

山西省 2018 年中考考前适应性训练试题

英 语

第 I 卷 ( 共 75 分 )

听力部分

I. 情景反应 ( 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分 )

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中, 选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1.	A. 	B. 	C. 
2.	A. 	B. 	C. 
3.	A. 	B. 	C. 
4.	A. 	B. 	C. 
5.	A. 	B. 	C. 

1-5 答案: BCBAC

II. 对话理解 ( 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分 )

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

6. A. Hardly ever.                      B. Sometimes.                      C. Every day.  
7. A. In France.                      B. In India.                      C. In China.  
8. A. Have a cup of coffee.      B. Wait for somebody.      C. Go to the airport.  
9. A. To cheer the boy up.  
    B. To express her own ideas.  
    C. To push the boy to work hard.  
10. A. Jack can finish the project easily.  
    B. Jack must finish the project on time.  
    C. Jack has enough time to finish the project.

6-10 答案: BCCAC

III. 语篇理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

11. How many brothers did Frank have?  
    A. Two.                      B. Three.                      C. Five.  
12. How did Frank feel when his brothers' friends came?  
    A. Happy.                      B. Worried.                      C. Lonely.  
13. When did he meet the large brown dog?  
    A. In the morning.      B. In the afternoon.      C. In the evening.  
14. Why did he share his troubles with the dog?  
    A. Because it was his friend.  
    B. Because it was kind to him.  
    C. Because it could understand him.  
15. What does Frank want to tell us by telling his story?  
    A. It is great to know that you are loved.  
    B. Everyone is supposed to treat animals nicely.  
    C. People should be encouraged to speak out their worries.

11-15 答案: ACBBA

IV. 听力填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容, 完成下面的表格, 并将获取的信息填到答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

Jonathan's Life in China	
In the Beginning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● His life was not easy <u>  16  </u> his first two years.</li> <li>● He was <u>  17  </u> the job as an actor.</li> <li>● Later he started getting more chances to act in movies.</li> </ul>







- F. It makes me very proud of our nation.  
G. I'm watching an English movie, CoCo.

解析：

31.G 结合上文"What' re you watching on your iPad?"和下文"English cartoon"可知选择 G “我正在看英文电影寻梦环游记 (CoCo)”

32.C 结合下文"It' s about family and love."可知，此处提问“它是关于什么的？”

33.E 结合下文"I like Chinese movies."可知，此处提问“你喜欢什么类型的电影？”

34.F 结合上文"It shows the power of our army."此处承接上文，“它使我为国家而骄傲。”

35.B 结合上文 Li Lei 表达的观点可知，此处表示说话人的赞同。故选 B。

VII.完形填空 (每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

请阅读下面短文，理解其大意，然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

There are always good people in this world. Many don't have the means to give, but they do help others.

They really shine this time of year. Maybe it' s the season or maybe people notice more on holiday. One day, I read about two 36. One is a donator from Kansas City, Missouri. They call him "Secret Santa". Every Christmas, he 37 at food banks, shelters and other places where people 38 go for help. He hands \$100 bills to those people. This year he travelled to places where many people 39 everything to hurricane (飓风) Sandy and visited the hardest hit areas and gave away \$100,000.

That same day, I read about a police officer DePrimo. While patrolling (巡逻) the square, he noticed a 40 man sitting on the sidewalk. His feet were bare — no shoes or socks. DePrimo was 41 dressed but still felt cold that night. He walked up to the man, asked him for his shoe size, went inside a nearby 42 and paid seventy-five dollars, walked outside, and handed him the new socks and winter boots. The man was moved to tears as he 43 the gift.

Officer DePrimo did this with 44 thought of being known for his kindness. A passer-by witnessed the event and took a picture that tells a story that many will never forget. 45 this kind man has much less than Secret Santa to give away, he gave from his own savings to a man who was cold in winter and had nothing.

If there are more people like Secret Santa and officer DePrimo, the world could be a pretty beautiful place.

