

太原市 2019~2020 学年第一学期高一年级阶段性测评
英语试卷

第一部分 听力理解 (略)

第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 单选填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

16. As we all know, there is a close _____ between diet and health.

- A. connection B. evidence C. power D. belief

解析: 答案选 A。本题考查名词词义辨析。句意是“据我们所知, 在节食和健康之间有一个很紧密的联系”, connection 为联系, evidence 证据, power 为力量, belief 为信念。

17. He plays a very important part in the team, so nobody can _____ him.

- A. replace B. reduce C. review D. recognise

解析: 答案选 A。本题考查动词词义辨析。依据句中因果关系, 突出强调“he”的重要性, 由此“没有人可以代替他”, replace 表代替符合题意。reduce 为减少, review 为复习, recognise 为认出, 认可。

18. Many people are so _____ to Tik Tok(抖音) that they can't put down their phones.

- A. known B. addicted C. friendly D. related

解析: 答案选 B。本题考查固定搭配。由“can't put down their phones”可知人们对抖音是上瘾的, 考察 be addicted to 表示沉溺与……。

19. In the countryside, many left-behind children live with their grandparents and can only see their parents _____ in a year.

- A. fortunately B. occasionally C. traditionally D. normally

解析: 答案选 B。本题考查副词词义辨析。由前文“left-behind children live with their grandparents”得知“他们在一年内只能偶尔见到父母”, occasionally 符合题意。fortunately 为幸运地, traditionally 为传统地, normally 为正常地。

20. _____ you know how to sort the trash, why did you put it into the same bin?

- A. Unless B. When C. Now that D. Even though

解析: 答案选 C。本题考查从句引导词。根据前后文意思确定两句子之间为因果关系, 只有“now

“that” 表既然，可以引导原因状语从句，unless 表除非，even though 表即使。

21. _____ school playgrounds to the public makes exercise easier for the people in the community.

- A. Open B. Opened C. Opening D. Have opened

解析：答案选 C。本题考察非谓语。动名词做主语时，谓语动词用第三人称单数形式，由“makes”确定主语为动名词，其他形式都不可以做主语。

22. I'm always told by my mum never to _____ what should be done today until tomorrow.

- A. come out B. take turns C. give up D. put off

解析：答案选 D。本题考察动词短语词义辨析 come out 为出现，出版；take turns 为轮流；give up 放弃；put off 推迟。根据题意“妈妈告诉我不要把今天的事推迟到明天再做”，D 选型符合题意。

23. By the time Jeremy Lin joined CBA this November, he _____ in NBA for nine years.

- A. plays B. played C. has played D. had played

解析：答案选 D。本题考查过去完成时。题中 By the time 表示到……为止，是完成时态的标志，又根据 joined 判断 play 这一动作发生在“过去的过去”用过去完成时 had done。故答案为 D。

24. Living in the new era(时代), we should _____ the responsibility to achieve the Chinese dream.

- A. shoulder B. eye C. head D. hand

解析：答案选 A。本题考查动词词意辨析。根据句意“生活在新时代，我们应该肩负起实现中国梦的责任。shoulder 为肩负，承担；eye 为注视，看；head 为前进，朝向；hand 为上交，传递。故答案选 A。

25. — You have a sweet tooth. It may be hard for you to lose weight.

— _____, but I just can't help it.

- A. You can't be serious B. You must be joking
C. I couldn't agree more D. That couldn't be better

解析：答案选 C。本题考查口语交际。根据句意“你爱吃甜食。对你来说减肥可能是困难的。”答句应为“非常同意，但是我控制不住”。You can't be serious 意思为不是说真的吧；You must be joking 意思为你一定在开玩笑；I couldn't agree more 意思为我完全同意；That couldn't be

