



山西中考模拟百校联考试卷(一)

英 语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分听力和笔试两部分。全卷共 12 页, 满分 120 分, 考试时间 120 分钟 (含听力测试 20 分钟)。
2. 答题前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷相应的位置。
3. 答案全部在答题卡上完成, 答在本试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、情景反应 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中, 选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- |       |    |    |
|-------|----|----|
| 1. A. | B. | C. |
| 2. A. | B. | C. |
| 3. A. | B. | C. |
| 4. A. | B. | C. |

- |       |    |    |
|-------|----|----|
| 5. A. | B. | C. |
|-------|----|----|

二、对话理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- |                                       |                                    |                                   |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 6. A. Useful.                         | B. Difficult.                      | C. Interesting.                   |
| 7. A. Went to work.                   | B. Saw the doctor.                 | C. Looked after her mom.          |
| 8. A. At the store.                   | B. At the hotel.                   | C. At the restaurant.             |
| 9. A. On Monday.                      | B. On Saturday.                    | C. On Sunday.                     |
| 10. A. There will be too many people. | B. The tickets have been sold out. | C. The new movie is very popular. |

三、语篇理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

11. How many concerts had Ray Charles performed around the world?  
A. 1,000. B. 10,000. C. 100,000.
12. What happened in his childhood?  
A. He lived in a rich family.  
B. His father died when he was 5.  
C. He became blind by the age of 7.
13. Why did his mother encourage him to play the piano?  
A. Because he was talented in music.  
B. Because she expected him to be a musician.  
C. Because it was a good way for him to make money.
14. What did he do in the early 1950s?  
A. He made a musical group.  
B. He acted in a popular film.  
C. He studied in another school.
15. What does the writer mainly want to tell us?  
A. Life is always full of the unexpected.  
B. Music can greatly change a person's life.  
C. Facing the unexpected bravely may lead to success.



四、听力填空(每小题1分,共5分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容,完成下面的表格,并将获取的信息填到答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

A Survey about Chinese Parent-child Relationship	
The result	16 percent of the children want to be friends with their parents.
The reasons	Traditional Chinese values prevent such relationship.
	Parents 17 their children because of lots of competition.
Advice for Children	Act like an adult. Show that you are ready to be treated 18.
	Open your heart. Share your 19 with parents.
	Care for your parents. Do something nice or 20.

笔试部分 (共100分)

五、单项选择(每小题1分,共10分)

请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. On Tree-Planting Day, I planted some young trees with my sister and I will look after \_\_\_\_\_ well.  
A. her B. them C. us
22. Nowadays products "Made in China" are much loved by foreigners, especially traditional Chinese art \_\_\_\_\_ like paper cutting.  
A. courses B. skills C. pieces
23. A cause would always lead to a result. \_\_\_\_\_ it's better to think twice before making a move.  
A. So B. Or C. But
24. It's especially important to behave in a \_\_\_\_\_ way in public places.  
A. special B. direct C. proper
25. Social practice activities encourage students to use what they are learning in real life. This can \_\_\_\_\_ the students' interests in study.  
A. develop B. collect C. compare
26. While shopping online is \_\_\_\_\_ accepted, the over packaging(包裹) leads too much rubbish.  
A. widely B. suddenly C. probably
27. —I think John set a good example in our school.  
—That's true. Whoever is \_\_\_\_\_, he always tries his best to give a hand.  
A. in trouble B. in public C. in person

28. If we \_\_\_\_\_ computers too much, I'm afraid that we might forget how to write Chinese characters(汉字) one day.

- A. care about B. deal with C. depend on

29. —Gina, you look thinner. What's the secret?

—\_\_\_\_\_, I exercise more than before.

- A. First of all B. As a result C. In that case

30. —The exam is coming soon. I want to know \_\_\_\_\_.

—Well, you can list the things you haven't understood yet and talk with your teachers.

- A. how I can prepare for it  
B. who can teach me better  
C. what I should understand

六、补全对话(每小题1分,共5分)

请根据对话内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,使对话意思完整,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余项。

(Alice and John are talking on their way home.)

Alice: John, what are you going to do for vacation?

John: \_\_\_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_\_\_

Alice: Great idea! Why do you make such a plan?

John: First I want to relax myself after a long-time work.

Alice: Yeah. \_\_\_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_\_\_

John: Besides, great changes have taken place in our country because of reform and opening-up (改革开放). So I want to take a look.

Alice: \_\_\_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_\_\_ I am so proud of our country.