- |         |                 |              |                |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| ( ) 36. | A. winners      | B. heroes    | C. strangers   |
| ( ) 37. | A. shows up     | B. stays up  | C. grows up    |
| ( ) 38. | A. in agreement | B. in common | C. in need     |
| ( ) 39. | A. lost         | B. gave      | C. returned    |
| ( ) 40. | A. dangerous    | B. homeless  | C. friendly    |
| ( ) 41. | A. smartly      | B. heavily   | C. comfortably |
| ( ) 42. | A. bank         | B. office    | C. store       |
| ( ) 43. | A. bank         | B. office    | C. store       |
| ( ) 44. | A. bank         | B. office    | C. store       |
| ( ) 45. | A. bank         | B. office    | C. store       |

解析：本文讲述了“神秘的圣诞老人”和“警察”帮助他人的故事，鼓励我们乐于助人，使这个世界更加美好。

36. B. 考查名词词义辨析。根据 "They really shine this time of year." 可知他们都是今年闪闪发光的人物。A项“胜利者；赢家”，B项“英雄”，C项“陌生人”。故选B。

37. A. 考查短语辨析。根据句义“每年圣诞节，他都会 \_\_\_\_\_ 在食物银行。”A项“出现”，B项“熬夜”，C项“成长”，故选A。

38. C. 考查短语辨析。根据句义 \_\_\_\_\_ 的人们就会去这些地方寻求帮助。A项“一致同意的”，B项“共同的”，C项“需要帮助的”，故选C。

39. A. 考查动词词义辨析。根据句子 "This year he travelled to places where many people \_\_\_\_\_ everything to hurricane (飓风)" 可知他亲自去了灾区，这里的人们因为飓风的袭击而失去了一切。A项“失去；丢失”，B项“给予”，C项“返回；归还”。故选A。

40. B. 考查形容词词义辨析。根据句子 "While patrolling (巡逻) the square, he noticed a \_\_\_\_\_ man sitting on the sidewalk. His feet were bare — no shoes or socks." 可知，当警察在广场上巡逻时，发现了一个 \_\_\_\_\_ 男人坐在路边，光着脚——没有鞋和袜子。A项“危险的”，B项“无家可归的”，C项“友好的”。故选B。

41. B. 考查副词词义辨析。根据句子 "DePrimo was \_\_\_\_\_ dressed but still felt cold that night." 可知 DePrimo 那天晚上虽然穿的很厚，但仍然觉得很冷。A项“机敏地”，B项“沉重地；厚重地”，C项“舒服地”。故选B。

42. C. 考查名词词义辨析。由下文可知 DePrimo 买了鞋和袜子，所以此处推断出他走进了一家商店。A项“银行”，B项“办公室”，C项“商店”。故选C。

43. B. 考查动词词义辨析。根据句子 "The man was moved to tears as he \_\_\_\_\_ the gift." 可知，当他收到警察的礼物时，感动得留下了眼泪。A项“购买”，B项“接受”，C项“发现”。故选B。

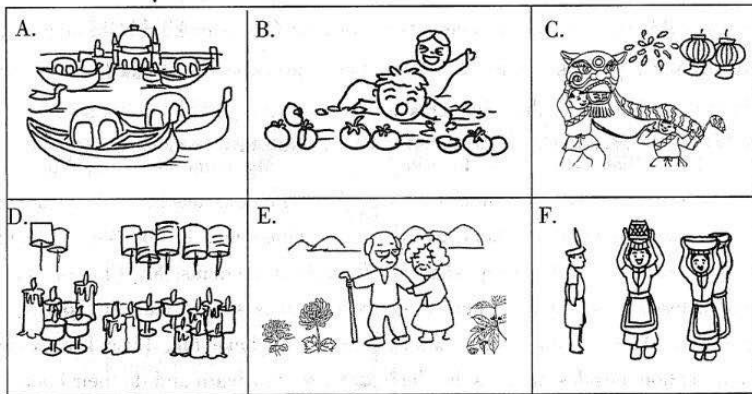
44. A. 考查形容词词义辨析。根据原文可知，警察根本没有想过会因为他的这一善举而出名。只是路人拍了下来，才让大家知道了这个故事。A项“没有”，B项“一些”，C项“许多”。故选A。

