

纵观 2021 年度的考研写作考试,笔者有一种感受;自由写作在考研出题思路中日趋明显,值得 广大考生的注意。本文将以此为出发点,从自由写作的角度,探讨一下写作出题的规律。

第一部分: 什么是自由写作?

自由写作有以下几个特点,首先,写作题目的设定范围较为宽泛,无太强的知识背景。其次,从 解析角度上而言,出题者给予考生一定的自由度。最后,这种出题方式允许考生从不同的角度对同一 个主题发表看法,不会因专业知识背景欠缺,造成无话可说。

有些读者可能会产生这样的疑问,无知识背景,并允许考生畅所欲言难道不是所有应试题目的出 题特点吗?这种提问的确很有道理,但是它是针对所有应试考题而言的,但就考研写作考试而言,由 于其图画出题的特点,在文章论证展开时,有时候就未必是畅所欲言的。

笔者认为,这种较为自由的写作出题思路对于考生至少产生以下三种影响:

- 1. 主题日趋明朗化,写作自由度有所增加。考生看到题目之后,不会在主题判定上产生太大的难度, 还会产生似曾相识的感觉。既不会有陌生感,也不会觉得无话可说,考生可以稳定心态,深思熟 虑再写。这种情况下,基础好一些的考生能充分展示其写作能力,而基础相对薄弱的考生也能依 据题目,有所发挥。
- 2. 这么出题的"阴险"的一面在于,由于题目开放,很多考生就会越写越多、越写越快。最终写得越 多,则错误越多;而写得越快则控制不住自己的思想,论证层次可能混乱。
- 3. 评分更加客观。由于题目较为明确简单,每个人都可以写出一些内容,阅卷人将会较为认真地阅 读考生的作文,并依据是否切题、行文流畅性、语言表述、语法、单词拼写这五个角度对作文做 综合评定。考生切勿存侥幸心理,希望用几个模板句就能通过考试。
- 4. 自由写作对于机构教师而言,只要找到一个合适的角度,都可以说"押中了原题"。这种做法的好 处在于,押中原题的假设可以督促学生进行更全面的背诵和默写。它也有弊端,学生会认为,自 己背的一篇会是考试的原题,背诵和默写虽然可以贯彻始终,甚至以为自己写的句子能唬住阅卷 者。这样的考试准备,禁不起一点变动,只要原题有点变化,不是不知所措,就是乱套乱写。
- 5. 考研学员在明,命题人在暗。我们的心思都放在猜题和押题,但是对于写作理念、逻辑篇章架构、 大学类 选词造句均不考虑。出题者触及一点,考生即全面崩溃。

大学考证

6. 今年的英语一,就玩儿这么一出。

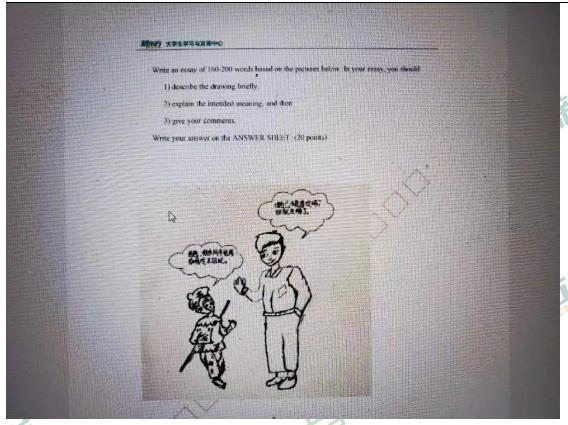
大学港市

第二部分: 英语一考题的解析

新东方网考研频道

http://kaoyan..xdf.cn/





Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the picture below. In your essay, you should:

- 1) Describe the picture briefly
- 2) Explain the intended meaning, and
- 3) Give your comment

Write your ANSWER on the ANSWER SHEET (20 points)

