



三、语篇理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- ( ) 11. When did the writer learn something from his grandfather?  
A. During holidays.            B. As a kid.                    C. In his later life.
- ( ) 12. What did the writer like doing when he stayed with his grandfather?  
A. Telling stories.            B. Playing with clocks.        C. Asking questions.
- ( ) 13. How was his grandfather in the writer's eyes?  
A. Patient and wise.            B. Kind and brave.            C. Active and funny.
- ( ) 14. As for computers, what can we know about the writer now?  
A. He knows little about them.  
B. He is afraid to open them up.  
C. He loves looking for their problems.
- ( ) 15. Why does the writer want to thank his grandfather?  
A. Because his grandfather paid for his education.  
B. Because his grandfather changed his life forever.  
C. Because his grandfather helped him get a good job.

答案: 11.B 12.C 13.A 14.C 15.B

四、听力填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容, 完成下面的表格, 并将获取的信息填写到答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

<b>A Dragon Boat Race Report</b>	
<b>The background</b>	<p>Today, dragon boat racing is one of the most 16. _____ water sports in the world.</p> 
<b>The race</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Top students from 17. _____ famous universities took part in the race.</li> <li>● Deng Chao and his team members worked 18. _____ and successfully finished the race.</li> </ul>
<b>The meaning</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● The young people have learned a lot about courage, 19. _____ and cooperation.</li> <li>● Now traditional Chinese dragon boat races 20. _____ the world with their special power.</li> </ul>

答案: 16.exciting 17.fifteen/15 18.together 19.friendship 20.influence



( ) 30. —Sir, it's true that being happy is an ability. So can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?

—Yes. Just as President Xi says, "Happiness is achieved through hard work."

A. how we can find happiness                      B. who can help achieve happiness                      C. why happiness is so important to us

解析：考查宾语从句。—先生，变得开心确实是一种能力，所以你能告诉我 \_\_\_\_\_ 吗？—可以。就像习大大说的，“幸福是奋斗出来的”，根据句意，选 A。

六、补全对话(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

请根据对话内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。其中有两项为多余选项。

Book Lovers(3 persons)

	@David @Charlie Hi, guys!	John
David	Hello, John! What's up?	
	I'm reading a book these days. It's so good that I can't put it down.	John
Charlie	@John Hello! _____ 31 _____	
	<i>The Gay Genius</i> by Lin Yutang.	John
David	_____ 32 _____	
	It's about Su Dongpo's experiences and his works.	John
Charlie	_____ 33 _____ I want to read it, too.	
David	Me, too. Where can I get it? @John	
	_____ 34 _____	John
Charlie	Thanks for telling us about the book.	
	_____ 35 _____ After we finish it, we can make a date to communicate our ideas.	John

- A. My pleasure.
- B. What's it about?
- C. How much is it?
- D. That sounds interesting.
- E. I got it last month.
- F. What's the name of the book?
- G. I bought it in the bookstore near our school.

31. \_\_\_\_\_ 32. \_\_\_\_\_ 33. \_\_\_\_\_ 34. \_\_\_\_\_ 35. \_\_\_\_\_

解析:

本题以三名同学在微信群中的聊天记录为形式进行考查，主要内容为推荐一本好书。

31. F 根据下句 “*The Gay Genius* by Lin Yutang.” 可知是在询问书的名字，所以选F。  
 32. B 根据下句 “It’s about Su Dongpo’s experiences and his works.” 可知是在询问书的内容，所以选B。  
 33. D 根据下句 “I want to read it, too.” 可知她认为这本书很有趣，也想要读它，所以选D。  
 34. G 根据上句 “Where can I get it?” 可知这一句应该回答的是买书的地点，所以选G。  
 35. A 根据上句 “Thanks for telling us about the book.” 可知这一句应该是Thanks的答语，所以选A。

### 七、完形填空（每小题1分，共10分）

请阅读下列短文，理解其大意，然后从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I know a Catherine who is smart, educated and interesting. But I avoid her because she never \_\_\_36\_\_\_ complaining (抱怨)! For years, I fought against my feelings, because I really like and admire her, but I’ve found I just can’t be her friend. Her world is \_\_\_37\_\_\_ “buts...”. The trip would have been nice, but the drive was too long. The food was good, but the light of the restaurant was too \_\_\_38\_\_\_. The hotel was too hot, the bed hurt her back and the room service was too slow. Her complaints were \_\_\_39\_\_\_ changing me. Months ago, my best friend Daisy was listening to me complaining about Catherine \_\_\_40\_\_\_ she just became really angry. “Either break up with her, or leave me alone.” She shouted at me, “I’m tired of listening to your complaining.” Her honesty surprised me, and I began to keep myself away from Catherine. Later, I did \_\_\_41\_\_\_ her.