45. C. 考查逻辑判断。根据原文可知，这个善良的警察捐赠的东西远比不上“神秘的圣诞老人”，但他还是用自己仅有的积蓄，给一个在寒冬中一无所有的人带去了温暖。A项“除非”，B项“因为”，C项“尽管”。故选C。

VIII. 阅读理解(一) (每小题 2 分，共 30 分)

(A)

请阅读下面有关节日的短文，将其与上面图片相匹配，并在答题卡上将对应的选项涂黑。其中有一项为多余选项。



46. The Double Ninth Festival falls on the ninth day of the ninth month of the Chinese lunar calendar. In the past, people climbed mountains, drank chrysanthemum (菊花) wine, and wore a plant called zhuyu to celebrate it. Both of the plants are regarded as clean plants that can clean houses and cure diseases.

47. Diwali is a festival of lights in India. It falls in October or November. People will light lamps and candles. Then they put them around the house and streets. Fireworks are a big part of the festival. There are candies and other snacks. Kids will get presents from their family and friends.

48. The Ami is an old tribe in Taiwan. Every autumn, people hold a Harvest Festival to thank the gods for all the good things. It is also the time to pray for good health and harvest in the coming year. Ami people wear their bright traditional clothes. The activities include bike tours, a parade (游行), singing and dancing.

49. Lots of tomatoes fly in the air. The street becomes a red sea. People are celebrating the Tomato Festival in Spain. During the festival, the most exciting activity is the tomato fight. The fight goes on for an hour. Every year, lots of people go to Spain for the celebration.

50. In Venice, you can find many boats instead of cars there. A boat festival takes place every first Sunday in September to honor a girl who gave up her chance to rule a country but came back to Venice. On that day, hundreds of colorful boats sailed along the Grand Canal (大运河). There was also a boat race to celebrate the festival.

解析:

本文难度低, 五小题均为细节题。

46. E 细节题: 根据文中"people climbed mountains, drank chrysanthemum (菊花) wine"人们爬山, 喝菊花酒, 关键词定位与图 E 相符, 可知答案选 E。

47. D 细节题: 根据文中"light lamps and candles"点灯和蜡烛, 关键词定位与图 D 相符, 可知答案选 D。

48. F 细节题: 根据文中"wear their bright traditional clothes"穿他们的传统服装, 关键词定位与图 F 相符, 可知答案选 F。

49. B 细节题: 根据文中"the tomato fight"番茄战, 关键词定位与图 B 相符, 可知答案选 B。

50. A 细节题: 根据文中"many boats"许多船, 关键词定位与图 A 相符, 可知答案选 A。





答案为 C。

53. 细节题。由文章中第三个表格 "I think young teachers can understand us more easily and better" 得知正确答案为 A。

54. 推断题。由文章最后一个表格 "Once she read aloud a poem she wrote in class and I fell in love with poems at that moment." 可知这位学生很欣赏宋老师写的诗，也可以反映出宋老师擅长于写作。B 选项“在教学方面很有天赋”属于过度推理。C 选项“善于应付学习程度不好的学生”在原文中没有提到，可排除，得知正确答案为 A。

55. 推断题。本文主要介绍了四位同学对他们所喜爱的老师的描述。分别提到了学识渊博，幽默风趣，善解人意，有创造力的老师。这四种类型的老师都具有自己不同的能力和特征。故选 B

(C)

请阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，从方框所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，使短文意思通顺，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余项。

It's a familiar feeling. Your friend has made the team for Saturday's big game, and you tell him you can't be there to watch him play. 56

In fact, that is envy (嫉妒). It appears when we focus on something that we don't have but others do. 57 Feelings of unfairness are part of men, but when you focus on them, you can never get out of your dark emotions (情绪). And that makes you feel bad.

58 Well, why not stop it, make it the encouragement you need for self-improvement? The best method against envy is not to compete where you can't shine, but to do your best where you can.

Start by making peace with yourself, and accept the gifts which make you special. Make an agreement with yourself to be the best you can be. 59 Is it someone's singing voice or their new car? Envy shows us the things we'd like to have — so make up a plan to get them. Start a training program. Give up a treat or two, and start saving for what you want.

60 Cheer on your friend when he scores that goal. Enjoy your best friend's wedding day. Then go out and do something special, and make yourself really proud of you.

