

太原第二外国语学校 2019-2020 学年度初三年级 10 月月考

英语试卷

敲题人: 赵艳蓉 复查人:

一、单项选择。(每题 1 分, 共计 20 分)

( ) 1. Some people dress \_\_\_\_\_ in bloody shark suits. They tell people \_\_\_\_\_ shark fins to protect the sharks.

A. them; to eat                      B. themselves; not to eat                      C. they; not eat

( ) 2. -- \_\_\_\_\_ did you get the news during the 2nd National Youth Games?

-- By searching the news on the Internet.

A. How                                      B. Where                                      C. When

( ) 3. Reading the first \_\_\_\_\_ of each paragraph before you read the whole text helps you get the main idea quickly.

A. letter                                      B. word                                      C. sentence

( ) 4. I didn' t catch what you said just now. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ it again?

A. rewrite                                      B. review                                      C. repeat

( ) 5. \_\_\_\_\_ Zhang Lei talks about his life, he always expresses thanks to his volunteer teacher.

A. Whatever                                      B. Whenever                                      C. Whoever

( ) 6. The price of food, drinks and clothes \_\_\_\_\_ so quickly these years.

A. develops                                      B. improves                                      C. increases

( ) 7. The scientist has already \_\_\_\_\_ the secret of the universe.

A. saw                                      B. invented                                      C. discovered

( ) 8. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ out the quilt on the floor and \_\_\_\_\_ down to have a rest.

A. lay; laid                                      B. laid; lay                                      C. laid; lied

( ) 9. Studies show that everyone \_\_\_\_\_ the ability to learn.

A. is born with

B. is patient with

C. is good at

( ) 10. -- What' s the meaning of "One Belt and One Road" ?

-- Let me \_\_\_\_\_ the words in the new dictionary.

A. look for

B. look after

C. look up

( ) 11. Be sure to \_\_\_\_\_ your names before you hand in your homework.

A. write down

B. fall down

C. turn down

( ) 12. If you keep on stealing. I think you' ll \_\_\_\_\_ in prison.

A. end up

B. call up

C. make up

( ) 13. My brother likes these old books and they can \_\_\_\_\_ him \_\_\_\_\_ the life of living in the countryside.

A. cheer; up

B. remind; of

C. wake; up

( ) 14. My mother doesn' t want me to \_\_\_\_\_ more weigh.

A. put up

B. put on

C. put off

( ) 15. -- It is said that 5G is coming. It will improve our life greatly.

-- \_\_\_\_\_ amazing it is!

A. What an

B. How a

C. How

( ) 16. -- I think it' s too hard to learn English.

-- Don' t be too worried. \_\_\_\_\_ you learn, \_\_\_\_\_ it will be.

A. The more; easier

B. The more; the easier

C. More; more

( ) 17. "Trick or treat" means kids \_\_\_\_\_ a trick on you if you \_\_\_\_\_ them a treat.

A. will play; don' t give

B. play; won' t give

C. won' t play; will give

( ) 18. The geography teacher told us that the Earth \_\_\_\_\_ around the Sun.

A. moved

B. would move

C. moves

( ) 19. -- Some school have used smart uniforms. I wonder \_\_\_\_\_.

-- They can tell parents where their children are.

- A. who invented them
- B. what they are used for
- C. when students wear them

( ) 20. -- I always feel nervous the night before the English test.

-- \_\_\_\_\_. I am sure you can make it.

- A. Take it easy
- B. A good idea
- C. It sounds like fun

## 二、完形填空。(每题 1 分, 共计 10 分)

Qingming, meaning clear and bright, is the most important festival in spring. It is also called Tomb Sweeping Festival. It comes \_\_\_21\_\_\_ early April. On that day, people visit tombs(墓) to honor the dead. They always \_\_\_22\_\_\_ some time cleaning the tomb area. They usually plant some trees near the tombs and decorate(装饰) them with fresh \_\_\_23\_\_\_.

