

整体评述：听力试卷整体中等难度偏简单。三篇新闻的第一道题目都严格遵循首句不超过第二句出题的原则。新闻的每篇第二道/第三道题也都严格遵循顺序出题以及视听一致的原则。长对话整体也比较简单，没有出现总结题，两篇长对话的第一套题都是遵循首三回合，如第一篇是在第三个回合对话出答案，第二篇是在第一个回合的回答中就出现了答案。都是遵循视听一致的原则。总结题在第三部分听力篇章中才开始出现。听力试卷整体偏简单，只要考前在课上认真吸收讲过的听力技巧，能够对应到正确的位置就能够及时并且精准得定位到答案。

Part II Listening Comprehension

Section A

New report 1

1.答案: B) Her little brother.

Q: Who did Edison raise money for?

解析：根据课上讲过的新闻首句重点原则，在文章第一句(A 9-year-old girl in New Mexico has raised more than \$500 for her little brother who needs heart surgery in Houston Texas this July.)就有提到完全视听一致的词。大致内容是 Edison 卖柠檬水和画画为生病需要做心脏手术(surgery)的弟弟筹资。

2.答案: C) By selling lemonade and pictures.

Q: How did Edison raise money?

解析：根据视听一致原则，根据选项形式都是 by, 可得知问题一定是问 how, 根据原文 (She decided to go outside and have a lemonade stand, make some jewelries and pictures and sell them.) 视听一致原则即可得出答案。

原文：

A 9-year-old girl in New Mexico has raised more than \$500 for her little brother who needs heart surgery in Houston Texas this July. Addison Witulski's grandmother Kim Allred said Addison probably overheard a conversation between family members talking about the funds needed to get her little brother to treatment.

" I guess she overheard her grandfather and me talking about how we' re worried about how we' re going to get to Houston, for my grandson' s heart surgery," said Allred. She decided to go outside and have a lemonade stand and make some drawings and pictures and sell them."

That' s when Addison and her friends Erika and Emily Borden decided to sell lemonade for 50 cents a cup and sell pictures for 25 cents each.

Before Allred knew it, New Mexico State Police Officers were among the many, stopping by helping them reach a total of \$568. The family turned to social media expressing their gratitude saying, "From the bottom of our hearts, we would like to deeply thank each and every person that stopped by!"

New report 2

3.答案: C) Providing clean energy to five million people.

Q : What is the Francis' purpose of constructing solar panels?

解析: 根据课上讲过的新闻首句重点原则,在文章第一句(Last week, France announced the country would pay 621miles of road with solar panels over the next five years with the

goal of providing cheap, renewable energy to five million people.) 就有提到完全视听一致的词。

4. B) They can be laid right on top of existing highways.

Q: What is especial about the solar panels used in the walkway?

解析: 根据文章视听一致原则, 在文章最后一句 (However, this is the first time a panel has been designed to be laid directly on top of existing roads) 出现。

原文:

Last week, France announced that the country will pave 621 miles of road with solar panels over the next five years, with the goal of providing cheap, renewable energy to five million people.

Called "the Wattway," the roads will be built through joint efforts with the French road-building company Colas and the National Institute of Solar Energy. The company spent the last five years developing solar panels that are only about a quarter of an inch thick and are strong enough to stand up to heavy highway traffic without breaking or making the roads more slippery. The panels are also designed so that they can be installed directly on top of existing roadways, making them relatively cheap and easy to install.

France isn't the first country to kick around the idea of paving its roads with solar panels. In November 2015, the Netherlands completed a 229-foot-long bike path paved with solar panels as a test for future projects. However, this is the first time a panel has been designed to be laid directly on top of existing roads and the first project to install the panels on public highways.

New report 3

5.答案:A) Endless fighting in the region.

Q : What has made it difficult to survey lions in remote parts of Sudan and Ethiopia ?

解析: 这道题出现在文章第二句, 根据首句不超过第二句原则, 结合原文第二句 (Continuous fighting in the region has made survey difficult.) 即可得出答案。

6. 答案 : D. To find evidence of the existence of the "lost lions" .

Q: What was the main purpose of the research?

解析 : 细节题。按照顺序中段听到了 the discovery of the lost lions 内容, 以及 catch images... / identify lions' tracks , 确定答案。

7.答案 : B. Lions' tracks.

Q: What did the researchers find in the national park?