- A. What is envy?
- B. So is there a solution?
- C. Then find out what starts your envy.
- D. Or we may even wish someone to lose it.
- E. Pay attention to real pleasure in the achievements of others.
- F. Your smile, but that voice in you asks, why him and not you?

解析:

56. F. 根据语境，由下文首中 **that is envy** 和选项意思相近。可知，上文选 F。

57. D. 根据空前 "it appears" 介绍了嫉妒的表现，而 D 选项说的也是嫉妒的表现，"or" 这个逻辑词也可以判断表并列。

58. B. 由语境上文中介绍了嫉妒的表现和给人带来的感受，以及空后出现的 "Why not stop it." 可知，答案选 B。

59. C. 由文中的 **start**，以及句式都是祈使句，可知答案选 C。

60. E. **cheer, enjoy** 与选项中的 **pleasure** 同义复现。

## 第II卷 (共45分)

### IX. 阅读理解 (二)

(A)

请阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 在下面的读书笔记中填入与文章意思最符合的单词, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

When it comes to volunteering. You should realize that it means much more than just being satisfied to work for an organization. The actual goal should be getting the most out of your volunteer work.

#### Gaining social experiences

Doing volunteer work allows students to enter society to experience different environments and situations. In this way, they can develop many social skills that couldn't be learned in a classroom.

#### Giving back and helping others

Volunteers create better environments and they brighten people's lives. Jill, a senior student, has been playing the piano for old people in her community for more than three years. The music lights up their life and they always look forward to her concerts.

#### Creating connections with people

Building relationships with people is necessary. Volunteering allows you to meet a wide circle of people from all kinds of walks of life. By doing volunteer work, you learn from these people many positive qualities that will help you in your future jobs.

#### Developing a sense of achievement

Volunteering means a lot to people who volunteer and can always cheer them up. It's taking some time out of a day and doing something for others. Volunteer work makes people feel good. What's more, it builds self-confidence and lifts up the spirits.

Take action to volunteer, you are sure to achieve more than you expect.

#### What can we get from volunteer work?

##### ●Gaining social experiences

A chance to 61. \_\_\_\_\_ the society and experience more  
Develop many social skills

##### ●Giving back and helping others

Brighten people's lives  
An example : Jill 's 62. \_\_\_\_\_ lights up the old people's life

##### ●Creating connections with people

Building relationships 63. \_\_\_\_\_ a wide circle of people  
Learning positive qualities that are 64. \_\_\_\_\_ for future job.

##### ●Developing a sense of achievement

Meaningful and cheerful  
Take some time, but lift up the 65. \_\_\_\_\_

解析:

61. enter 由第二段第一行"Doing volunteer work allows students to enter society to experience different environments and situations ."可知。

62. music 由第三段定位 "The music lights up their life and they always look forward to her

concerts "可知。

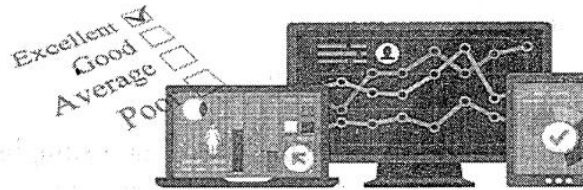
63. with 由第四段定位"Building relationships with people is necessary . Volunteering allows you to meet a wide circle of people from all kinds of walks of life."可知。

64. helpful 由第四段定位"you learn from these people many positive qualities that will help you in your future jobs."可知, 这里定位词为 help, 需要改成其对应的形容词。

65. spirits 由倒数第二段定位"it builds self-confidence and lifts up the spirits ."可知。

(B)

请阅读下面图文, 简要回答所给问题, 并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

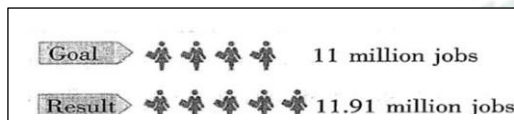


**Numerical goals met in the 2017 Government Work Report**

In early 2017, Premier Li Keqiang promised in the Government Work Report to improve people's lives by setting a list of numerical goals for the year. As the year has passed, let's take a look at how those goals have been achieved.