But it is not \_\_\_24\_\_\_ a day for honoring the dead. It is also a good time for celebrating the \_\_\_25\_\_\_ of spring. With the coming of spring, nature \_\_\_26\_\_\_ dressing the world in green. All is new, clean and fresh. Birds begin to \_\_\_27\_\_\_ houses for their babies. In forests and fields, many animals have babies at this time of year. Days begin to get \_\_\_28\_\_\_ and the weather gets warmer, \_\_\_29\_\_\_ Qingming is also a happy time for people to enjoy the outdoor activities, \_\_\_30\_\_\_ flying kites, swinging and hiking. This is why this festival has been very popular for thousands of years.

- ( ) 21. A. on                      B. by                      C. in  
( ) 22. A. spend                    B. pay                    C. take  
( ) 23. A. air                        B. food                    C. flowers  
( ) 24. A. sometimes              B. just                    C. still  
( ) 25. A. going                    B. changing              C. coming  
( ) 26. A. cuts up                  B. calls up                C. rises up  
( ) 27. A. put                        B. build                    C. climb  
( ) 28. A. higher                  B. shorter                C. longer  
( ) 29. A. but                        B. when                    C. so  
( ) 30. A. such as                  B. as if                    C. for example

三、补全对话。(每题 2 分, 共计 10 分)

A: Hi, everyone!

B: Hello, Li Li! \_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_

A: I' m watching the news of the 2<sup>nd</sup> National Youth Games.

C: Such a big sports event in Shanxi!

B: So it is. \_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_

A: Me too. By the way, I' ll watch the opening ceremony. \_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_

B: Of course, I won' t miss it.

C: Li Li, \_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_ I haven' t got a ticket.

A: What a pity! \_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_

C: I will. And I hope you can post(发布) some pictures here.

- A. When is it?  
 B. I'm afraid not.  
 C. You're welcome.  
 D. What are you doing?  
 E. Are you going to see it?  
 F. I' m so proud of our hometown.  
 G. But you can watch it on your phone.

31. \_\_\_\_\_ 32. \_\_\_\_\_ 33. \_\_\_\_\_ 34. \_\_\_\_\_ 35. \_\_\_\_\_

**四、阅读理解。(每题 2 分, 共计 40 分)**

**A**

**Honoring those who built China**

The People's Republic of China (PRC) is celebrating its 70th founding anniversary (周年纪念日) this year. Over the past years, many people have made great contributions (贡献) to the country' s development, helping China grow by their hard work. I 栏是五位贡献者的个人信息, II 栏是五位贡献者的成就。请将 I 栏中的人物与II栏中的成就进行匹配。

I				
<b>A:</b> <b>Sun Jiadong</b> <b>Aerospace</b> <b>engineer</b>	<b>B:</b> <b>Yuan Longping</b> <b>" Father of hybrid</b> <b>rice"</b>	<b>C:</b> <b>Tu Youyou</b> <b>Scientist</b>	<b>D:</b> <b>Yu Min</b> <b>Nuclear</b> <b>physicist</b>	<b>E:</b> <b>Shen Jilan</b> <b>Deputy to the</b> <b>NPC</b>



II	
36. _____	She is known for winning the Nobel Prize in Medicine in 2015. She discovered artemisinin (青蒿素) medicine that can be used to treat malaria (疟疾). Her finding has saved the lives of millions.
37. _____	She is a farmer. She has served at all 13 NPCs since 1954. She came up with the idea equal pay for equal work between men and women. The idea was written into China's first constitution (宪法) in 1954.
38. _____	He made great contributions towards developing Chinese satellite technology and space exploration.
39. _____	He devoted himself to agricultural (农业的) education and research. He was the first person in the world to develop hybrid rice strain (杂交水稻品种).
40. _____	As a nuclear physicist, he played an important role in the first hydrogen and bomb (氢弹). The theories (理论) and models he created were key to the successful test.