John: That's true. China has made a rapid progress in many fields.

Alice: \_\_\_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_\_\_

John: I plan to join a group called Ride Bikes to Travel.

Alice: Sounds fun! \_\_\_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_\_\_

John: Thank you so much.

- A. I agree with you.  
B. Have a good time!  
C. Will you travel by bike?  
D. I am going to stay at home.  
E. Then how are you going to do that?  
F. I'd like to travel around the country.  
G. We're too stressed out for the exam.

七、完形填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请阅读下面短文, 理解其大意, 然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

There was once a boy who was out playing in a field with his friends. As they were playing, the boy came across a stone that looked interesting. It wasn't as 36 as the other stones. It was a little bit sparkly (闪耀的). But it was still quite dirty. The boy picked up the stone and 37 to polish it.

His friends 38 him for this. They said, "39 are you polishing that dirty old stone? It isn't worth anything at all!" But every day, when they went out to play, the boy would bring the stone with him, polishing it whenever they took 40.

This went on for some time. Then one day, the boy left his home to 41 his friends as usual. But this time, he had quite a 42 for them. When he showed them the stone, they were amazed. It was, in fact, not an ordinary stone after all — it was a beautiful diamond (钻石). The boy stayed up all night, polishing it until it was 43 clean.

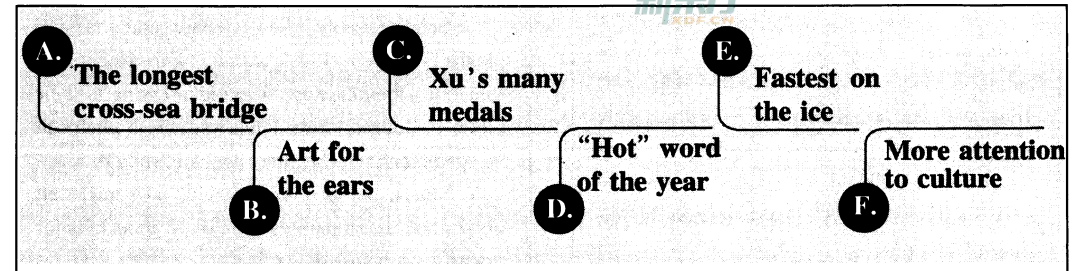
There will be times in your life where people will try to discourage you. They will tell you that you're wasting your time on some 44 task. But when they do this, the best thing you can do is ignore them and continue to work 45 your goal. You can turn a rough stone into a diamond if you have persistence (毅力) and courage.

- |                   |               |                |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 36. A. bright     | B. special    | C. common      |
| 37. A. decided    | B. refused    | C. expected    |
| 38. A. shouted at | B. laughed at | C. pointed at  |
| 39. A. When       | B. Why        | C. How         |
| 40. A. breaks     | B. notes      | C. photos      |
| 41. A. call       | B. join       | C. treat       |
| 42. A. promise    | B. choice     | C. surprise    |
| 43. A. completely | B. simply     | C. clearly     |
| 44. A. relaxing   | B. serious    | C. meaningless |
| 45. A. against    | B. toward     | C. through     |

八、阅读理解 (这一部分共五篇短文, 每篇短文后有五个小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 50 分)

(A)

请阅读下面的六个小标题, 将其与下列的新闻快讯进行匹配, 并在答题卡上将对应的选项涂黑。其中有一项为多余选项。



46. The word "hard work" was mentioned by President Xi Jinping in his 2018 New Year's speech. "I feel the millions of ordinary Chinese are the greatest, and I also feel that happiness is achieved through hard work," he said. The phrase "happiness is achieved through hard work" quickly became popular, and has become a buzzword among Chinese people.

47. The Ministry of Education worked out a new set of curriculum standard (课程标准) for high school students. One of the biggest changes is a greater focus on traditional Chinese culture. Students are asked to read more ancient poems and other classical works.

48. The 55-km-long Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge (HZMB) opened on Oct. 24, 2018. It was described as one of the "seven wonders of the modern world". The bridge connects Hong Kong and Macao to the Chinese mainland city of Zhuhai. It shortens the travel time from Hong Kong to Zhuhai from four hours to about 45 minutes.

49. Wu Dajing is a Chinese short-track speed skater (短道速滑运动员). On Nov. 11, 2018, Wu set a new world record of 39.505 seconds to complete the men's 500-meter race at the World Cup in the US. He broke his own record of 39.584 seconds. His success comes from his hard work and self-discipline.