In the report, a big promise was made to create more jobs in China's cities .

**Work**



As stated in the report, the government subsidy for health insurance will be increased from 420 yuan to 450 yuan per person every year.

**Health insurance subsidy**



Through efforts of our government, the 30-yuan gap had been filled to meet the goal in 2017.

It was decided in the report that charges for home long-distance calls and roaming should be canceled.

**Roaming charges**



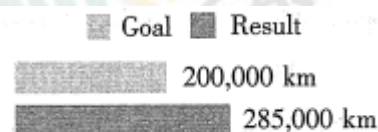
By September 2017, those charges had become history.

**Rural roads**

In the report, it was promised that many rural roads would be built or rebuilt.



Newly built or rebuilt rural roads



66. What's the purpose of setting the numerical goals in the work report?

**Word Bank**

numerical adj. 数字的	insurance subsidy n. 保险补贴
roaming charges n. 漫游资费	cancel v. 取消
	rural adj. 乡村的

67. How many more jobs were created than those promised in the report?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
68. By September 2017, which charges had disappeared?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
69. Were the four goals in the work report all achieved?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
70. In 2017, what good changes took place in your daily life? One example is OK.  
\_\_\_\_\_.

**解析:**

文章大意: 文章主要讲了 2017 年政府工作报告的目的和其中提出的四个目标的实现情况。

66. To improve people's lives. 题目问的是“在政府工作报告中设置数字目标的目的是什么”定位到第一段原句 "In early 2017, Premier Li Keqiang promised in the Government Work Report to improve people's lives by setting a list of numerical goals for the year" 可知答案。

67. 0.91 million jobs. 题目问的是“实际所创造的工作岗位比在报告中预先设定的目标多多少?”定位到 Work 一栏可知, 目标为 11 million jobs, 实际为 11.91 million jobs, 所以答案为 11.91-11=0.91 million jobs。

68. Charges for home long-distance calls and roaming. 题目问的是“在 2017 年九月之时, 哪些费用消失了?”由关键词 charges 可以定位到 Roaming charges 一栏可知, "those charges had become history" 中 those 指代 charges for home long-distance calls and roaming。

69. Yes, they were. 题目问的是“工作报告中的四个目标全部实现了吗?”通过分析 Work, Health insurance subsidy, Roaming charges, and Rural roads 四栏, 可知四项目标均已完成。

70. We have a better quality of life. 此题为开放型题, 符合题目要求即可。

**x. 词汇运用 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)**

请根据语篇内容, 用方框中所给词的正确形式填空, 使短文意思通顺、正确、连贯, 并将答案填写到答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词是多余项。

that	hard	they	spread	certain	besides
hour	beat	easy	instead	satisfy	become

On June 18, our class went hiking from our school to a mountain together.

At first, we all felt very excited. We talked to each other and sang our favorite songs. About two 71. \_\_\_\_\_ later, however, we became so thirsty and tired that we almost wanted to stop. We even thought about taking a car. 72. \_\_\_\_\_, we made our decision to reach the goal all by ourselves.

The sun was burning hot and we were soaked with sweat (被汗水浸透). Each step seemed 73. \_\_\_\_\_ heavier and heavier. But no one complained. We just walked and walked. At noon, we made it to our destination (目的地). The 74. \_\_\_\_\_ took the place of the tiredness. We couldn't help shouting and laughing. Then at



1 p. m., we started to head back to school. We thought it would be 75. \_\_\_\_\_ to walk after our rest. However, the journey seemed more impossible to finish, but we kept going, without thinking about anything else.

When there were only 1, 500 meters left, a terrible pain 76. \_\_\_\_\_ through my whole body. At that moment, I really wanted to give up. But my friends encouraged me and gave me full support. With 77. \_\_\_\_\_ help, I finally reached the end. I felt relieved when I saw the familiar school building.

Thirty kilometers is 78. \_\_\_\_\_ a long way to walk. But a long hike can give us a good chance to challenge ourselves and valuable life lesson. It tells us we'll be able to do many things 79. \_\_\_\_\_ we thought were difficult to reach. We shouldn't let obstacles (障碍) in our life frighten us. And always believe anything 80. \_\_\_\_\_ with a brave heart and a strong will. Just face them bravely.