better 意思为那再好不过。故答案为 C。

第二节 完形填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。写在答题卡上。

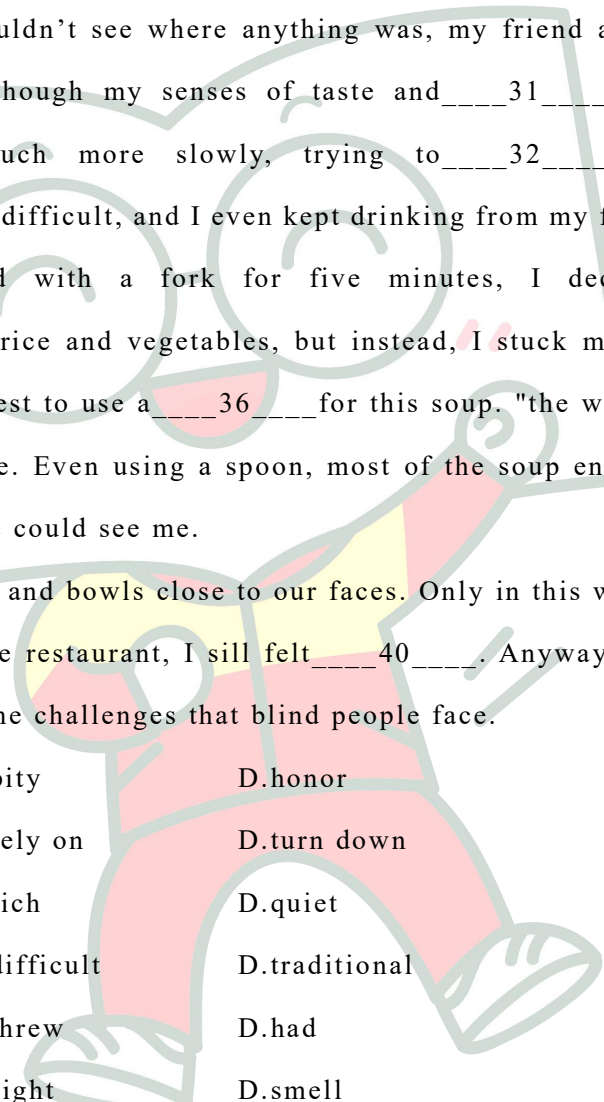
Recently I had an experience of eating dinner at a "dark restaurant", where people eat in complete ____26____. Diners eat their whole meal in total blackness and have to ____27____ the waiters' guidance if they need to go to the bathroom. I wanted to understand the experience of being ____28____. Then I found out eating was a really ____29____ activity.

It was a special meal. Because we couldn't see where anything was, my friend and I knocked down glasses and ____30____ food. Even though my senses of taste and ____31____ became more sensitive(敏感的), I had to eat much more slowly, trying to ____32____ what I was eating. ____33____ water was without doubt difficult, and I even kept drinking from my friend's glass.

After failing to ____34____ any food with a fork for five minutes, I decided to use my ____35____. I reached down, expecting rice and vegetables, but instead, I stuck my hand into a bowl of warm thick soup. "Ahh...!". "It's best to use a ____36____ for this soup." the waiter said into my ear. It was ____37____ but much too late. Even using a spoon, most of the soup ended up on my shirt. I felt ____38____, even though no one could see me.

Our waiter advised us to lift the plates and bowls close to our faces. Only in this way was I able to eat something ____39____, when I left the restaurant, I still felt ____40____. Anyway, through this special dining, I was much more aware of the challenges that blind people face.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 26. A. surprise | B. darkness | C. pity | D. honor |
| 27. A. give up | B. care about | C. rely on | D. turn down |
| 28. A. blind | B. smart | C. rich | D. quiet |
| 29. A. boring | B. moving | C. difficult | D. traditional |
| 30. A. made | B. dropped | C. threw | D. had |
| 31. A. direction | B. satisfaction | C. sight | D. smell |
| 32. A. guess | B. observe | C. afford | D. stand |



- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 33. A. Pouring | B. Spreading | C. Saving | D. Tasting |
| 34. A. make up | B. give back | C. work out | D. pick up |
| 35. A. hands | B. bowls | C. courage | D. intelligence |
| 36. A. fork | B. spoon | C. knife | D. plate |
| 37. A. incorrect | B. strange | C. helpful | D. fun |
| 38. A. delighted | B. embarrassed | C. sad | D. unknown |
| 39. A. So | B. Besides | C. However | D. Instead |
| 40. A. angry | B. excited | C. sick | D. hungry |