解析 : 细节题。视听一致原则, 依据 identify lions' tracks, 确定答案。

原文 :

Lions have disappeared from much of Africa, but for the past few years scientists have wondered if the big cats were hanging on in remote parts of Sudan and Ethiopia. Continuous fighting in the region has made surveys difficult. But scientists released a report Monday documenting, with hard evidence, the discovery of "lost lions."

A team with Oxford University' s Wildlife Conservation Research Unit, supported by a charity organization, spent two nights in November camping in the National Park in northwest Ethiopia, on the Ethiopia-Sudan border. The researchers set out six camera traps

capturing images of lions, and they identified lion tracks.

The scientists concluded that lions are also likely to live in the neighbouring National Park across the border in Sudan. The International Union for Conservation of Nature had previously considered the area a "possible range" for the species, and local people had reported seeing lions in the area, but no one presented convincing evidence.

Section B

Conversation 1

8. 【答案】A. Her "lucky birthday"

【问题】What is the woman looking forward to?

【原文+解析】长对话第一道题在前三个回合出答案，根据原文第三个回合 (A golden or lucky birthday is when one turns the age of their birth date. 一个黄金或幸运的生日是当一个人到达生日的年龄。) 得出正确答案。

9. 【答案】D. Threw her a surprise party.

【问题】What did the woman's parents do on her sister's lucky birthday?

【原文+解析】顺序出题，视听一致原则根据原文 (My parents did throw her a surprise party that year. 那年我父母给她举办了一个惊喜派对。) 得出答案。

10. 【答案】B. The trip her husband has planned.

【问题】What is the woman eager to find out about?

【原文+解析】顺序出题，视听一致原则根据原文 (I'm dying to know what kind of trip he has planned or way we are going. 我很想知道他计划了什么样的旅行，或者我们打算去哪。) 得出答案。

11. 【答案】C. He is eager to learn how the couple's holiday turns out.

【问题】What does the man say at the end of the conversation?

【原文+解析】顺序出题,视听一致原则根据原文(I can't wait to hear all about it when you get back.我等不及要听到你回来的消息了。)得出答案。

原文:

M: I bet you're looking forward to the end of this month. Are you?

W: Yes, I am. How did you know?

M: David told me you had a special birthday coming up.

W: Oh...yeah that's right. This year will be my golden birthday.

M: What does that mean? I've never heard of a golden birthday.

W: I've actually just learnt this concept myself. Fortunately, just in time to celebrate. A golden or lucky birthday is when one turns the age of their birth date. So, for example, my sister's birthday is December 9th and her golden birthday would have been the year she turned nine years old. Come to think of it, my parents did throw her a surprise party that year.

M: Interesting. Too bad I missed mine. My golden birthday would've been four years ago. I assume you got big plans then.

W: Actually yes. My husband is planning a surprise holiday for the two of us next week. I have no idea what he's got in mind, but I'm excited to find out. Has he mentioned anything to you?

M: He might have.

W: Anything you'd like to share? I'm dying to know what kind of trip he has planned on where we're going.

M: You know nothing at all?

W: Not a clue. Hard to imagine, isn't it? Though I must say I think he's been having even more fun keeping the secret from me in the past few weeks.

M: I'm sure both of you will have a fantastic time. Happy golden birthday! I can't wait to hear all about it when you get back.

Conversation 2

12. 【答案】 **A. They are sensitive to the dynamics of a negotiation.**

【问题】 What does the man say about good negotiators?

【原文+解析】 长对话第一道题在前三个回合出答案，根据原文第一个回合 (They are sensitive to the dynamics of a negotiation.他们对谈判的动态很敏感。) 得出答案

13. 【答案】 **B. They know when to stop.**

【问题】 What does the man say maybe the most important thing to a successful negotiator?

【原文+解析】 顺序出题，视听一致原则根据原文 (And perhaps most importantly, they know when to stop.也许最重要的是，他们知道什么时候该停下来。) 得出答案。

14. 【答案】 **C. They learn quickly.**

【问题】 How is a good negotiator different from a poor one?

【原文+解析】 顺序出题，视听一致原则根据原文 (Good negotiators learn fast.好的谈判者学得

快。) 得出答案。

15. 【答案】D. Get to know the other side.

【问题】What is the first stage of a negotiation according to a man?

