

山西中考模拟百校联考试卷(四)

英语参考答案及评分标准

一、情景反应 (每小题1分,共5分)

1-5 BCCBA

二、对话理解 (每小题1分,共5分)

6-10 BACAB

三、语篇理解 (每小题1分,共5分)

11-15 BCAAC

四、听力填空 (每小题1分,共5分)

16. space 17. seriously 18. communicate 19. 1965 20. fair

五、单项选择 (每小题1分,共10分)

21-25 BABBC 26-30 AACBA

六、补全对话 (每小题1分,共5分)

31-35 ACFGB

七、完形填空 (每小题1分,共8分)

36-40 CAAAB 41-43 AAC

八、阅读理解 (每小题2分,共52分)

(A) 44-48 DFACB (B) 49-53 BCBAB (C) 54-58 DCFAE

(注:以上各题与答案不符者均不得分。)

(D) 59. choice 60. carefully 61. if/as/when 62. punishing 63. successful

(注:以上各题如与答案不一致,但与原文意思相符,且使用正确,可酌情给分。)

(E) 64. But is brainstorming really a good way to deal with creative problems? / ...

65. Most creatives prefer to think alone when they develop ideas after inspiration stops. / 78% choose to think alone when they develop ideas after inspiration stops. / 42% choose brainstorming when they develop ideas after inspiration stops. / ...

66. Because employees in most companies often have many meetings scheduled and have no chance to prepare their thoughts. / Because employees don't have enough time and space to think.

67. 花时间独自思考可以帮助你想出自已的主意,并且发展独立思考的能力。/.....

68. It encourages people to come up with ideas. / It creates a free and open environment for everyone to take part in. / ...

69. Thinking alone. Because it can save me much time. / Brainstorming. Because I can learn from others. / ...

(注:只要所给答案符合要求,且表述无误,即可得满分;如果所给答案符合要求,但表述有误,以6小题为单位,单词拼写错误累计4处扣1分,语法错误累计2处扣1分;第69小题言之有理且表述无误,即可得分;如所给答案不符合要求,不可得分。)

九、词语运用 (每小题1分,共10分)

70. are working / work 71. failure 72. yourself 73. who 74. with
75. was believed 76. to force 77. harder 78. easily 79. areas

十、书面表达 (共15分)

(A)

A possible version:

1. First, wash the fruits.
2. Second, peel the apples and other fruits.
3. Then, cut them into pieces.
4. Next, mix them up.
5. Finally, enjoy the salad.

(B)

A possible version:

Last winter vacation, because of the outbreak of the COVID-19, we had to stay at home and my family made use of this chance to cook together. One morning, Mom and I did some preparations for making dumplings. Dad who used to be too busy with his work, also joined us. Dumplings in different shapes like the moon, the rabbit or even the sunflower were made. What a warm experience it was!

Chinese holidays are incomplete without traditional food. The food like dumplings is for entire Chinese families to make together. While having traditional food with family, we are not only sharing in the festival atmosphere but also understanding our culture in a concrete way. Thus, our culture is passed on in the days of the busy modern life.

评分参考:

(A)能围绕情境话题,利用所给出的提示信息进行准确表达,句子通顺,表意清楚,即可得满分。词数30词左右。

(B)本题总分为10分,根据内容要点,按所写篇章语法结构和词汇运用的数量,篇章的准确性、连贯性及得体性,分五个档次给分。

第五档(9~10分)

涵盖了所有内容要点,运用了较多的语法结构和词汇,有少量错误(1个句子结构、时态、语态等方面的错误或1~2个名词复数、第三人称单数、拼写、标点符号、大小写等方面的错误),但是由于使用较复杂的表达方式所致;有效地使用了语句间的连接成分,使全文结构紧凑,内容充实,体现了活跃的思维和清晰的逻辑,具备较强的语言运用能力,完全达到了预期的写作目的。

第四档(7~8分)

涵盖了所有内容要点,运用的语法结构和词汇能满足任务的要求,有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误(2个句子结构、时态、语态等方面的错误或3~4个名词复数、第三人称单数、拼写、标点符号、大小写等方面的错误),但不影响对所写内容的理解;运用了简单的语句间的连接成分,使全文内容连贯,内容完整,表达清楚,基本达到了预期的写作目的。