解析：

26. 选 B。考查名词辨析。根据第一句“dark restaurant”以及 26 空的后一句“in total blackness”可知这家餐厅是一个完全处于黑暗中的餐厅。“surprise”吃惊；“darkness”黑暗；“pity”遗憾；“honor”荣耀。故选 B。
27. 选 C。考查动词短语辨析。餐厅完全处于黑暗中，所以当客人想去卫生间时不得不“依靠”服务员的引导。“give up”放弃；“care about”关心；“rely on”依靠；“turn down”拒绝。故选 C。
28. 选 A。考查形容词辨析。餐厅的环境是处于黑暗中，所以作者要体验盲了的感觉。“blind”盲的；“smart”聪明的；“rich”富裕的；“quiet”安静的。故选 A。
29. 选 C。考查形容词辨析。句意为“然后我发现吃饭是一件非常怎样的事情。”根据后文描述的吃饭过程可知，在完全黑暗的环境中吃饭是一件非常困难的事情。“boring”无聊的；“moving”感动的；“difficult”困难的；“traditional”传统的。故选 C。
30. 选 B。考查动词辨析。句中“and”并列“knock down 碰到”和 30 个空这两个谓语动词，所以两个动作为并列的含义。前面为“碰倒杯子”，所以后面为“掉食物”。“made”制作；“dropped”掉落；“threw”扔；“had”吃。故选 B。
31. 选 D。考查名词辨析。句中的“and”并列的是前面的“taste”和 31 空。所以是和吃饭的感官有关系的感觉变得敏感了。“direction”方向；“satisfaction”满意；“sight”视力；视野；景象；“smell”嗅觉。故选 D。
32. 选 A。考查动词辨析。句意“我要吃的慢一点，尝试怎样出我吃的是什么。”“guess”猜测；“observe”观察；“afford”承担得起；“stand”忍受；站立。因为餐厅中完全看不到，所以只能是猜测我吃的东西。故选 A。

- 33.选 D。考查动词辨析。根据上一句“我要猜测我吃的是什么”和下一句“我甚至一直在喝我朋友杯子里的水。”可知这个空应该是“吃”是很困难的，此处为描述“喝水是很困难的”。“pour”涌出；倾；倒；“spread”传播；“save”节省；积攒；“taste”品尝；吃；喝。故选 D。
- 34.选 D。考查动词短语辨析。句意为“在使用叉子没有叉起任何食物五分钟之后”，“make up”编造；化妆；“give back”归还；后退；“work out”解决；锻炼；“pick up”捡起；接载；学会。故选 D。
- 35.选 A。考查名词辨析。前文说用叉子失败了，故“我决定用手。”后文中作者把手插进了汤里面也可以看出用手吃饭。“hands”手；“bowls”碗；“courage”勇气；“intelligence”聪明；智慧；故选 A。
- 36.选 B。考查名词辨析。服务员在我耳边说最好用勺子喝汤。后文也提到“Even using a spoon”，原词复现，故选 B。“fork”叉子；“spoon”勺子；“knife”刀子；“plate”盘子。
- 37.选 C。考查形容词辨析。句中的“it”指的是“服务员的话”，故句意“他的话是有用的但是太迟了。”“incorrect”不正确的；“strange”奇怪的；陌生的；“helpful”有帮助的；“fun”有趣的。故选 C。
- 38.选 B。考查形容词辨析。根据前文说“即使用了勺子，大多数的汤也洒在了我的衬衫上。”所以作者感到很尴尬，即使没有人看见。“delighted”开心的；“embarrassed”尴尬的；“sad”悲伤的；“unknown”不知道的。故选 B。
- 39.选 C。考查连词辨析。根据句意“然而，当我离开餐厅的时候，我仍然感觉很饿。”“so”所以；“besides”另外；“however”然而；“instead”相反。故选 C。
- 40.选 D。考查形容词辨析。根据句意“然而，当我离开餐厅的时候，我仍然感觉很饿。”“angry”生气的；“excited”兴奋的；“sick”生病的；“hungry”饥饿的。故选 D。

第三部分 阅读理解（共两节， 满分 30 分）

第一节（共 10 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A，B，C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

注意：C 篇分 A、B 两种题型，A 种题型(易)为客观题，B 种题型(难)为主观题。

Utah Mask Exhibition

The Utah Art Festival is looking for artists to take part in our yearly Mask Exhibition, shown at the Utah Art Festival Gallery from February 7th to February 21st, 2020. Our aim of this Mask Exhibition is not only to bring public attention to the works of local artists, but also raise money that will help us continue to hold an amazing Art Festival next year.