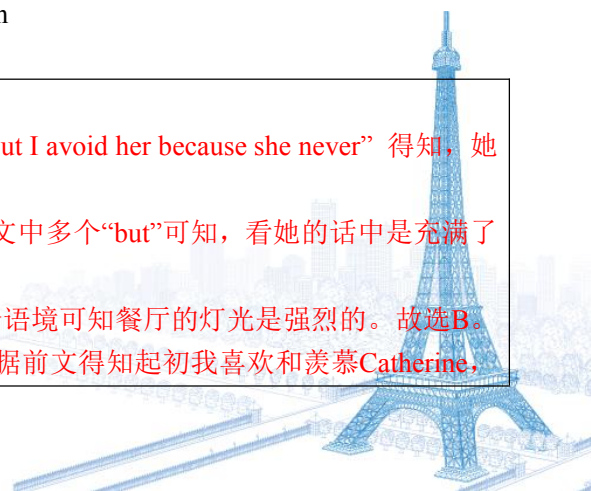
Now I try to remain happy and positive (积极的) about life, and find friends of the same. There’s been scientific research lately. It shows that people who find \_\_\_42\_\_\_ to be thankful for their lives are actually happier, and I believe that is true. Endless complaining seems to control your life if you let it come into your brain. And too much complaining will actually make your life \_\_\_43\_\_\_.

Some people take “gratitude (感激之情) walks” every day, where they \_\_\_44\_\_\_ their lives in a positive way. By developing a grateful attitude, you can be turned away from what’s troubling you, and \_\_\_45\_\_\_ what makes you happy. Then you will have a beautiful life.

- |         |              |              |                |
|---------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| ( ) 36. | A. keeps     | B. stops     | C. enjoys      |
| ( ) 37. | A. full of   | B. far from  | C. famous for  |
| ( ) 38. | A. noisy     | B. strong    | C. dirty       |
| ( ) 39. | A. hardly    | B. suddenly  | C. silently    |
| ( ) 40. | A. until     | B. because   | C. unless      |
| ( ) 41. | A. choose    | B. help      | C. forget      |
| ( ) 42. | A. reasons   | B. excuses   | C. questions   |
| ( ) 43. | A. busier    | B. longer    | C. worse       |
| ( ) 44. | A. give away | B. depend on | C. think about |
| ( ) 45. | A. against   | B. toward    | C. through     |

解析:

36. B 选项A. keeps 保持; B. stops 停止; C. enjoys 享受。根据上文的 “But I avoid her because she never” 得知，她从来没有停止抱怨，故选B。  
 37. A 选项A. full of 装满; B. far from 远离; C. famous for 闻名。根据后文中多个“but”可知，看她的话中是充满了 “buts...”，故选A。  
 38. B 选项A. noisy 嘈杂的; B. strong 强烈的; C. dirty 脏的。由句意结合语境可知餐厅的灯光是强烈的。故选B。  
 39. C 选项A. hardly 几乎不; B. suddenly 突然地; C. silently 静静地。根据前文得知起初我喜欢和羡慕Catherine，





而由于Catherine的抱怨，她的抱怨静静地改变了我。故选C。

40. A 选项A. until 直到; B. because 因为; C. unless 除非。由句意可知我的好朋友Daisy在听着我抱怨关于Catherine，直到她生气，故选A。

41. C 选项A. choose 选择; B. help 帮助; C. forget 忘记。由上文中的“break up with her”与她断绝关系，“I began to keep myself away from Catherine.”我开始让自己远离Catherine，可知之后我确实忘记了她，故选C。