【题目评析】

- 1) 描述段:比较简明,按照数字名词-地点方位-动作神情-心理活动展开:先写人物和位置(男孩:站在老爸面前),没有神情,可以写心理活动(appear depressed),然后翻译人物对话。写父亲的时候,可以从凝视写一下神态,然后还是翻译对话。
- 2) 图画文字暗示的处理:对话不难,可以直译,也可以间接带入描述。从句子结构而言,孩子的对话考察了否定句结构:我同学都觉得戏剧不好玩(文字暗示大致如此,看不太清晰),"不好玩"是个否定结构,比较"坑",应该写成 my classmates don't think that drama is appealing (interesting),尽量不写成 My classmates think that drama is not interesting. 而"只要你喜欢",则侧重关联词考察和惯用法,如"我喜欢",在英语习惯用语中,一般不说成 I like it,而是使用 I enjoy it,而"只要",则可以选择 as long as/provided that
- 3) 阐述段:这是今年最大的争议点。有的同学觉得应该写坚持自己的选择,有的同学认为写文化更好。虽然说各有道理,但是大家要注意的是主次的结合。如果单纯谈论文化的意义,忽视传统文化,然后上升到文化自信,则于图画中父亲的诱导有些差异;而如果一味强调自己的选择,而没





有注意到文化和品味,也会走题。这种情况下,我们应该结合着写,<u>比如在文化艺术品味上,我们要注意自己的感受,不要过于在乎别人的评论。要自信,独立,不要屈从于他人的影响,敢于展示个性。用人生观的角度,都比较好展开。</u>

- 4) 如果从文化的角度,则是传统文化被忽视,一些人对于其表现出兴趣,则在现实社会非常尴尬。 两个角度都写得通,不过要注意比重。一个从人生价值观进入,一个从文化进入,都不算错。不 过我认为,从儿子诉苦,父亲引导这个角度,还是从个人的角度写,和图画的信息最为吻合。
- 5) 看法段:这个段落比较好写,题目中有父亲对孩子的辅导,如果第二段写孩子面对同学的异议非常沮丧,父亲的教导,帮助孩子建立自信就非常好写。从文化角度也比较好写,虽然不好涉及到父亲教导,不过将其上升到"文化自信"高度,也还说得通。从文化角度写,能用出不少"高词儿",如消费主义,重商主义,网络炒作,不过考生背起来苦。
- 6) 这篇作文我写两遍,一个价值观角度,一个文化角度。咱们上课的词句是这样用的: (全文字数稍多,主要是让大家看一下句型的用法。考试时把套句压缩一下即可。)

【范文1】: 价值观角度:

<u>In a distinctive art style, the picture above vividly depicts</u> a boy, who is standing in front of his father. <u>Dressed in a stage costume</u> (a Monkey King costume), the child appears depressed, murmuring, "Daddy, my classmates don't think that (the) drama is appealing." His father <u>stares at his beloved son thoughtfully, saying gently to him</u>, "As long as you enjoy it, my son."

Three factors are significant in my interpretation of this picture. First and foremost, in an era of cultural diversification, it is important to make one's own choice (option). However, it is disturbing to find that some youngsters seldom formed this thinking and behavioral pattern, when they are under peer pressure. Second, as is illustrated in the matter of hobby and taste, they are invariably influenced by other people's comment, but somewhat reluctant to follow their favorite lifestyle. Indeed, what these youngsters lack is nothing but self-confidence in their own options. Third and last, another aspect deserves due attention, apart from the above-mentioned facts. Without independent thinking, it is barely possible to spark the slightest interest in such realms as art and culture, let alone exercise one's own freedom of choice. Some readers might ask me whether the youngsters can insist on their opinion and show their individuality, the answer will probably be negative.

In this issue, two elements can be taken into consideration. One is that parents can offer constructive advice, whereas the other is that they boost their children's self-assurance, just like what the father does in the picture. As for the youngsters, it is always advisable that they think independently and show true characters, especially when there emerges disagreement in their personal hobbies and artistic tastes. After all, it is their attitude that accounts in this matter.

[译文]

该图以独特的艺术风格形象生动地描述了一个男孩,他站在自己父亲面前,孩子身穿戏装,显得很郁闷,低声说道:"爸,我同学都觉得戏剧不好玩儿。"他的父亲则若有所思地看着自己心爱的儿子,温柔地说道:"只要你喜欢,我的孩子。"





我对于图画的阐述中有三点很重要。首先,在一个文化多样性的时代,坚持自己的选择是非常重要的。其次,正如爱好和品味体现出的那样,他们总是受到其他评论的影响,却不愿意追寻自己青睐的生活方式。而他们所缺乏的恰恰是对于自身选择的自信。第三,还有一个方面值得注意,除了以上事实外。没有独立思考能力,则难以激发出在艺术和文化领域的兴趣,更不用说行使自己的自由选择权。一些读者会问我,年轻人是否能够坚持自己的意见,表现自己的个性,答案也许是否定的。