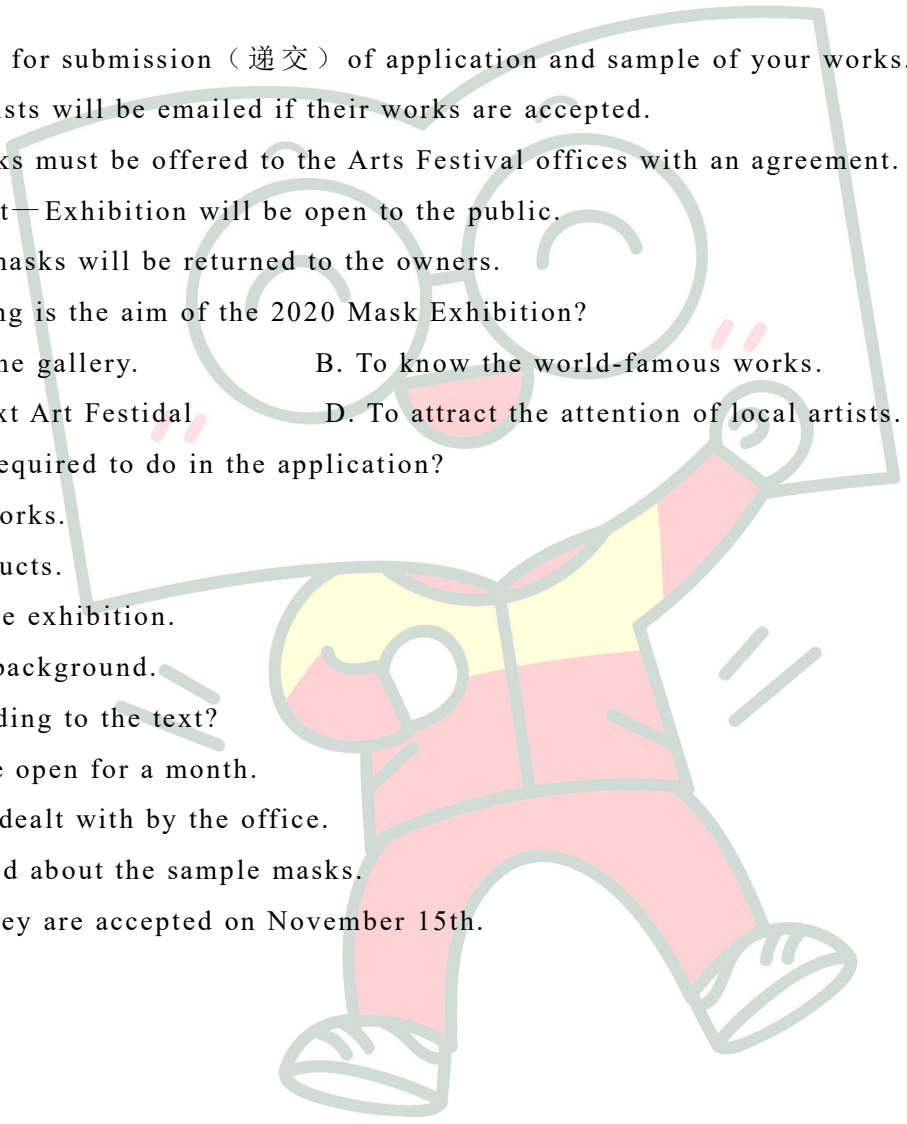
Application(申请)Requirements:

- Creative Masks We'd like the masks to be wearable, and also creatively related to our style.
- Reasonable Price We'd like to offer all kinds of masks at different prices. On the application you will be asked to price your works.
- Typical Samples(样品) This can be a photo of the previous masks you've created, or a drawing of an idea you have for a mask—anything that gives us a general idea of what the final product might look like.
- Brief Introduction It's about the creation background of your works.

Project Timeline:

- November 8th—Deadline for submission (递交) of application and sample of your works.
- November 15th—The artists will be emailed if their works are accepted.
- January 28th—Final masks must be offered to the Arts Festival offices with an agreement.
- February 7th through 21st—Exhibition will be open to the public.
- February 25th—Unsold masks will be returned to the owners.

41. Which of the following is the aim of the 2020 Mask Exhibition?
 - A. To collect masks for the gallery.
 - B. To know the world-famous works.
 - C. To raise money for next Art Festival.
 - D. To attract the attention of local artists.
42. What are the artists required to do in the application?
 - A. Set a price for their works.
 - B. Hand in the final products.
 - C. Wear their masks in the exhibition.
 - D. Introduce the artists' background.
43. Which is TRUE according to the text?
 - A. The Exhibition will be open for a month.
 - B. Unsold masks will be dealt with by the office.
 - C. An agreement is needed about the sample masks.
 - D. Artists will know if they are accepted on November 15th.