第三档(5~6分)

漏掉了一个内容要点,运用的语法结构和词汇能基本满足任务要求,有一些语法结构或词汇方面的错误(3个句子结构、时态、语态等方面的错误或5~6个名词复数、第三人称单数、拼写、标点符号、大小写等方面的错误),但不影响对所写内容的理解;运用了简单的语句间的连接成分,内容连贯,信息得到较为清楚的传达。

第二档(3~4分)

漏掉了两个内容要点,语法结构简单,词汇贫乏,有较多的语法结构或词汇方面的错误(4个句子结构、时态、语态等方面的错误或7~8个名词复数、第三人称单数、拼写、标点符号、大小写等方面的错误),影响了对所写内容的理解,缺乏语句间的连接成分,内容不连贯,信息未能清楚传达。

第一档(0~2分)

明显遗漏了主要内容,写了一些无关内容,有大量的语法结构或词汇方面的错误(5个以上句子结构、时态、语态等方面的错误或9个以上名词复数、第三人称单数、拼写、标点符号、大小写等方面的错误),所写内容无法理解,信息未能传达。

注:1.评分时,先确定所属档次,然后根据该档次的要求来衡量,确定或调整档次,最后给分;

2.词数少于80的,从总分中扣去1分;

3.如书写较差,以致影响理解的,可扣去1~2分。

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听力材料

一、情景反应

本题共5个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三幅图片中,选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。读两遍。

1. M: The song "Hello" sounds really beautiful.

W: Yeah. The singer Adele is from Britain.

2. M: Hey, is that Rick speaking?

W: No, he is brushing his teeth.

3. M: Where is the nearest hospital?

W: Go along Center Street and turn left. You will see it on your right.

4. M: The Olympic Games in 2020 will be put off.

W: What a pity!

5. M: Why do you buy so many clothes?

W: The sweaters in Mr. Cool's Clothes Store are on sale.

二、对话理解

本题共5个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。读两遍。

6. M: What time should I be at the airport?

W: The plane takes off at 5 o'clock, and an hour earlier is the best.

Q: What time should the man be at the airport?

7. M: What kind of books do you often read?

W: I often read stories and science fictions, but my favorite is novels.

Q: What's the woman's favorite kind of book?

8. M: Hand in your exercise book, please.

W: I'll do it right away.

Q: What's the relationship between the two speakers?

9. M: Wow, the screen is so large and the seat is comfortable.

W: Well, the ticket is expensive.

Q: Where are the speakers?

10. M: Judy got the first place in the singing competition.

W: That is because she stayed up late to practice and tried many times.

Q: What does the woman mean?

三、语篇理解

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的5个问题,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。读两遍。

Of all the colors, Jason liked blue best. But he couldn't see what blue looked like.

Eight months after he was born, his family noticed that his eyes weren't as big as a normal baby's. Later the doctor found he was disabled because he couldn't see anything. To help Jason, his mother kept describing everything she saw for him. He saw with his ears and hands, too. He could see many things that normal people didn't notice.

Although Jason lived in the dark, he always believed a dream would light up his life. He found that he was interested in computer science. So he began learning it when he was seven years old. As a young boy, he looked forward to going to a famous university some day. And after ten years' efforts, he achieved his dream in the end. Many people wanted to find out the secret of his success. Jason said, "Value what we have. Just move forward! Don't let any difficulty stop your dream from coming true."

四、听力填空

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容,完成下面的表格,并将获取的信息填到答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。读两遍。

Stephen Hawking was born in England in 1942. He's one of the most famous scientists on **space** and time in the world.

When he studied math and science at Oxford University, he became **seriously** ill. However, he has a wheelchair with a special computer. He can **communicate** with others by using it.

In the face of difficulties, he refused to give up his hope of living and went on to study at Cambridge University after graduating from Oxford University. In **1965**, he got a Doctor's Degree of Philosophy. Because of his serious illness, it was difficult for him to draw diagrams or to write. So he started to think in pictures. In 1988, he wrote his first important book, *A Brief History of Time*. It has been sold more than 5.5 million copies in 33 different languages.

From Hawking's unusual experiences, we learn that "Life is not **fair**. You just have to do the best you can in your own situation." You will be the winner of yourself.

(听力测试到此结束)