在这个问题上,有两个因素可以列入考虑范围。一个是家长应该给出建设性意见,另一点是他们应该增强孩子的自信,正如图画中那位父亲所做的一样。对于青少年,最好建议他们独立思考并展示出自己的个性,尤其是当其个人爱好以及艺术品味有出现差异的时候。毕竟在这个问题上,他们的态度决定一切。

【范文】2: 这篇文章的另一个写法: 从文化角度进入

<u>In a distinctive art style, the picture above vividly depicts</u> a boy, who is standing in front of his father. <u>Dressed in a stage costume</u> (a Monkey King costume), the child appears depressed, murmuring, "Daddy, my classmates don't think that drama is appealing." His father <u>stares at his beloved son thoughtfully, saying gently to him,</u> "As long as you enjoy it, my son."

In an era of cultural diversification, distinctive cultural elements are more or less being underestimated. As is illustrated in the picture above, Peking Opera not only enjoys a long history, but also boasts of charming aesthetic values. However, under the influence of postmodern life style, this artistic form has to compete with consumerism, commercialism and media hype. As for the people who show the slightest interest in this traditional culture, they are often trapped in a dilemma: Their artistic taste, which should have brought them relaxation and entertainment, is often misinterpreted as monotony, eccentricity or conservatism.

In this issue, two elements can be taken into consideration. One is that a lover of traditional art form his judgment, whereas the other is that he boosts his self-assurance and chooses his own lifestyle, just like what the father said in the picture. Meanwhile, it is always advisable that these people demonstrate the folk value of Peking Opera to the outside world so that some misunderstanding can be avoided. After all, it is their attitude that accounts in this matter.

该图以独特的艺术风格形象生动地描述了一个男孩,他站在自己父亲的面前,孩子身穿戏装,显得很郁闷,低声说道:"爸,我同学都觉得戏剧不好玩儿。"他的父亲则若有所思地看着自己的心爱的儿子,温柔地说道:"只要你喜欢,我的孩子。"

在文化多元的时代,独特文化要素多少被忽略。如上图所示,京剧不仅具有悠久的传统,而且以 其审美价值著称。但是在后现代生活方式的影响下,这种艺术形式将不得不和消费主义、重商主义以 及媒体炒作竞争。至于对这一传统文化表现出些许兴趣的人,则处于进退两难的境地:他们的艺术品 味本来可以使他们放松和娱乐,但是却经常被曲解为单调、怪癖和守旧。

在这个问题上,两个因素很重要。一个是传统艺术的爱好者应该坚持自己的判断,另一个是他们应该自信,并选择自己的生活方式,正如图画中那个父亲所说的那样。同时也建议这些人向外界展示民俗价值,以便于减少外界的误解。毕竟他们的态度决定一切。

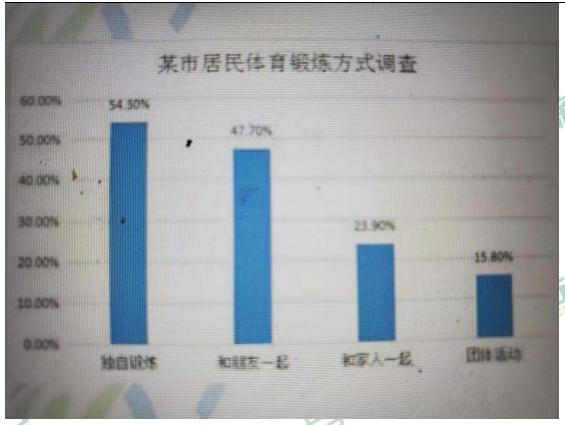
第二部分:英语二大作文解析新东方网考研频道



http://kaoyan..xdf.cn/

大学为





Write an essay of at least 150 words based on the picture below. In your essay, you should:

- 1) Interpret the chart briefly
- 2) Give your comment

Write your ANSWER on the ANSWER SHEET (20 points)

[解析]