42. A 选项A. reasons 理由; B. excuses 借口; C. questions 问题。由前文 “There’s been scientific research lately.” 以及本句句意可知是发现原因，故选A。

43. C 选项A. busier 更忙碌的; B. longer 更长的; C. worse 更糟糕的。由前文的对比可知太多的抱怨真的会使你的生活更糟糕，故选C。

44. C 选项A. give away 捐赠; B. depend on 取决于，依靠; C. think about 考虑。根据句意可知，他们以一种积极的方式考虑生活。故选C。

45. B 选项 A. against 靠，倚; B. toward 向，朝，接近; C. through 通过。由句意可知通过培养感激的态度，你能够远离烦恼，接近快乐。故选 B。

八、阅读理解（这一部分共五篇短文，每篇短文后有五个小题，每小题 2 分，共 50 分）

(A)

请阅读黑板上的问题及六个小标题，将其与下列五位同学对此问题的陈述进行匹配，并在答题卡上将对应的选项涂黑。其中有一项为多余选项。

What’s better for learning, hands-on projects or tests?

动手操作的项目 测试

A. Learning, not memorizing

B. Studying gets boring

C. Less stress with tests

D. Better job preparation

E. Better by the book

F. Creative learning



46. I think kids learn better by studying for tests. If you actually sit and study what you are supposed to learn, you’ll remember it. Hands-on projects might end up making a kid feel stressed if they are trying to finish on time, and If you are stressed, you might not learn as much.



47. When people study, they remember what was in the book. If they know they have a test, they will most likely to take notes on all the important information to help them with the test, so they will learn it better.



48. With a hands-on project, you can be creative while you learn. It’s also a lot more fun than sitting at a desk with flashcards. Plus, with a hands-on project, you can learn more than you expected. It’s more satisfying to learn on your own without someone explaining it to you.



49. Hands-on projects are better. When you are studying for a test, it can get boring and then you can get distracted(注意力分散的). You learn better doing projects because it is not boring and you experience new things depending on what you are doing.



50. I think kids learn hands-on projects because they have to consider the topic, instead of just memorizing information that they’ll forget about after the test. Also, completing a project is good for spending time with your friends or family.

46. \_\_\_\_\_ 47. \_\_\_\_\_ 48. \_\_\_\_\_ 49. \_\_\_\_\_ 50. \_\_\_\_\_

解析:

这篇阅读为匹配阅读, 大意为五位同学对“如何更好地学习”这个问题的陈述进行匹配。

46. 答案选 C。根据 “kids learn better by studying for tests” 以及 “if you are stressed, you might not learn as much”, 可知答案。

47. 答案选 E。根据 “they remember what was in the book” 可知答案。

48. 答案选 F。根据 “you can be creative while you learn” 可知答案。

49. 答案选 B。根据 “when you are studying for a test, it can get boring” 可知答案。

50. 答案选 A。根据 “kids learn hands-on projects, instead of just memorizing information” 等关键词可知答案。

(B)

请阅读下面辩论赛正反方的观点, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。



In students' daily talks, celebrities (名人) are usually a hot topic, including their dress, behavior, families and other personal things. Then, is it a celebrity's job (职责) to be a good role model? Please read the following students' debate.

It's a celebrity's job to be a good role model because people usually look up to stars. If a celebrity drinks and smokes, his fans will follow him because they look up to the celebrity so much. If a celebrity's lifestyle is inappropriate for kids, then their parents should be more careful about what they let their kids see.

A celebrity doesn't have to try to be a good role model. They are famous because they worked hard at what they love for a living. They should, however, try to make good choices for themselves, not their fans. Lots of stars have to post apology (道歉) letters after being caught doing bad things. It's good, but if the only reason they do is to win back their fans, it's not good.

I think everyone should try to be a good role model, even if you are not a celebrity! You can still be a role model to your sisters and brothers, a younger neighbor, or anyone. But I think celebrities should be very good, because they are role models for so many people!

Although it is a wonderful thing to be a good role model, that's not what the celebrities must do. They are famous because they love what they do and are good at it. Being a role model is never in the job. If the celebrity knows they are affecting the young people, they should try hard to set a good example.