36. \_\_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_\_ 38. \_\_\_\_\_ 39. \_\_\_\_\_ 40. \_\_\_\_\_

**B**

When you are learning a language, listening, speaking and writing are important, but reading can also be very helpful. When you read, you cannot only learn some new words, but also learn how to use them. When you read a passage, it gives you a good example for writing.

Here are some good reading tips.

Firstly, try to read at the right level (水平). Read something that you can understand. If it is too hard for you, it is not interesting.

Secondly, try to understand the new words. If there are four or five new words on a Page, don't use a dictionary. Instead, try to guess their meanings as you read. Mark (做标记) them with a pencil. Then look them up in a dictionary when you finish reading, and write them in your own vocabulary book. Try to remember them.



C

(Finding your inner talent)

How do people find their inner talent? British author and speaker Sir Kenneth Robinson talked about this at TED. He told the story of Gillian Lynne, a dancer and a choreographer (编舞者) who has worked on famous musicals like Cats and Phantom of the Opera (<歌剧魅影>).

Gillian Lynne never did well at school when she was a child. She couldn't **concentrate on** what the teacher said and often found herself moving restlessly. Her mother was quite worried about her. She took Lynne to a doctor. For 20 minutes Lynne's mother talked about the problems Lynne was having at school. Then the doctor said to Lynne, "I need to speak to your mother first. Wait here.

As they left the room, the doctor turned on the radio. He then said to Lynne's mother, "Just stand and watch her." The minute they left the room, Lynne was on her feet, dancing to the music on the radio.

The doctor then turned to Lynne's mother and said, "Mrs. Lynne, your daughter isn't sick. She's a dancer. Take her to a dance school."

So she did. Lynne's new dance school was full of people just like her—people who had to move in order to think. Lynne later went to the Royal Ballet School (皇家芭蕾舞学校), one of the world's greatest dance schools, and became a great dancer.

After leaving the school, she worked on some of the most successful musicals in history. It's hard to believe that years ago, somebody else would just put her on medication (药物治疗) and tell her to calm down.

( ) 46. The underline phases "concentrate on" in the second paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_.



A. depend on

B. look at

C. pay attention to

( ) 47. Why did Lynne' s mother take her a doctor?

A. Because Lynne didn't want to go to school.

B. Because Lynne couldn' t speak.

C. Because Lynne couldn' t sit still and often moved around.

( ) 48. What did Lynne do after the doctor and her mother left the room?

A. She started dancing to the music on the radio.

B. She turned on the radio and listened to the music.

C. She just stood there and watched her mother.

( ) 49. What did the doctor suggest the mother do?

A. Watch some musicals.

B. Put her daughter in a dance school.

C. Play music to calm her daughter down.

( ) 50. What does Lynne' s story teach us?

A. The earlier we find problems, the better.

B. We should look inside to find out what we' re good at.

C. Parents are the best teachers for their children.

#### D

Now students' English handwriting (书写) gets worse and worse. That makes their teachers feel worried. Is your English handwriting beautiful? 51. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Use paper with lines

When you write English words or sentences, you can use paper with lines. That will make your handwriting straight. 52. \_\_\_\_\_ Be sure to fill the lined space completely. And make sure these capital letters are written properly.

#### Slow down

If your writing is hard to read, just slow down a little. 53. \_\_\_\_\_ If you write too quickly, it's hard

for you to stop where you should, and you may make more mistakes easily.

54. \_\_\_\_\_

When you hold your pencil in the correct way, writing is much better. Some kids press down really hard when they write. That makes the hand writing bad. Try to be relaxed and don't hold the pencil so hard. Let your writing appear nice and clean. If you do so, people will guess you are a student with good habit.

### Draw more pictures

55. \_\_\_\_\_ While you are drawing pictures, you need to use the skills to control(控制) your pencil better. Even though you have no chance to draw at school. you can practice by drawing at home.