50. Paintings are art for the eyes. But the Palace Museum now has art for the ears as well. Last year, its first music album came out — *Ancient Paintings Can Sing*. There are 11 songs on the album. Each song comes from a famous painting in the museum. They can give you a better idea of what each painting is about.



请阅读下面辩论赛正反方的观点,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

He Meixi, 14

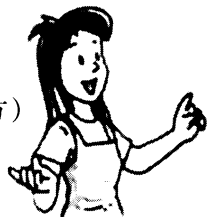
In my opinion, there's nothing wrong about parents share pictures of their babies online. It shows that they love their children. They just want to share pictures of their kids with their friends. And they can help the kids recall their childhood. Of course, as the kids grow up, it's necessary to let them know before sharing their photos.

Li Meiying, 14

Some parents like to share embarrassing photos of their kids online. For example, sometimes their kids are sleeping or crying in their pictures. But most kids don't want these photos to be shared online. They may not care when they are little babies, but as they grow up, they might be upset about it. So parents should ask their kids for **permission** before doing that.

新东方 XDF.CN

Pros(正方)



Is it good for parents to share their kids' photos online?

Cons(反方)



Chen Junhong, 14

Our parents have not only given birth to us, but also provided us with a lot of things that we need. Can't they share our photos to express their happiness and pride? It's just another way for them to express their love and we should understand that. Though, I think it would be better for parents to talk with their kids about this when they start to go to school.

Qian Bosi, 14

Parents should respect and protect their children's privacy (隐私). Photos can show their children's faces, places they've been to and other information. It's not safe. Some people might use the photos for bad things. Parents should be more careful about this. And it's not good to share the photos without telling their children.

51. According to the pros, which reason is NOT mentioned(提及)?

- A. The photos shared online can be good memories.
- B. Sharing photos online is a way to show parents' love.
- C. Parents are proud when their kids start to go to school.

52. What does the underlined (划线的) word "permission" mean?

- A. 许可
- B. 推荐
- C. 评论

53. Why does Qian Bosi disagree on sharing the kids' photos online?

- A. Because the photos might be used for bad things.
- B. Because the kids will be upset when they grow up.
- C. Because some people will change the kids' information.

54. What can we learn from the cons?

- A. Embarrassing photos can always make people laugh.
- B. All the kids don't want their photos to be shared online.
- C. Parents should be careful to protect their children's privacy.

55. What conclusion(结论) can we draw from all their opinions?

- A. Sharing the kids' photos online is a dangerous thing.
- B. Parents should talk with their kids before sharing their photos.
- C. Children should understand their parents' love through the photos.

(C)

请阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,使短文意思通顺,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余项。

From Nov. 30 to Dec. 1, 2018, the 13th Group of 20 summit(峰会) was held in Buenos Aires, the capital of Argentina, one Latin American country. Chinese President Xi Jinping took part in it. 56 He said he hopes people from China and Latin America can have a better cross-cultural understanding and learn from each other. He also encouraged Chinese teenagers to visit Argentina to learn how to play soccer.



In the book *One Hundred Years of Solitude*(《百年孤独》), the writer created a town called Macondo. It actually represents (代表) the whole of Latin America. Impossible things happen there. For example, fish swim in the air. 57 It may come from the mix of different cultures, for Latin America includes more than 30 countries and areas. It encouraged people in Latin America to be more open-minded.

Latin America's environment is quite diverse (多变的). People can enjoy sunshine on the islands and ride horses in the green grasslands. 58 Many of the world's most unique plants and animals live there.

59 Latin American people have created different dance styles. Some are famous around the world like the samba, rumba, cha-cha and tango. These dance styles are cheerful and can bring strangers together.

60 Its amazing natural environment, historical achievement and cultural traditions have made it special and influential.

- A. Latin America is a land with stories.
- B. He praised the rich culture of Latin America.
- C. Latin America is an open and romantic place.
- D. Where does the magic in his book come from?
- E. It even has the world's biggest rainforest — the Amazon.
- F. The music and dance of Latin America is quite well-known.

(D)

请阅读下面短文,在下面的横线上填入与文章意思最相符的内容,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。64 小题所填不超过 8 个汉字(不计标点符号),其余各小题每空填一词。

Is there a way to quickly recall information just before taking an exam? Walking backwards might be a solution. Scientists in the UK said this activity can help people improve their short-term memory. When you walk backward, you see things from a different side compared to walking forward. This difference helps people recall things that happened in the past.