解析：

本文为应用文，主要介绍了“Utah Mask Exhibition”。

41.选C，细节推断题，根据文章第一段“Our aim of this Mask Exhibition is not only to bring public attention to the works of local artists, but also raise money that will help us continue to hold an amazing Art Festival next year.”的内容，可知C正确，A、B项文中没有提，属于无中生有。D项干扰性较强，文中对应信息是吸引公众注意力，而不是当地艺术家的注意力，属于偷换概念。

42.选A，细节理解题，根据文章第二段Reasonable Price中 “On the application you will be asked to price your works.”，可知A正确，B项根据Typical Samples(样品)可知，需要提交的是样品，不是最终成品，C项属于无中生有，D项根据文中 “Brief Introduction It’s about the creation background of your works” 可知，介绍的不是艺术家的背景，而是作品的背景。

43.选D，细节理解题，根据文中第三段“November 15th—The artists will be emailed if their works are accepted.”。可知，D项正确。根据文中第一段 “shown at the Utah Art Festival Gallery from February 7th to February 21st, 2020.” 可知，A项一个月表达错误。根据文中第三段“February 25th—Unsold masks will be returned to the owners.”，可知，B项错误。根据文中第三段“January 28th—Final masks must be offered to the Arts Festival offices with an agreement.” 可知，C项错误。

B

Kangaroos have long been a nuisance to many Australian farmers. Keeping these kinds of animals away from their crops and water supplies has become a continuous fight. A traditional way has been a series of the huge screaming(尖叫) from loudspeakers. Researchers have found that kangaroos often become used to these man-made sounds and take little notice of them.

Australian farmers could be about to get an unusual new weapon(武器) to protect their crops from kangaroos. Researchers in Melbourne have found that kangaroos can be frightened away by the loud sound of their own large feet. It appears to be quite a breakthrough. This is the noise these animals make when they feel danger before running away quickly. Using the animals’ own alarm system could be what angry farmers have been looking for.

Animal rights protectors are happy about this new finding. When people complain that the number of kangaroos has risen quickly, they say that a large number of kangaroos have been killed or injured on Australian roads by cars and trucks. Also, they don’t want several million to be shot dead every year by human beings. Researchers, who are hoping to develop their footstep sound

technology, believe it could also be used to lead kangaroos away from busy highways. The protectors are in favor of this solution which can prevent kangaroos from being harmed and also please the farmers.

44. What problem do kangaroos bring to Australian farmers?
- A. Breaking into houses.
 - B. Making noises.
 - C. Frightening farmers.
 - D. Destroying crops.
45. What is the new way to drive away kangaroos?
- A. Cutting off water supplies.
 - B. Killing them with guns.
 - C. Using the sound of their own footstep.
 - D. Sending man-made sound through loudspeakers.
46. Why do animal rights protectors agree with this new solution?
- A. Because it costs less.
 - B. Because they prefer new technology.
 - C. Because it's a prevention-and-protection way.
 - D. Because it can help reduce the traffic accidents.

解析：

44. 选 D，细节题。根据第一段“Kangaroos have long been a nuisance to many Australian farmers. Keeping these kinds of animals away from their crops and water supplies has become a continues fight.”以及第二段“Australian farmers could be about to get an unusual new weapon(武器) to protect their crops from kangaroos.”可知，正确答案是 D。

45. 选 C，细节题。根据第二段“Researchers in Melbourne have found that kangaroos can be frightened away by the loud sound of their own large feet.”可知，正确答案是 C。

46. 选 C，推断题。根据最后一段“Researchers, who are hoping to develop their footstep sound technology, believe it could also be used to lead kangaroos away from busy highways. The protectors are in favor of this solution which can prevent kangaroos from being harmed and also please the farmers.”因为这一措施即可以保护袋鼠，又可以使农民开心（防止农民的庄稼被破坏）。可知，正确答案是 C。

C

以下 A(易)、B(难)两种题型任选一种，做 A 题型的不做 B，做 B 题型的不做 A。

Many of us were delighted to learn that a high school senior Kwasi Enin was accepted to all eight Ivy(常青藤) League universities. To our surprise, he wasn't excited as expected, but appeared extra calm. He announced that he would revisit the universities to find the best suitable in music or medicine. He also wanted to compare their financial aid packages.

Kwasi's success story is rare, but his reaction is not. After the admission letters arrive at home, students have 30 days to really think about what kind of school would help them grow as a person, which school would best prepare them for the future, and at which school they would be happiest. And they also have to think about whether they can afford the school they choose.