Handwriting is very important. Imagine you are a famous movie star or a well-known sports player, what do you do when your fans run up to you? Give them your autographs (亲笔签名), of course!

- A. If not, here are four steps that really work!
- B. Hold your pencil right.
- C. Drawing can improve your handwriting.
- D. We will try to learn English well.
- E. Going slower makes your handwriting clearer.
- F. Those lines on the paper can help you to write words in the right size.

51. \_\_\_\_\_ 52. \_\_\_\_\_ 53. \_\_\_\_\_ 54. \_\_\_\_\_ 55. \_\_\_\_\_

### 五、短文填空: 用所给词的适当形式填空, 每空一词。(每题 1 分, 共计 10 分)

mean, (not) treat, novel, whether, important, die, use, change, visit, good

A Christmas Carol is a famous 56. \_\_\_\_\_ written by Charles Dickens. It tells us the true 57. \_\_\_\_\_ of Christmas: the 58. \_\_\_\_\_ of sharing and giving love and joy to people around us.

The story is about an old man named Scrooge who never laughs or smiles. He is mean and only thinks about himself, and 59. \_\_\_\_\_ others nicely. He just cares about 60. \_\_\_\_\_, he can make more money. And he hates Christmas.

One Christmas Eve, Scrooge sees Marley, his 61. \_\_\_\_\_ business partner. Marley was punished after he died because he 62. \_\_\_\_\_ to be like Scrooge. He wants Scrooge 63. \_\_\_\_\_ his life and want to end up like him lie also tells Scrooge to expect three spirits 64. \_\_\_\_\_ him.

That night, three ghosts visits Scrooge. After that, he promises to be a 65. \_\_\_\_\_ person. He is friendly to each other, spreading love and joy everywhere he goes. And this is the true spirit of Christmas.

56. \_\_\_\_\_ 57. \_\_\_\_\_ 58. \_\_\_\_\_ 59. \_\_\_\_\_ 60. \_\_\_\_\_  
61. \_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_ 65. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 六、任务型阅读。(每题 3 分, 共计 15 分)

Living in China, it's natural to eat Chinese food every day. Whether it's baozi for breakfast or dumplings for dinner, there are so many different choices.

But if you go to a Chinese restaurant in the West, things are unexpected. It's possible that you won't even know what most of the things on the menu are different.

To a Westerner, ① Chinese food usually means unhealthy, fried and sweet-tasting dishes, sometimes made with poor quality ingredients.

More recently, however, real Chinese dishes have become more popular in foreign countries. Chinese people who moved abroad introduced most of these foods to the West. Because their

country' s beloved dishes are misrepresented (误传), they decided to bring the real taste of China to foreigners.

And people there seem to love these real Chinese foods.

In the US and the UK, for example, there's a current trend for real Chinese food. Hotpot and jianbing are popular choices at the restaurants in London and New York.

And in Russia, tanghulu has become a popular street food. Even latiao shows up overseas. These foods interest foreigners simply because a lot of them are similar to foods which are already available in the West. ② *For, example, nearly, roujiamo, same, is, as, the, the, hamburger.* Youtiao is like the churro, a snack that' s popular in Spain. And tanghulu is alike to candy apples which are loved by both children and some adults in the US and the UK.

Another important reason is that these real Chinese foods are the symbol of traditional Chinese dishes and represent Chinese diet culture.

56. If you go a Chinese restaurant in the West, what will happen to you?

\_\_\_\_\_

57. 请将文中①处句子翻译成中文:

\_\_\_\_\_

58. Why these foods (Hotppot, jianbing, tanghulu and latiao) interest foreigners simply?

\_\_\_\_\_

59. 请将文中②处的斜体单词连成句子。

\_\_\_\_\_

60. What Chinese Foods do you like? Why?

\_\_\_\_\_





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