And walking backward is not just good for our brains. It is also good for the rest of our body. Compared to walking forward, walking backward is more challenging. This can help us improve our health. Walking backward uses more energy in a short time and burns more calories.

In addition, walking backward is less stressful for our knees. It could be helpful for people who often have pain in their knees. Walking backward also keeps our spines(脊柱) strong, which can help to ease(缓解) pain in the lower back. This might be why many old people like walking backward.

It's just as the saying goes, "The longest journey starts with a single step." Let's have a try now.

- First, you need to find a flat(平坦的) and clear area.
- Walk slower than you usually walk forward.
- If you are a beginner, take a few steps forward and then a few steps back. If you don't feel comfortable, take a break.

**For our brains**

It might be a solution to help you recall information 61.

**For the rest of our body**

It's more challenging and helps us be more 62.



**For our knees**

It helps ease pain in the knees and lower back, this might be the 63 why old people like it.

**Let's try**

Please translate the underlined sentence into Chinese. 64

As a beginner, you need to 65 if you feel uncomfortable.


(E)

请阅读下面非连续性文本,按要求完成所给的任务,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Have your schoolmates ever asked you for money? Have you ever been kicked by someone at school? These are some forms of bullying(欺凌). But actually, verbal(口头的) bullying is the most common kind of bullying, according to a report by Nanjing University.

School bullying happens in schools worldwide, from calling students names to physical attacks. In fact, many students have been given insulting(侮辱的) names. It really hurts them, even causes lifelong pain.

"I was called short and fat in middle school, and I still feel bad whenever I hear those words," a user called Mingxin wrote on Sina Weibo.



Why teenagers bully others? One reason is that some of the teenagers have less knowledge of law and do not care about law. As for parents, most of them don't take bullying very seriously. They consider bullying incidents as "small fights" between their children, and it is just because of such an attitude that bullying cases have not reduced in China.



Bullying can cause physical hurt, stress or make you feel terrible. If you ever feel like you're being bullied, either physically or verbally, the first thing is to tell the bully to stop. If this doesn't work, tell your parents or teachers about it. Luckily, school bullying has got great attention in many countries and laws are even passed to deal with it.

**Anti-bullying(反欺凌) Actions around the World**

- In the United States, all the 50 states have their own anti-bullying laws.
- In the UK, schools are required by law to have anti-bullying policies in place.
- In Japan, an anti-bullying law asks each school to come up with basic rules to stop bullying.
- In China, an anti-bullying campaign in April started to improve anti-bullying knowledge and skills among students.

However, to solve this problem, education should play an important role. Three parts including community, school and family should work together to help teenagers to grow up healthily and safely.

66. According to the report, what is the most common kind of bullying?
67. Please translate the underlined sentence into Chinese.
68. Why does the writer talk of Mingxin's experience?
69. In the passage, the underlined word "this" refers to(指) \_\_\_\_\_.
70. If your school will have an activity to improve anti-bullying knowledge, what advice do you have? (One or two pieces are OK.)

九、词语运用(每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

请根据语篇内容,用方框中所给词的正确形式填空,使短文通顺、连贯,并将答案填写到答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

as	who	tell	lose	child	successful
we	one	after	waste	stop	important

It is not always easy to discover yourself. From a young age, I had a strong sense of who I would become but an accident changed everything.

To me, skating was 71 than anything else in the world. Nothing else filled my heart with so much joy. I spent 24 hours a week developing my skills. I had no social life or other interests than skating. But I won the 72 place medals in nearly every competition.

Unfortunately, during one competition, I fell and was badly injured. I 73 that I couldn't skate anymore. The pain in my back was hard to bear and even basic daily tasks became difficult.

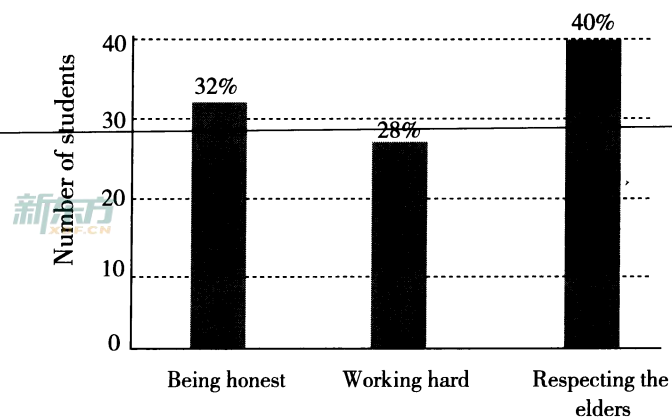
My dream had been taken away. I 74 heart and had no idea what I would become. 75 half a year of suffering, something had to change. Instead of sitting around and wasting my days, I began to work with some people 76 make efforts on local community service projects. By volunteering as a swimming teacher and summer reading assistant for little 77, I got an idea of who I wanted to become. After a few months, I found a new interest. Little by little, I stepped out of the shadow and rebuilt my confidence 78.