But how to answer the questions about which school is the best suitable university? Some young people are attracted to large universities with great school spirit and a list of offerings. But besides those advantages, many of these universities focus on graduate work and research, with undergraduates (本科生) taught mostly by part-time instructors. Others are attracted to smaller boarding schools with discussion-based classes. But some of these schools will have much limitation for students who want a high-energy city life experience.

Many students today seem to think they should pick the university where they will get the diploma that will help them get the most highly paid job. This is a sad misunderstanding of what a college education should provide. A good college education should prepare them to overcome any difficulty and **thrive** in society. It helps them to form the habit of creative mind and spirit that will continue to develop far beyond their university years. So when you choose college, you should consider if it is filled with useful learning to help create new spaces for different possibilities of growth.

(以下是 A 种题型)

47. What can we know about Kwasi Enin from paragraph 1?

- A. He was from a very poor family.
- B. He would choose the top university.
- C. He was too excited to calm himself at the good news.
- D. He considered his interests when choosing his university.

48. What can you infer from paragraph 2?
- A. Few students can be admitted to university.
 - B. Many students face the choices like Kwasi.
 - C. Top universities are the first choice for most students.
 - D. American students can't afford their university by themselves.
49. Which of the following can best explain the underlined word "thrive" in paragraph 4?
- A. Fail.
 - B. Succeed.
 - C. Research.
 - D. Work.
50. What should the best university be like according to the text?
- A. Very large and have good instructors.
 - B. Small boarding schools with discussion-based classes.
 - C. It will offer the diploma to get the most highly paid job.
 - D. It will help continue to develop far beyond university years.

(以下是 B 种型)

47. Why did Kwasi Enin surprise us?
48. How long does it take students to make a decision after they get the admission letters?
49. What disadvantages do some smaller boarding schools have?
50. How should students choose college education according to the text?

解析：

文章大意：本文为议论文，通过 Kwasi 的故事引入，说明美国高中生毕业后，在选择合适的大学时都考虑了哪些因素，以及讨论了好的大学教育是怎样的，并给予美国高中生一些建议。

47. 选 D，细节题。根据第一段最后一句，He announced that he would revisit the universities to find the best suitable in music or medicine. 可知作者在选择学校时，会根据自己的兴趣选择最合适的学校，D 正确。根据第二句 To our surprise, he wasn't excited as expected, but appeared extra calm. 可知他很冷静，排除 C 选项。

48. 选 B，推断题。根据第二段第一句 Kwasi's success story is rare, but his reaction is not. 可知虽

然 Kwasi 的成功很罕见,但是他的反应并不少见.且根据后文 After the admission letters arrive at home, students have 30 days to really think about...可知学生们需要综合考虑各种因素选择学校”, B 正确。

49. 选 B, 猜词题。根据第四段 A good college education should prepare them to overcome any difficulty and thrive in society. 好的大学教育应培养学生一些能力,能克服困难以及在社会上...,这里应该是一个积极含义的词。A.fail 失败,是消极的,排除; C 和 D 选项为中性; B.succeed 成功,符合句意。

50. 选 D, 推断题。根据第四段最后几句, A good college education should prepare them to overcome any difficulty and thrive in society. It helps them to form the habit of creative mind and spirit that will continue to develop far beyond their university years.可知好的大学教育应该是帮助学生形成创造性思维和精神,在离开大学之后这种习惯能够继续延续发展, D 选项符合文意。根据第一二句 Many students today seem to think they should pick the university where they will get the diploma that will help them get the most highly paid job. This is a sad misunderstanding of what a college education should provide, 排除 C 选项。

(以下是 B 种题型)

47. Why did Kwasi Enin surprise us?

Because he wasn't excited as expected, but appeared extra calm.

48. How long does it take students to make a decision after they get the admission letters?

They need thirty days.

49. What disadvantages do some smaller boarding schools have?

These schools have much limitation for students who want a high-energy city life experience.

50. How should students choose college education according to the text?

They should choose schools filled with useful learning to help create new spaces for different possibilities of growth.

第二节 五选五 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

When you make an order on Taobao, you know the money you pay doesn't go directly to the seller. Instead, it goes through Alipay, which keeps your money for a while. Then Alipay gives the money to

the seller. 51. It is a transfer (中转) station between sellers and buyers to make online shopping safe. Buyers needn't worry about paying for products and then receiving nothing. Sellers also don't worry about receiving no money after sending out products. These transfer stations are usually set up by payment service companies such as Alipay, Tenpay and Yeepay. 52. It has more than 270 million active users.

Most online sellers and shoppers like the third party online payment, but banks are not happy. 53. Users can benefit from financial products through Alipay and make money. So lots of people choose to put money in Alipay rather than in banks.