- 1) 描述阐述段:这个描述段比较骗人,按照以往的写法,出现柱状图的时候,一般都是用计算法, 是动态图表的路数。这次的考题,没有时间点,文字暗示均处在图画的底部,因此用"最大比重"、 "最小比重"写最为合适,然后用运动模式有差异性结尾即可,基本套用上课的写法。
- 2) 看法段:这是个健康题。比较好写,基本套模板。先表态:健身对于很多市民越来越重要,他们也有健身习惯;然后说大家的态度:大家喜欢健身,促进健康,可以放松和娱乐。第三点有点难度,要解释为什么大家不采取团体活动进行锻炼。从疫情的角度,可以说疫情爆发(the outbreak of coronavirus),大家避免了社交活动,这是合理的,咱们上课也强调过疫情这个梗儿,单词算是用上了。但是从解析的角度,这样是不够的,如果疫情有一天过去了,还出这个题,第三点怎么应对呢?可以说健身设施有限,容不下那么多人进行健身活动。我觉得,在解析的时候,不取巧,是对考研命题的一种尊重。

【范文】

As is demonstrated in the statistic above, the citizens who choose to take physical exercise alone and stay with their friends account for 54.3 percent and 47.70 percent respectively, the two largest groups in this



survey. In comparison, those who do sports with their families or choose group activities make up nothing more than 23.20 percent and 15.80 percent. It can be concluded that there is diversification in the modes of physical exercise in this city.

Three factors are significant in my comment. First and foremost, physical exercise is of great importance in this Chinese city. Evidently, an increasing number of citizens have already formed this good habit in the daily lives of many people. Second, as is illustrated above, these people are in preference for taking part in various kinds of sports activities, which can provide them with not only solid physical health, but also leisure hours. Indeed, what they own in this process is nothing but relaxation or entertainment. Third and last, another aspect deserves due attention, apart from the above-mentioned facts, instead of attending group activities, an overwhelming majority of people would rather do sports alone, or do so with their friends and families. This can be related to inadequate municipal service. In this situation, the existing facilities, including fitness centers and gyms, cannot fulfill the rising demand of many people. That's why few people choose group activities to do sports.

The trend in the chart above will probably develop in the predictable future, if little improvement is made in the social service facilities. This comment is based on data collection, statistical analysis and social observation.

如以上数据所示,选择独自锻炼或者和朋友一起锻炼这两种健身方式的市民最多,分别占到 54.3%和47.70%。与此相比,那些和家人一起锻炼或者选择团体活动的,则只占23.2%和15.8%。由 此可以得出结论,在这个城市中,体育锻炼的模式出现了很大差异性。

在我的评论中有三个重要因素。第一,体育锻炼在这座城市很重要。显然在日常生活里, 很多 市民已经养成了这种好习惯。第二,如上图所示,这些人喜欢参加各种体育活动,这不仅能让他们保 持良好的健康状态,而且享受悠闲的时光。事实上,他们在这个过程拥有的恰恰是放松或者娱乐。第 三,除了以上事实外,还有一点值得注意。绝大多数人选择自己锻炼,或者和朋友或家人一起,这与 不完善的市政服务有关。现存的设施,包括健身中心和健身房,无法满足很多人日益增长的需求。这 就是为什么很少有人选择集体活动的方式进行体育锻炼。

如果不改善社会服务设施,上表中的趋势可能会在可预见的未来继续发展。这一评论基于数据收 集、统计分析和社会观察。 THE THE

三部分: 英语一和英语二小作文

英语一小作文: 大学港流

新东方网考研频道

大学港流 http://kaoyan..xdf.cn/



2021 考研英语 (一) 小作文

Part A 51. Directions:

A foreign friend of yours has recently graduated from college and intends to find a job in China Write him an email to make some suggestions.

You should write about 100words on ANSWER SHEET2. Do not sign your own

name at the end. Use"Li Ming Open" instead.

You do not need to write the address (10 points)

以上就是"2021考研英语(一、二)作文真题汇 总"的相关内容,希望对大家有所帮助!

A foreign friend of yours has recently graduated from college and intends to find a job in China. Write him an email to make some suggestions.

You should write about 100 words on ANSWER SHEET2. Do not sign your own name at the end. Use "Li Ming" instead.