Sometimes, challenges in life will get in 79 way. We can choose to stay behind or try to get past these challenges. My accident was a challenge that failed 80 me from reaching success. Today, I'm a very confident and optimistic(乐观的) person.

十、书面表达(共 15 分) 请将短文写在答题卡相应的位置上。

家庭是人生的第一所学校,家长是孩子的第一任教师,要培养学生的优秀品质,家庭教育是必不可少的一部分。因此,某校开展了“家校共育”活动。该校围绕“从父母身上学到的最重要的一种优秀品质(quality)”这一话题,对 100 名学生进行了抽样调查。

请你用两段话写一篇短文,第一段简要说明图表内容,第二段谈一谈你从父母那里学到的最重要的一种品质,并就此分享你的一次经历。



- 要求:1. 词数不少于 80 词;  
2. 首句已给出,不计入总词数;  
3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名。

A school did a survey among 100 students about the most important quality they have learned from their parents. Here are the results.

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# 山西中考模拟百校联考试卷（一）

## 英语答题卡

姓名 \_\_\_\_\_ 准考证号 

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<b>考生禁填</b> 缺考考生，由监考员用2B铅笔填涂下面的缺考标记  <b>缺考标记</b>	<b>注意事项</b> 1. 答题前，考生先将自己的姓名及准考证号填写清楚，并认真核对条形码上的姓名及准考证号。 2. 选择题必须使用2B铅笔填涂；非选择题必须使用0.5毫米的黑色笔迹签字笔书写，字体工整、笔迹清晰。 3. 请按照题号顺序在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效；在草稿纸、试卷上答题无效。 4. 保持清洁，不要折叠，不要弄破、弄皱，不准使用涂改液、修正带、刮纸刀。	<b>正确填涂 样例</b> 
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贴条形码区

### 选择题（请使用2B铅笔填涂）

- |  |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 6 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C  | 11 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 16 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
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| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 8 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C  | 13 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 18 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
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| 5 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 10 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 15 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 20 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
- 考生请在非选择题区域作答
- |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 26 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 31 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G | 36 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 41 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
| 27 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 32 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G | 37 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 42 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
| 28 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 33 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G | 38 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 43 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
| 29 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 34 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G | 39 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 44 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
| 30 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 35 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G | 40 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 45 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C |
- |  |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| 46 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 51 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 56 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |  |
| 47 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 52 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 57 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |  |
| 48 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 53 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 58 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |  |
| 49 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 54 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 59 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |  |
| 50 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 55 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C | 60 <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |  |

### 非选择题（请使用0.5毫米的黑色笔迹签字笔书写）

#### 四、听力填空

官网：<http://ty.xdf.cn/>；微信号咨询：tyxdfcn

16. \_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_ 18. \_\_\_\_\_
19. \_\_\_\_\_ 20. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 八、阅读理解

61. \_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_
64. \_\_\_\_\_ 65. \_\_\_\_\_
66. \_\_\_\_\_
67. \_\_\_\_\_
68. \_\_\_\_\_
69. \_\_\_\_\_
70. \_\_\_\_\_

请在各题目的答题区域内作答，超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

考号： \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名： \_\_\_\_\_ 班级： \_\_\_\_\_ 学校： \_\_\_\_\_

请在各题目的答题区域内作答,超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效

九、词语运用

- 71. \_\_\_\_\_ 72. \_\_\_\_\_ 73. \_\_\_\_\_ 74. \_\_\_\_\_
- 75. \_\_\_\_\_ 76. \_\_\_\_\_ 77. \_\_\_\_\_ 78. \_\_\_\_\_
- 79. \_\_\_\_\_ 80. \_\_\_\_\_

十、书面表达

A school did a survey among 100 students about the most important quality they have learned from their parents. Here are the results. \_\_\_\_\_

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官网: <http://ty.xdf.cn/>; 微信号咨询: tyxdfcn

请在各题目的答题区域内作答,超出黑色矩形边框限定区域的答案无效