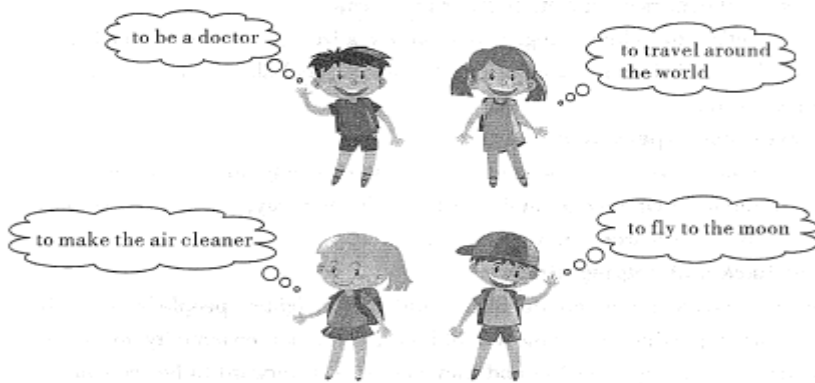
71. \_\_\_\_\_ 72. \_\_\_\_\_ 73. \_\_\_\_\_ 74. \_\_\_\_\_ 75. \_\_\_\_\_  
76. \_\_\_\_\_ 77. \_\_\_\_\_ 78. \_\_\_\_\_ 79. \_\_\_\_\_ 80. \_\_\_\_\_

解析:

71. hours. 考察名词复数。因为前面有 two, 此处用 hours。  
72. Instead. 考察副词。空前后两句句意相反, 因此选 instead。  
73. to become. 考察非谓语动词。前面谓语动词为 seem, 后加 to do。  
74. satisfaction. 考察词性转化 (形容词变名词)。句中 take the place of 为代替的意思, 后接 tiredness, 因此此处用 satisfy 的名词形式。  
75. easier. 考察比较级。根据句意“我们本来认为在休息过后走起来会更容易的。”此处有对比的意思, 因此用 easy 的比较级。  
76. spread. 考察动词时态。根据句意“当只剩下 1500 米的时候, 一种可怕的痛苦蔓延在我全身。”spread through 为蔓延的意思, 因此选 spread。此句为过去时, 因此此处要用 spread 的过去时。  
77. their. 考察代词。with one's help 意为在某人的帮助之下, 前句提到 my friends, 因此此处用 they 的形容词性物主代词 their。  
78. certainly. 考察词性转化 (形容词变副词)。根据句意“30 千米的确是一个很长的路程”, 因此用 certainly。  
79. that. 考察定语从句。先行词为 things, 因此选 that。  
80. will be beaten. 考察被动语态 (一般将来时的被动语态)。根据句意“我们不应该害怕生活中的障碍。我们应该相信任何困难都会被打败的, 只要我们有勇敢的心和坚强的意志。”因此用 beat 的一般将来的被动语态。

XI. 书面表达 (共 15 分) 请将短文写在答题卡相应的位置上。

最近, 我们都在讲“不忘初心, 方得始终”, 只有不忘记自己最初的想法, 才能有始有终地去完成自己的梦想。你还记得你的梦想吗? 是因为什么而有了这样的梦想呢? 你又将做出怎样的努力来实现你的梦想呢? 现在, 请你以“我的梦想(My Dream)”为题写一篇英语短文, 记录下你的“初心”。



- 要求：1. 词数不少于 80；  
2. 不得出现真实的人名和校名。

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例文：

We have dreams when we are very young, and dreams change as we grow older. I have had my dream since I was a kid. It represented my childhood memories and my efforts to realize my dream.

I remember it was in primary school. I dreamed of becoming a writer, even though it now seems naive. But at that time, as a child's dream, it contained hope, happiness and concentration. So I began to read a lot of books written by famous people, hoping to learn the skills of writing and how to express the feelings. With my passion for achieving the dream, I kept reading and writing for four years.

Like what I said, we may have different dreams at different ages. But no matter what kind of dream we have, the process that we keep trying to achieve it is the most important.