 <p>Pros ( 正方 )</p>	<p><b>Is it a celebrity's job to be a good role model?</b></p>	 <p>Cons ( 反方 )</p>
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( ) 51. Which of the following reasons is NOT from the pros?

A. People look up to the celebrities.

- B. Everyone should try to be a good role model.  
C. Celebrities get much love and support from fans.
- ( ) 52. What does the underlined word “**inappropriate**” mean?  
A. 难以言说的                      B. 非同寻常的                      C. 不恰当的
- ( ) 53. According to the cons, how do some people become famous?  
A. By working hard at what they love.  
B. By setting a good example to others.  
C. By making good choices for themselves.
- ( ) 54. Which of the following is TRUE according to their words?  
A. It is easy for stars to win back fans.  
B. Stars may sometimes do something wrong.  
C. Family members should encourage kids to be stars.
- ( ) 55. What conclusion(结论) can we draw from their opinions?  
A. When you become a celebrity, you have been a good role model too.  
B. Even though a celebrity makes mistakes, young people should follow him.  
C. Whether a celebrity is a role model or not, he should care about his behavior.

解析：

文章大意：本文以“成为好的榜样是名人的职责吗”为话题，展开了辩论，陈述了正反两方的观点。

51. 答案选 C。细节理解题。A 项在正方观点中第一个表格的第一句提及。B 项在正方观点中第二个表格的第二句提及。C 项在正方观点中未提及。答案选 C。

52. 答案选 C。词义猜测题。根据正方观点最后一句“then their parents should be careful about what they let their kids see”父母应该谨慎对待他们让孩子看到的内容，可知此处指的是名人的生活方式是不恰当的，所以答案选 C。

53. 答案选 A。细节理解题。根据题干中的关键词“famous”可知定位到反方观点第一个表格的第二句“**They are famous because they worked hard at what they love for a living**”，可得知他们有名是因为他们努力做好他们所热爱的事业。所以答案选 A。

54. 答案选 B。细节理解题。根据反方观点的第四句“**after being caught doing bad things**”可知名人有时候也会犯错误，所以 B 项正确。文中并没有提及“win back fans”是否容易，选项 A 排除。C 项“家人应该鼓励孩子成为明星”文中也没有提及，C 项排除。

55. 答案选 C。推理判断题。根据正方观点最后一句以及反方观点最后一句可知，双方都认为名人会影响年轻人，是很多人的榜样，所以他们应该努力树立好的榜样，可知答案选 C。A 项只是正方观点，不是反方观点。B 项与正方观点最后一句相反，所以也排除。

(C)

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，使短文意思通顺，并在答题卡上将选项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余项。

This year 2,300 teenagers from all over the world will spend about ten months in US homes. They will attend US schools, meet US teenagers, and form impressions of America. 56 They will learn new languages and gain a new understanding of the rest of the world.

57 Fred, nineteen, spent last year in Germany with George's family. In turn, George's son Mike spent a year in Fred's home in America.

Fred, a lively young man, knew little German when he arrived, but after two months' study, the language began to come to him. 58 Students rose respectfully when the teacher entered the room. They took fourteen subjects instead of



the six that are usual in the United States. There were almost no outside activities.

59 The father's word was law, and all activities were around the family rather than one of the members. Fred found the food too simple at first. Also, he missed having a car.

“Back home, you pick up some friends in a car and go out and have a good time. In Germany, you walk, but you soon learn to like it.

Meanwhile, in America, Mike, a German boy, was also forming his idea. “I suppose I should criticize(批评) American schools,” he said. “It is far too easy by our level. 60 In Germany we do nothing but study. Here we take part in many outside activities. I think that maybe your schools are better in training for citizens. There should be some middle ground between the two.”

- A. Family life, too, was different.  
 B. But I have to say that I like it very much.  
 C. Here is a two-way student exchange in action.  
 D. School was quite different from what he had expected---much harder.  
 E. In fact, there are many differences between the two countries' cultures.  
 F. At the same time, about 1, 300 American teenagers will go to other countries.