You don't need to write the address (10 points)

[解析]

这是个建议信,大家很熟悉了吧。建议信的体例,基本用上了。1)先说有个建议供你参考。2)由于只说外国朋友从大学毕业,院校专业都没说,编写一下即可,如斯坦福大学商学院,想到中国来,选择投资银行。3)可以说疫情期间,建议带好证件,提交核酸检验证明,取疫情这个梗儿。不过疫情会过去,这个理由以后不见得会用,我还是写学中文,熟悉中国文化。不取巧。

Dear Bob,

As your best friend in China, <u>I am writing to offer you some suggestions</u>, <u>because you intend to apply</u> for a working position in China.

Here is my personal opinion for your reference, if you don't mind. As you have graduated with honor from Business School, Stanford University, it would be ideal that you start a career in an investment bank or a listed company. Meanwhile, it is also a good idea to learn some Chinese and have a glimpse of traditional Chinese culture. In this way, you can not only fit into local cultural environment, but also make the best use of your professional knowledge and working skills in a Chinese company.



I sincerely hope that my suggestion can be helpful for your future visit to China. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me. Look forward to your reply.

Sincerely Yours

Li Ming



亲爱的鲍勃,

鉴于你准备申请在中国工作,作为你在中国最好的朋友,我写这封信,给你提供一些建议。

如果你不介意的话,这里是一些个人意见供你参考。你已经以优异成绩从斯坦福大学的商学院毕业,那么理想的工作是在投资银行或上市公司开始自己的职业生涯。同时,学习一些中文,了解一些中国文化也是个不错的想法。这样你不仅能够融入本地文化环境,还可以在中国公司中充分运用你自己的专业知识和工作技能。

我真诚地希望自己的建议能对你的未来之行有所帮助。如果你有什么问题,可以随时和我联络。 期待你的回复。

此致敬礼

李明

二、英语二小作文:

2021 考研英语 (二) 小作文

Part A 51. Directions:

Suppose you are organizing an online meeting. Write an email to Jack, international student.

- (1) invite him to participate, and
- (2) tell him the details

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the e-mail. Use "Li Ming"instead.

Do not write the address (10points)

XOF.

JE CH

http://kaoyan..xdf.cn/



Suppose you are organizing an online meeting. Write an email to Jack, an international student.

- 1) invite him to participate and
- 2) tell him the details

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2.

Do not sign your own name at the end of the e-mail. Use "Li Ming" instead. Don't write the address. (10 points)

【解析】

这是封邀请信,这个套路我们上课讲过两遍,1)爱心邀请信,义卖活动;2)通知:全球大会招收志愿者。大家注意看题目,只说邀请鲍勃参加会议,交代细节,但是没说过什么细节。这给我们很大的发挥空间,时间、地点、目的都可以用,至于网上会议干什么,就选择义卖活动,最为合适,让杰克带动其他外国学生也来参与。基本就是咱们上课讲的第一套路:时间-地点-目的。套着用即可。

[范文]

Dear Jack,

As the chairman of Student Union, I am writing to invite you for an important on-line meeting, which will be held on May 11, 2020.

Here is some background information (details) for your reference, if you don't mind. To begin with, the meeting is going to start at 6:30 p.m. of the day, and will last for about an hour. Additionally, the Student Union is calling for volunteers for a charity sale, so three major points will be discussed during the meeting: the date of this event, its location, and coordination between different departments. Finally, as you can speak fluent Chinese and English, I'd be pleased if you could attend this meeting and offer your constructive advice to the Chinese classmates. After that, I would be grateful if you could communicate with other international students and encourage them to participate in this campus activity.

Thank you for your attention to this communication. If you have any questions about this on-line meeting, please feel free to contact me. Look forward to your reply.

Sincerely Yours

Li Ming

亲爱的杰克,

作为学生会的主席,我写信是想邀请你参加一次重要的网上会议,它将于2020年5月11日举行。

这如果你不介意的话,这里有一些背景信息供你参考。首先,本会议将于当天晚上 6:30 分开始,并持续大约一个小时。其次,学生会将举办一次义卖活动,因此这次会议将讨论三个内容:活动的时间、地点以及各部分的协调。最后,因为你中英文流利,如果你能出席这次会议,给中国同学提供一些建设性意见,我将非常高兴。此外,如果你能与其他国际学生交流一下,鼓励他们参加这次校园活新东方网考研频道 http://kaoyan..xdf.cn/



动,我将不胜感激。。

感谢你对此次会议的关注。如果有关于这次会议的问题,可以随时联系我,期待你的回复。

此致敬礼

李明

第四部分:结语

今年英语一大作文,两个小作文,命题范围广,题材灵活,写法多样。看得出来,这个写作命题 人对于培训机构的套路很有研究,对于培训机构教师的教学手法也很熟悉。个人感觉,是很有针对性 的出题。尤其是英语一大作文,个人价值观和文化混合出题,让我们有些左右为难。

还有一件事,也很有意思,今年英语一的作文命题人,名字叫什么?从哪个大学毕业?什么专业方向?他出于什么心理,以什么样的信息搜集体系为支撑,出了这样一道题?