【原文+解析】顺序出题, 视听一致原则根据原文(There are about six stages of a negotiation: get to know the other side 谈判大致有六个阶段: 了解对方。) 得出答案。

原文:

W: Mr. Green, what do you think makes a successful negotiator?

M: Well, that's hard to define. But I think successful negotiators have several things in common. They are always polite and rational people. They are firm but flexible. They can recognize power and know how to use it. They are sensitive to the dynamics of the negotiation. The way of rises and falls and how it may change direction. They project the image of confidence, and perhaps most importantly, they know when to stop.

W: And, what about an unsuccessful negotiator?

M: Well, this is probably all of us when we start out. We are probably immature and over-trusting. Too emotional or aggressive. We are unsure of ourselves and we want to be liked by everyone. Good negotiators learn fast. Poor negotiators remain like that and go on losing negotiations.

W: In your opinion, can the skills of negotiation be taught?

M: Well, you can teach someone how to prepare for a negotiation. There are perhaps six stages in every negotiation. Get to know the other side. State your goals. Start the process. Clarify areas of disagreement or conflict. Reassess your position. Making acceptable

compromises. And finally, reach some agreement in principle. These stages can be studied. And strategies to be used in each can be planned beforehand. But I think, the really successful negotiator is probably born with six sense about responding appropriately to the situation at hand.

W: The artistic sense you've just described?

M: Yes. That's right.

Section C

Passage 1

16. 【答案】 D) How space research benefits people on Earth.

【问题】 What do some people want to know about space exploration?

【原文+解析】 Some people wonder why countries spend millions of dollars on space projects. They want to know how space research helps people on Earth. 有些人想知道为什么国家在太空项目上花费了数百万美元。他们想知道太空研究是如何帮助地球上的人们的。该句为段首句，运用题文同序和视听一致确定答案为“D 太空研究如何造福地球上的人们。”

17. 【答案】 B) They developed objects for astronauts to use in outer space.

【问题】 What did scientists do for the space shuttle missions?

【原文+解析】 And in the space shuttle missions today, scientists developed objects for the astronauts to use on the moon, and in space. 在今天的航天飞行任务中，科学家们开发了宇航员在月球和太空中使用的物体。该句与答案“B 他们开发了宇航员在外层空间使用的物体。”一致，所以答案选 B。

18. 【答案】 A) They are extremely accurate.

【问题】 what does the speaker say about quartz crystal clocks and watches?

【原文+解析】 For example, we have quartz crystal clocks and watches accurate to within one minute a year. 例如，我们有石英晶体钟和手表可以精确到在一年中只有一分钟之内的误差。

原文：

Some people wonder why countries spend millions of dollars on space projects. They want to know how space research helps people on Earth. Actually space technology helps people on Earth every day. This is called "spin-off technology."

Spin-off technology is space technology that is now used on Earth.

In early space programs, such as the Apollo missions of the 1960s and 1970s, and in the Space Shuttle missions today, scientists developed objects for the astronauts to use on the moon and in space. We now use some of these objects every day.

For example, we have Quartz crystal clocks and watches accurate to within one minute a year. We purify the water we drink with a water filter designed for the astronauts' use in space.

The cordless, hand-held tools we use in our homes, such as vacuum cleaners, flashlights, drills and saws came from the technology of these early space programs.

On cold winter days we can stay warm with battery-operated gloves and socks, and specially made coats and jackets. All of these clothes are similar to the spacesuit designs that kept astronauts comfortable in the temperatures of the moon, and are spin-offs from space technology.

These products are only a few examples of the many ways space technology helps us in

our everyday lives. No one knows how new spin-off technology from the International Space Station will help us in the future.

Passage 2

19. 【答案】 C) It marked the beginning of something new.

【问题】 Why does the speaker say she would like to go back and live in the 18th century America?

【原文+解析】 Well, if I could go back in history and live, I' d like to go back to the 18th century, perhaps in colonial America in Yankee New England where one of my ancestors lived, because it was the beginning of something. 好吧，如果我能回到历史中去生活，我想回到十八世纪，也许是在殖民地美国的新英格兰，我的一个祖先住在那里，因为它是某事的开端。该句位于段首句，题文同序定位答案于此句，并且该句与选项“C 它标志着新事物的开始。”意思一致，所以答案选 C。

20. 【答案】 A) They believed in working for goals.

【问题】 What does the speaker say about the Puritans?