56. \_\_\_\_\_ 57. \_\_\_\_\_ 58. \_\_\_\_\_ 59. \_\_\_\_\_ 60. \_\_\_\_\_

解析:

56. 答案选 F。从段首可知 2300 名来自世界各地的青少年将在美国度过 10 个月。提及数字的选项 F 与段首相对应，补充说明“有 1300 名美国青少年也会前往其他国家。”

57. 答案选 C。本题所在位置为段首，应选择引出下文的语句，空后一句具体提到了交换生 Fred 与 Mike。C 选项提及双向交换生，故选 C。

58. 答案选 D。结合下文可知在德国当老师进入教室时，学生们会恭敬地起立。并且他们有 14 门学科，而在美国一般只有 6 门。所以德国的学校生活比 Fred 想象中的还要更难，故选 D。

59. 答案选 A。本题所在位置为段首，应选择引出下文的语句，空后提到了交换生的家庭生活，关键词为“family”，故选 A。

60. 答案选 B。本题所在位置为引号中，人称应为第一人称，再结合上文德国男孩 Mike 在表达自己交换到美国后的想法，“我认为我应该批评一下美国的学校，对我们现有的水平来说，太简单了。”之后进行转折，“但我不得说我非常喜欢它（美国学校）。”，故选 B。

(D)

请阅读下面短文，在下面的横线上填入与文章意思最相符的内容，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。61-64 小题每空填一词，65 小题所填不超过 5 个汉字。

According to the traditional Chinese custom, 2018 is just the year of Dog. Ranking as the eleventh animal in the Chinese zodiac -- the *Shengxiao*, Dog is a symbol of loyalty (忠诚) and honesty.

● Self-mocker (自嘲)

Words and phrases including dogs (*Gou* in Chinese) are commonly used by young people when telling jokes about themselves. For example, you can say “Valentine’s Day has nothing to do with me since I am a single dog.” It is believed that dog-related words and phrases usually have good humour.

● Close relationship

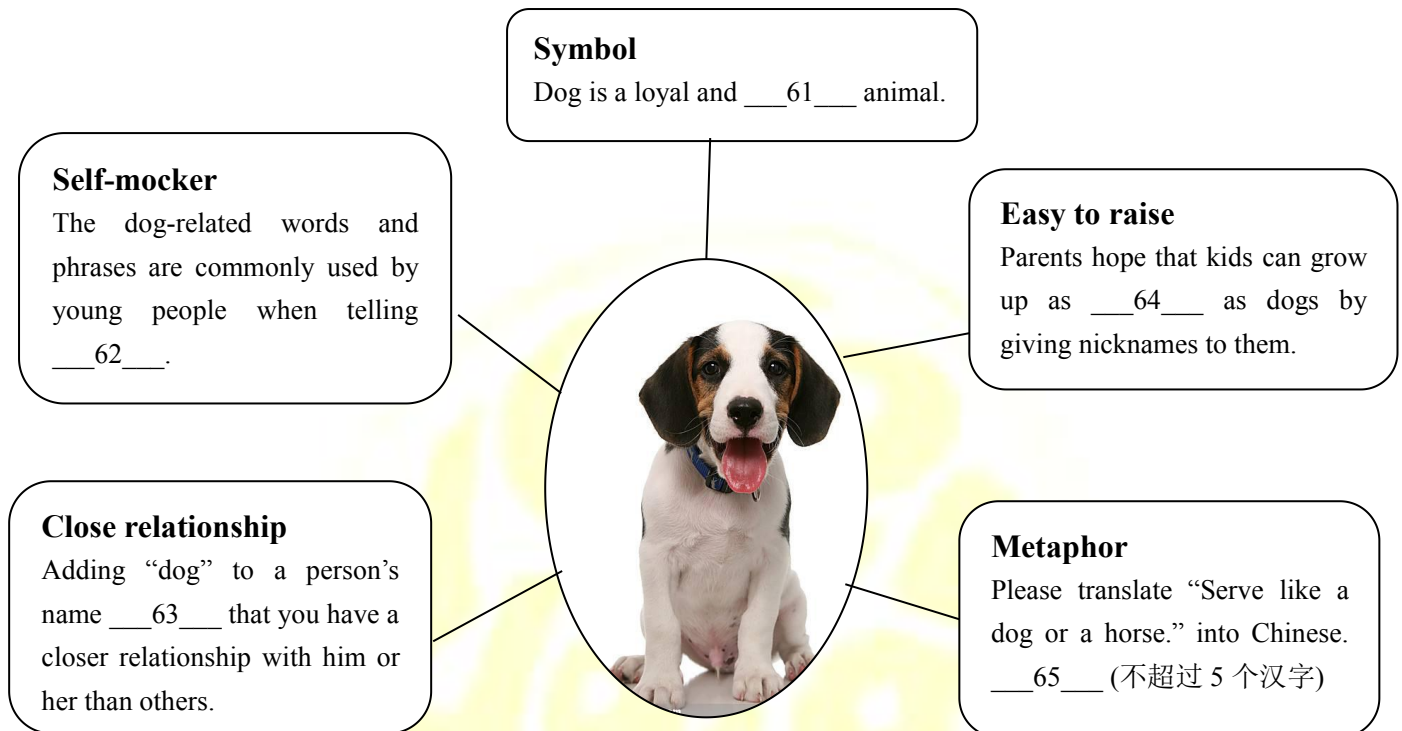
Among some young people, adding “dog” to a friend’s name has the meaning of a close relationship. One of the most famous examples in China is that the actor Lin Gengxin is called Lin Gou by his close friends and beloved fans.