54. WeChat doesn't have its own account. When paying through WeChat, the buyers' money goes directly to the sellers. That's why so many people are excited about receiving and handing out "red envelopes" or "gift money" to their friends on WeChat.

Whether Alipay or WeChat payment, they are both trying to attract more users and make online shopping easier. Both payments have made the best of QR code technology. 55. Maybe in the future, your face is the key to everything.

- A. But WeChat payment is not the same
- B. This is called "third party online payment"
- C. Among them, Alipay is the biggest in China
- D. The reason is that these companies fight over money with them
- E. Also, they promote sales through face recognition payment

解析：

51. 选 B。根据后文“为了让在线购物安全，它是卖家和买家之间的中转站”可知，这里是对 Alipay 的解释，与 B 中的“third party online payment”信息匹配，故选 B。
52. 选 C。根据前一句话“这些中转站是由如支付宝、财付通和易宝这类支付服务公司建立”及后文“它有超过 2700 万的使用者”的描述可知，C 选项与前后文内容对应。
53. 选 D。前文提到“银行感到不开心”，54 空后的句子点明了人们选择使用支付宝的原因，D 选项衔接前后文内容，符合题意。
54. 选 A。54 空后“讲微信支付没有自己的账户”，本身不会接收人们的钱，所以此处突出于微信支付不一样的地方，根据线索词 WeChat，可知 A 选项符合题意。
55. 选 E。55 空前提到“两种支付都充分利用了二维码技术”，与 E 选项的“they”相对应；后文

中的“face is the key to everything”也与选项中“face recognition payment”对应。故选 E。

第四部分 短文填空(共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

阅读下列材料，在空白处填入适当的内容或括号内单词的正确形式（不多于 3 个单词）。答案写在答题卡上。

It is reported that next year, Singapore will treat sugary drinks in the way that other countries treat cigarettes—no advertisements. The plan aims 56. _____(reduce)the high rate of sugar which may cause diabetes (糖尿病) and heart diseases. Thanks to its economic 57. _____(develop) and income growth, Asians have access to more and 58. _____(good) food than ever. However, Asian eaters,59. _____ have become richer, gradually begin to change their traditional diets to the food rich in fat and sugar. As 60. _____result, extra calories make them heavier. The effects of 61. _____(eat) unhealthily are serious. In the past twenty years, countries in the region 62. _____(see)the world's largest increases in premature deaths because 63. _____the diseases related to sugar. Faced with 64. _____(it)serious situation, Singapore’s plan is65. _____(certain) reasonable.

解析：

- 56. to reduce 考查动词短语搭配，aim to do 译为：旨在做某事，目的为做…。
- 57. development 考查动词词性转化，economic 为形容词，表示：“经济的”，形容词修饰名词，因此 develop 要变为名词形式 development。
- 58. better 考查形容词比较级，看到后文中出现 than，应将形容词 good 变为比较级，且 and 连接并列成分 more,所以填 good 比较级形式 better。
- 59. who 考查连词，此句为定语从句，先行词为 Asian eaters，指人时关系代词为 who。
- 60. a 考查冠词，as a result 为固定搭配，译为：结果。
- 61. eating 考查动名词，of 为介词，后跟动名词形式。
- 62. have seen 考查动词时态，根据时间标志词 In the past twenty years，时态为现在完成时。
- 63. of 考查介词，because of 表示：由于。
- 64. its 考查代词，结合句意：面对其严峻局势，用形容词性物主代词修饰 serious situation。

65. **certainly** 考查词性转换，副词修饰形容词 **reasonable** “合理的”，因此为 **certainly** 表示“当然，一定”。

第五部分 写作（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节 单句改错（共五小题；每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

下面各句中都有一个错误，错误设计到一个单词的增加，删除或修改，请按要求修改下列各句。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏词符号（∧），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

66. To my joy, my father has given up smoke.

解析：将 **smoke** 改成 **smoking**，考察介词+V-ing 形式。give up doing sth. 是“放弃做某事”的意思。

67. The actor is such famous that he has many fans.

解析：将 **such** 改为 **so**，考察 so/such.....that.....“如此.....以至于.....”。
so+adj.+that..... such+n.+that.....