【原文+解析】 I' m deeply attached to the Puritan tradition, not in a religious sense, but they believe in working for something, working for goals and I like that. 我深深地爱上了清教徒的传统，不是宗教意义上的，而是他们相信工作的事，工作的目标，我很喜欢这一点。与选项 A 一致。

21. 【答案】 D) Doing needlework by the fire.

【问题】 What would the speaker like doing if she could go back to the past?

【原文+解析】 I love the colonial fabrics, or the silver work, the furnishings, the combination of elegance and simplicity, I love it. The printing, the books and very attached to all that kind

of thing. That may not all be very entertaining in the modern sense of the world, but I would have enjoyed spending my evenings in that environment, discussing new ideas, building a new world, and I can see myself sitting on a small chair by a fire doing needlework. 我喜欢殖民地的布料，银色的工作，家具，优雅和简单的结合，我喜欢它。印刷品，书籍，非常依恋所有的东西。可能不是所有的东西都在现代意义上是非常有趣的，但我会喜欢在那样的环境里度过我的晚上，讨论新的想法，建立一个新的世界，我能看到自己坐在火旁做针线活的小凳子上。答案“D 在火炉边做针线活。”与原文最后一句一致，所以选择 D。

原文：

Well, if I could go back in history and live, I'd like to go back to the 18th century and perhaps in colonial America in Yankee, New England, where one of my ancestors lived, because it was the beginning of something.

By the 18th century, there was a feeling of community that had grown. My ancestor was a preacher, traveling around the countryside. People lived in small communities. There were fishermen and farmers who provided fresh food that tasted and looked like food, unlike that in today's supermarkets, and there were small towns, and New York wasn't that far away. I'm deeply attached to the Puritan tradition, not in a religious sense, but they believed in working for something, working for goals, and I like that.

They worked hard at whatever they did, but they had a sense of achievement. They believed in goodness in community and helping one another. I love the colonial fabrics, all the silver work, the furnishings, the combination of elegance and simplicity. I love it. The printing, the books, I'm very attached to all that kind of thing that may not all be very entertaining in the

modern sense of the world. But I would have enjoyed spending my evenings in that environment, discussing new ideas, building a new world. And I can see myself sitting on a small chair by the fire doing needlework.

Passage 3

22. C) Sit down and try to calm yourself.

What does the speaker advise you to do first if you are lost in the woods?

When you are lost, sit down on a log, or rock, or lean against a tree, and recite something you have memorized to bring your mind to a point where is under control.当你迷路的时候，坐在一块木头上，或者岩石上，或者靠在一棵树上，背诵你记忆中的东西，把你的思想带到被控制的地方。

23. 【答案】B) You may expose yourself to unexpected dangers.

【问题】What will happen if you follow an unknown stream in the woods?

【原文+解析】Streams normally flow through wetland, before they reach a lake or a river. Though there are more eatable plants, there may also be wild animals, poisonous snakes and other hazzards.

24. 【答案】D) Walk uphill.

【问题】What do many experts think is the wisest thing to do if you are lost in the woods?

【原文+解析】Many experts feel that it's wisest to walk uphill.许多专家认为走上坡路是最明智的。

25. 【答案】A) Inform somebody of your plan.

【问题】 What should you do before you go into the woods?

【原文+解析】 Anytime you're going into woods, somebody should know where you are going and when you are expected to return. 任何时候你进入森林，都应该有人知道你要去哪里，什么时候你会回来。

原文：

If you are lost in the woods, a little knowledge can turn what some people call a hardship into an enjoyable stay away from the troubles of modern society. When you think you are lost, sit down on a log, or a rock, or lean against a tree, and recite something that you have memorized, to bring you mind to a point where it's under control. Don't run blindly. If you must move, don't follow a stream unless you know it, and in that case, you are not lost. Streams, normally flow through wetland before they reach a lake or a river. Though there are more eatable plants, there may also be wild animals, poisonous snakes, and other hazards. Many experts feel that it's wisest to walk uphill. At the top of most hills and mountains, are trails leading back to civilization. If there are no trails, you are much easier to be seen on top of a hill, and you may even spot a highway, or a railroad from this point. Nowadays, the first way someone will search for you is by air. In a wetland, or in dense growth, you are very hard to spot. Anytime you go into the woods, somebody should know where you are going, and when you expect to return. Also, when someone comes looking, you should be able to signal to them.