● Easy to raise

Kids with pleasant names are easy to bring up, according to an ancient Chinese saying. Parents in the countryside prefer to give nicknames including Gou Sheng and Gou Dan to their kids in the hope that they are as easy to be raised as dogs.

● **Metaphor (隐喻)**

Since dogs are considered to have many good qualities (品质), the word is included in more than 10 Chinese metaphors. For example, “serve like a dog or a horse,” is used to describe someone who is ready to work hard for the people who have powers.



61. \_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_ 65. \_\_\_\_\_

解析:

61. honest 从空后 animal 可知，此处缺形容词，且该词与空前 loyal (忠诚的) 并列。回文定位，第一段最后一句 Dog is a symbol of loyalty and honesty 可知，该空填 honest.

62. jokes 根据句意分析出此处缺动词 tell 的宾语。根据小标题以及内容可定位在第二段第一句，故该空填原词 jokes.

63. means 根据句意分析出此处缺动词，由题干 “you have a closer relationship with him or her than others.” 可知，与原文第三段第一句中 “has the meaning of a close relationship” 对应，且题干是由动词 ing 形式做主语，谓动词应该用单三形式，故该空填 means.

64. easily 由 as...as 可知，该空考虑填形容词或副词的原形，又因为该空修饰 grow up，因此，考虑填副词。由原文第四段最后 “they are as easy to be raised as dogs” 可知，该空填 easily.

65. “犬马之劳(力)/ 效(尽)犬马之劳(力)”。该题考查翻译句意，在最后一段中有对此句的解释 “...is used to describe someone who is ready to work hard for the people who have powers.” 意为 “为有权势的人努力干活”，结合字数要求可知该句应译为 “犬马之劳(力)/ 效(尽)犬马之劳(力)”。

(E)

请阅读下面非连续性文本，按要求完成所给的任务，并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Learning to communicate well is a skill you will use all your life. You need this skill in your personal life to express your feelings to friends and family members. You need to be able to communicate well in school, too. **Your future job success may also depend on your ability to communicate.**

**Kinds of Communication**

There are two main kinds of communication. The first kind is verbal communication(语言交流). It includes the use of words to send information. Speaking and writing are both forms of verbal communication.

Nonverbal communication(非语言交流) includes any means of sending a message that does not use words. Your appearance, body language and the way you react are all forms of nonverbal communication.



**Global(全球的) Connections**

**Communication Differences**

Western cultures value direct eye contact(交流) and train kids to “look people in the eye”. But Japanese, African, and many Latin American cultures avoid eye contact to show respect.



**Community Connections**

**Good Manners**

It is easy to have good manners if you try to think of others first. If someone new joins your group of friends or moves into your neighborhood. Make a self-introduction first. Make him or her feel welcome. Help someone who needs a hand. Hold the door open for the person behind you.



