a pencil to write a note on a big piece of paper. It read, "I'm locked inside. Please call for help." He put it on the front door. Surely, someone passing by would see it. He then turned his attention to the library itself.

He was surprised to discover that this place was not so bad. Rows and rows of books! When he saw a book about Michael Jordan on the desk, he picked it up. He opened the book and began to read. He felt that being locked in the library didn't seem to be such a terrible thing.

46. What did David's mother want him to do?

- A. Play basketball with Jim. B. Take a walk in the street.
C. Read books in the library. D. Return his sister's books.

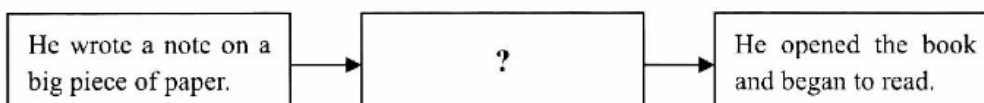
47. David thought he had read a lot during _____.

- A. a visit to Jim's B. the school year C. the closing time D. the summertime

48. David went inside the building because _____.

- A. the sun began to set B. he wanted to use the telephone
C. he needed to go to the toilet D. the outside return box was locked

49. Which of the following sentences could be added to the chart (图表)?



- A. He searched for a light. B. He put the books into the return box.
C. He had a quick drink of water. D. He turned his attention to the library.

50. David discovered that _____ after he was locked in the library.

- A. he was very afraid of the dark B. he became interested in this place
C. his mom was worried about him D. his friend became nervous about him

B

You Can Make a Windsack (风筒)!

Have you ever seen a windsack blowing in the wind? Well, you can make one of your own! This is a fun project that you can do with things you may have. You just need to follow a few easy steps.

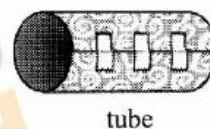
You will need:

- one piece of heavy colored paper
- strong tape
- a pencil
- five ribbons
- a string

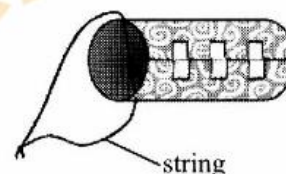
What to do:

Step 1: Draw pictures on the paper. You can write your name on it. Do anything that will make it special to you.

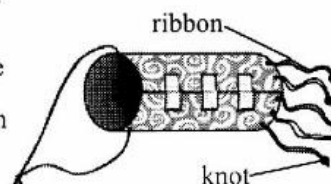
Step 2: Make the paper into the shape of a tube. Hold one of the shorter edges (边缘) over the other. Then make them together with the tape at each end and in the middle.



Step 3: Use a pencil to make a hole into both sides of the tube. The holes should be only on one end of the tube. Pull the string through both holes. Then tie the ends of the string together.



Step 4: Now make five holes around the top of the other end of the tube. Put a ribbon through each of the holes. Tie a knot in the ends. Make sure the knots are bigger than the holes.



Now your windsack is ready to use, but how does it work? The shape of the tube plays an important part. Wind blows through the tube and makes it fly and dance around. Hold the windsack up in the air by its string and run around. It will fly behind you. You can also hang it outside and watch it dance around on its own!

51. You draw pictures on the paper to make the windsack _____.

- A. fun B. heavy C. strong D. special

52. Which of these things do you need for Step 2?

- A. Tape. B. Ribbons. C. A pencil. D. A string.

53. What do you do after you put ribbons through the holes in the tube?
- A. Make holes in the tube. B. Tape the tube together.
- C. Tie knots in the ribbons. D. Put a string through the hole.
54. What is probably the most important to make a windsock work?
- A. Its shape. B. Its size.
- C. The color of the paper. D. The number of the holes.
55. What is the main purpose of this article?
- A. To tell an interesting story. B. To explain how to do something.
- C. To teach an important lesson. D. To show what a windsock is like.

C

Here is a story: A man sees a butterfly (蝴蝶). The butterfly tries to get out of its chrysalis (蛹). Feeling sorry for it, the man decides to help. He cuts the chrysalis and the butterfly comes out easily. Surprisingly enough, the butterfly is unable to fly. If the butterfly doesn't struggle (挣扎; 奋斗) to leave the chrysalis, it can't fly! The struggle develops the energy in the butterfly which makes it fly. Similarly, the challenges of life bring out the best in young people and make them fly.

When people are young, meeting and overcoming challenges will make them strong and ready to face life. When we look at successful people, we see that the most successful of them are people who have had to struggle. One famous businessman, who now owns many big supermarkets, used to carry clothes on his back and sell them from door to door when he was young. Another successful man is Dennis. His father died when he was only twenty. His father's death forced him to mature fast. He had to bring up a family of nine people. He took up the challenges and overcame them. Today his brothers and sisters are leading successful lives.