68. Some people break the law in order pay for their drugs.

解析：in order 后加 to，考察固定搭配 in order to do sth 是“为了做某事”的意思。

69. China's moon car Yutu-2 has covered 318.42 meters on total.

解析：将 **on** 改为 **in**，考察固定搭配 in total 是“总共，合计”的意思。

70. The house was belonged to my grandfather before he passed away.

解析：去掉 **was**，考察固定搭配 belong to“属于”。belong to 没有被动语态。

第二节 书面表达（满分 15 分）

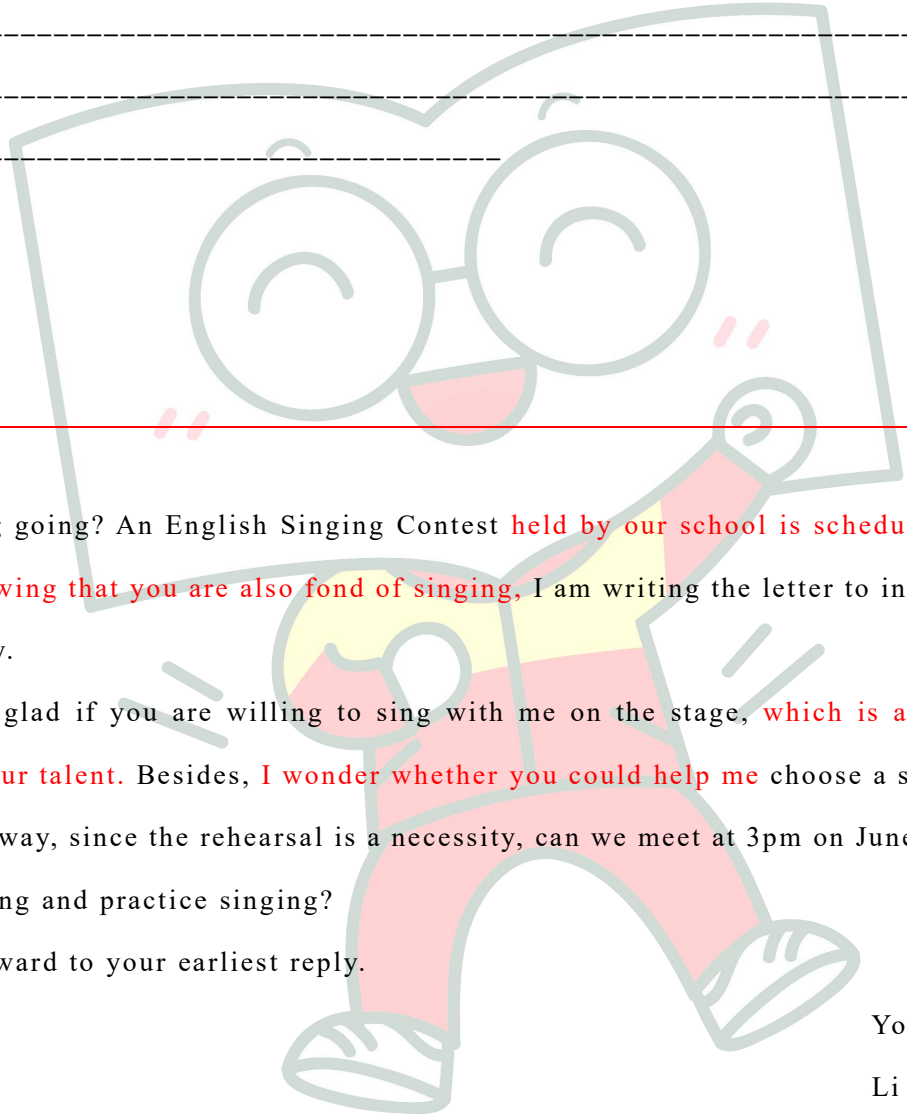
假定你是李华，下个月要参加学校的英文歌曲大赛，你想邀请本校交换生 Bob 和你一起演唱，请给他写一封邮件，内容包括：

1. 邀请助演；
2. 请他帮助选歌；
3. 约定排练时间和地点

注意：1. 词数 100 左右； 2. 可适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

Dear Bob,

Yours,
Li Hua



Dear Bob,

How is everything going? An English Singing Contest held by our school is scheduled to take place next month. Knowing that you are also fond of singing, I am writing the letter to invite you to take part in the activity.

I would be very glad if you are willing to sing with me on the stage, which is also a good opportunity to show your talent. Besides, I wonder whether you could help me choose a song that is suitable for us. By the way, since the rehearsal is a necessity, can we meet at 3pm on June 6 at room 103 of the study building and practice singing?

I am looking forward to your earliest reply.

Yours
Li Hua