**Go Green**

**Green Technology**

Have you ever considered computers to be green technology? Think about all the trees needed to make paper for books and your written activities. The ability to transfer(转移) the written tasks to a computer makes it quite an environmentally friendly invention.

**Being an Active Listener**

Communication is a two-way process. Sometimes you are the sender and sometimes you are the receiver. To receive the messages clearly, it helps to be an active listener. Active listening is a communication skill in which the listener shows a clear understanding of what a person is saying. You can do **this** in several ways.

- Repeat what you think the speaker is saying.
- Let the speaker know you are listening by nodding or shaking your head.
- If the message you receive is not clear, ask questions.
- Listen before answering.
- Do not interrupt(打断). Allow the speaker to finish what he or she has to say.

66. Please translate the underlined(划线的) sentence into Chinese.(不超过 25 个汉字)

\_\_\_\_\_.

67. Why are computers mentioned when talking about verbal communication?

\_\_\_\_\_.

68. Which good nonverbal communication behaviors are given in the passage? (One or two examples are OK)

\_\_\_\_\_.

69. In the passage, the underlined word “this” refers to(指)\_\_\_\_\_.

70. After reading the passage, what do you think of your communication skills? Why do you think so?

\_\_\_\_\_.

**解析:**

文章主要从交流的种类及如何做一个积极的倾听者两方面谈论了良好沟通的重要性。

66. 你未来的职业成功也许会取决于你的交流能力。future 未来的，depend on 取决于。
67. Because computers are green technology of verbal communication. 从右框 Have you ever considered computers to be green technology? Why 提问，可得答案。
68. Hold the door open for the person behind you. 根据左边上框可得，Look people in the eye while communicating in western culture.或 根据左边下框可得答案。
69. active listening 根据文章 Active listening is a ... what a person is saying.You can do this is...得 this 指 active listening.
70. I think my communication skills are good. Because I can express myself well and at the same time I'm an active listener./I think my communication skills are poor. Because I'm too nervous to express myself in front of the public./...结合自身实际合理作答即可。

### 九、词语运用（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据语篇内容，用方框中所给词的正确形式填空，使短文通顺、正确、连贯，并将答案填写到答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

age	who	like	child	though	protect
you	ask	find	fall	about	complete

A female swimming athlete once set a goal (目标) for herself. She decided to swim across the English Channel before she retired. If she could succeed, she would be the first person in the world 71. \_\_\_\_\_ did it. On that day, she jumped into the sea without any hesitation (犹豫) and swam towards the opposite bank without any 72. \_\_\_\_\_. In the journey, she faced heavy fog, heavy rain and heavy waves. 73. \_\_\_\_\_ she was tired, she still carried on swimming. But in the end, she gave up. And she didn't know that the opposite bank was only one mile away when she gave up.

Later she 74. \_\_\_\_\_ about the reason. And she said, "The reason why I gave up is that I could not see the place which I was going to reach 75. \_\_\_\_\_." It was a great pity that one mile broke her dream.

Since we were young 76. \_\_\_\_\_, too many success stories have been telling us about courage and persistence (坚持). But they never told us where 77. \_\_\_\_\_ courage and persistence. You can only have courage when you know where your goal is. You can only manage to persist when you know where your goal is.

And that's because when you know where your goal is, you can only prepare 78. \_\_\_\_\_ well in the mind. Courage and persistence never 79. \_\_\_\_\_ from the sky. They come from weighing between input and output.

A life without goal is 80. \_\_\_\_\_ a ship without a compass. It goes nowhere. There is no courage or persistence in a life without goals.

71. \_\_\_\_\_      72. \_\_\_\_\_      73. \_\_\_\_\_      74. \_\_\_\_\_      75. \_\_\_\_\_  
76. \_\_\_\_\_      77. \_\_\_\_\_      78. \_\_\_\_\_      79. \_\_\_\_\_      80. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 解析:

71. who 考查定语从句的连接词。根据语法分析，可知此处用来连接两个句子，且从句缺少主语，所以可确定选择从句连词 who。

72. protection 考查名词（动词变名词），由 and 可知，此处两句话并列，所以前边 without any hesitation 提示，此处应该填写名词，再根据句意可知，“她在没有任何保护措施的情况下就游向了对岸”，所以填 protection。