Sometimes challenges do not appear to us because we keep away from them. So some parents and teachers actively encourage young people to face challenges. They might organize some activities for young people which provide them with challenges, like rock-climbing, camping, volunteer work and so on. However, just passing exams will not prepare a person for life. We must meet and overcome challenges. The young people of today will become the leaders of tomorrow. For countries to continue to become successful, it is important that the young people learn to meet challenges and overcome them.

56. From the story we know that the butterfly can't fly because _____.
A. it gets out by itself
B. the man feels sorry for it
C. it tries to challenge itself
D. the man helps it come out
57. Dennis's example shows that successful people should _____.
A. overcome the difficulties
B. take up business early
C. become the leaders of tomorrow
D. sell clothes from door to door
58. The meaning of the underlined word "mature" in the passage is "_____".
A. wake up
B. give up
C. grow up
D. bring up
59. What is the writer trying to do in this passage?
A. Describe where a butterfly comes from.
B. Encourage young people to face challenges.
C. Suggest how to become a successful businessman.
D. Explain what will happen if a person fails the exam.
60. What is the best title for this passage?
A. Successful People Have a Sense of Achievement
B. Young People Must Develop Their Energy Actively
C. Countries Should Continue to Become Successful
D. Challenges of Life Bring Out the Best in Young People

总 分	核分人

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英 语 试 卷

卷 II（非选择题，共 45 分）

- 注意事项：1. 答卷 II 前，将密封线左侧的项目填写清楚。
2. 答卷 II 时，将答案用黑色字迹的钢笔、签字笔或圆珠笔直接写在试卷上。

题 号	VIII	IX	X	XI	
				A	B
得 分					

得 分	评卷人

听力部分（第二节）

VIII. 听短文填空（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，计 5 分）

Information Sheet

Tony's experiences

61. Study _____ in London

62. Stay in someone's _____

63. Take an _____ when going out

People in England

64. Very _____

Difference in language

65. Say "film" for "_____"

笔试部分

得 分	评卷人

IX. 任务型阅读 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

阅读短文, 并按要求完成 66~70 题。

At many Thanksgiving dinners, everyone around the table shares something they are thankful for. As we know, most can do this easily. It's more important to know how to be thankful people all the time.

Be positive (乐观的). No matter what happens, it's best to remember the good things. Find the bright side in bad situations, and push back against negative (负面的) opinions. Also, do your best not to compare yourself to others. But when you're around others, give expression to what you like about them. By keeping good in mind, you'll give thanks for it even more than before.

Accept the negative. At the same time, we can't pay no attention to bad things that have happened. We should learn from mistakes. It makes us become strong. Before we know it, we're thankful for negative things, too. Our mistakes can also make us humble (谦逊的), which is not all bad. Humble people have better relationships and see life's blessings (祝福) much more clearly!

Acts of kindness. Thankful people know that it's much better to give than to receive. When you're thankful, you feel it's your duty to show love to others. Some people volunteer to help people in need. Studies show that volunteers might feel happier and healthier.

Use of time. By spending time with others, you show them how much they mean to you. But being thankful is also better realized by spending time alone. When you're alone, you can think about the best parts of your day. You can list them out and think them over. You can find your way to make thanksgiving a part of your life. How wonderful it is! Just enjoy it every day!

66、67 题完成句子; 68 题简略回答问题; 69 题找出并写下全文的主题句; 70 题将文中画线句子译成汉语。

66. You need to find _____ in bad situations.

67. Learning from mistakes can make us _____ and humble.

68. How do volunteers probably feel according to studies?

69. _____

70. _____

得 分	评卷人

X. 词语运用 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

根据短文内容及所给提示, 在文中的空白处填写一个正确的单词。

I'm John. I'm in Grade Eight 71. a Rocky Mountain High School. Every 72. M, I go to the Buddy Club. In the club, older students help new students learn more about the school. My friend Sam is in the 73. (ten) grade. He often listens 74. (careful) to my problems. He always offers 75. (I) some help. He is a hero in my heart.

We have different 76. (class) every day. On Friday afternoon, our school ends 77. (early) than usual. My friends 78. I often go to the Science Club together. Twice 79. week, we write robot programmes after school. We love making things, so we practise hard each time. Our team 80. (win) two competitions last term. We were very happy.

XI. 基础写作 (包括 A、B 两部分, A 部分 5 分, B 部分 15 分, 共计 20 分)

得 分	评卷人

A) 连词成句 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

将所给词语连成句子, 标点已给出。

要求: 符合语法, 语句通顺, 大小写正确, 词语不得重复使用。

81. birthday, is, gift, what, your

_____?

82. you, us, can, ride, give, a

_____?

83. five, in our group, there, students, are

_____.

84. helps, a, good, you, education, succeed

_____.

85. I, take a walk, think, after, we, supper, should

_____.