73. Though 考查状语从句的连接词。句意为尽管她已经累了，但是她仍然继续坚持游泳。

74. was asked 考查动词（谓语），根据语法分析，此处动词做谓语，前后文语境提示用一般过去时，再根据句意可知是“她被问到原由”，所以用一般过去时的被动语态 was asked。

75. completely 考查副词（形变副），根据语法分析，此处不缺少句子主要成分，可知应填入一个副词，根据句意“我



为什么放弃的原因是我完全看不到我要到达的地方”，可知应填 **completely**。

76. **children** 考查名词（单变复）。young 为形容词，后加名词，又因为主语是 we，所以应填入名词复数。根据句意“自从我们还是年轻的孩童时，许多关于勇气和坚持的故事就被告知我们”可知，应填 **children**。

77. **to find** 考查动词（非谓语 to do），根据句意“但是他们从不会告诉我们去哪里寻找勇气和坚持”，可知应选择 **find**，又因为前面是 where，所以固定搭配需要使用 to do 形式，所以应填 **to find**。

78. **yourself** 考查代词（反身代词）。根据语法，可知此处缺少宾语，根据句意“而且那是因为当你知道你的目标在哪里时，你只能在脑子里好好为自己准备”，所以主宾为同一人用反身代词 **yourself**。

79. **fall** 考查动词（谓语）。根据句意“坚持和勇气从来不是天上掉下来的”，可知为客观事实和真理，以及前后文语境的提示应使用一般现在时，又因主语为复数，所以应填 **fall**。

80. **like** 考查介词。根据句意“没有目标的生活就像没有罗盘的船”，可知此处应为介词加名词构成的介宾短语作表语，所以应填 **like**。

**十、书面表达（共 15 分）请将短文写在答题卡相应的位置上。**

某校计划在今年暑期开展社会实践活动。为使同学们更好地了解自己的意向，合理地规划自己的时间，学校对某年级 100 人进行了抽样调查，下图是相关活动的统计结果。其中，计划参加社区志愿者活动的人数占 66%，参加庭院拍卖的人数占 10%。

请你用两段话写一篇短文，第一段简要说明图表内容，第二段从图表中选出一项你感兴趣的活动项目，制定相应的计划，并说明理由。

- 要求：1. 词数不少于 80 词；  
2. 首句已给出，不计入总词数；  
3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名。

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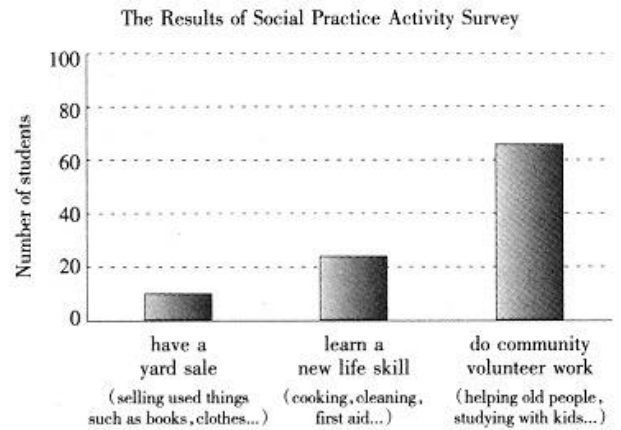
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**A possible version:**

A school did a survey among 100 students about their plans for social practice activities during the summer vacation. Here are the results. **Sixty-six students want to do community volunteer work. Twenty-four percent are going to learn a life skill. And only one tenth are interested in having a yard sale. In my view, it's good to do community volunteer work.**

**Doing community volunteer work is one of the best ways to develop my abilities to communicate and cooperate. The community is a lot like a big family of different people. First, I need to make a group of volunteers by talking with the teenagers. Then we're going to work out different plans based on old people's needs. We can also organize some outdoor activities for the kids and hand out advertisements to better our**

environment. They all need us to communicate and work well with others. Now, I'm already looking forward to the coming vacation.

- 注：1. 词数少于 80 词的，从总分中扣去 1 分。  
2. 如书写较差，以致影响理解的，可扣去 1 分。