这种组合考察非常厉害,它没有像 2010 年那次考试,用"文化火锅"这样的题目暗示,引发考生的抱怨,而是将人生价值观和文化组合出题,这个出题构思非常巧妙,既不太难,也不太容易。巧妙地防住了数据统计、社会调查、名人举例这些"万能段"的写法。而考生,即使进行了预测,到了考场上也要临场组织。从本年英语一的考题而言,写作逐渐回归到一些本质的东西:审题、组织、遣词造句。

那么即将参加考研考试的同学们,应该如何应对这种出题趋向呢?

- 1. 审题和背诵一样重要:自由写作对于考生的有利之处在于,无论水平高低,大都能在拿到题目后,根据题目暗示写出一些内容。但是对于只会背、不爱审题、或者生搬硬套的考生,则很容易出问题。
- 2. 挑选自己会写的,回避自己不会写的。自由写作虽然限定写作范围,但是依然留出了不少发挥的空间。考生如果善于发现这些空间,就可能将自己会的内容发挥到极致,同时又能躲掉自己不会的。如上述的参考范文所示,如果考生觉得从价值,自信,坚持自我出发,兼顾一下文化,用自己较为熟悉的方法展开论述,只要完成题目要求即可。
- 3. 考生应注意归纳总结,最好将作文中的好词好句摘录出来,通过归类总结的方式进行复习。例如在爱心关注的写法中就有以下常用词句可选: 1) not only... but also... 2) are willing to..., but somewhat reluctant to.... 3) What they own/lack is nothing but ..., 以及后面的常用词,常用句,均可以总结归纳。
- 4. 复习单一主题要仔细,不要万能模板:双主题的写法也是从单一主题变换出来的,把单一主题过一遍,如果今年还这么出题,那么正好候个正着。如果出双主题,可以组合着防一防,反而不怕考。考试的时候,如果出单一主题,直接套写即可;如果出双主题,才有可能进行组装,作文这个词为什么叫 composition 呢?其本质就是组合和组装 (compose)。
- 5. <u>以写带背:</u>基础较好的同学可以先写一写:既然已经记不住什么了,不妨就先试着写,看看自己在有限时间内能写出多少,控制一下时间,比如十分钟或者十五分钟,然后再看范文,看看自己是在哪里卡住的,这样背的就会更有针对性,逐渐就会发现,中间延伸的部分有了印象,才能对于各种题材有掌控。基础较差的考生可以做一些互译和抄写,力图通过中文印象的强化,搞清新东方网考研频道



楚中文意思,这样才能看到英文的表达方式有何差异。必要时做一些抄写也是可以的。总比愣着强吧。<u>写作有很多细节上的问题,光说没用,一写就清楚了。搞清了思路,攒常用词句,然后就是反复练习,熟能生巧。</u>

《孙子兵法》有句话:"知己知彼,百战不殆"。这句话的后面还有两句话:"不知彼而知己,一胜一败;不知彼不知己,每战必殆。"反映在写作准备上,这个"彼"是作文命题,这个"己",就是考生复习状态。知己知彼,就是说我们既知道考试出什么,也知道自己的准备程度,那么每次考试必能顺利通过。但是实际状况估计不会那么理想,出题者会设置各种语境,让题目变化莫测,这种情况下你未必搞得清对方,就会越猜越慌。但是如果你冷静一点,逐一筛查各种考试的主题,又会发现来回来去,就是那些素材,只不过换了个角度在来回考核。这种情况下,知己要比知彼更重要,因为你会写了,它怎么出题也就无所谓了,对各种题材进行背诵,其本质还是在"知己",这样到了考试,才不怕考,你能写出来,就不会是零分或二分,至少是个及格线上下吧,即"知己而不知彼,一胜一败"。

总之,2021年的考研写作,题目贴近社会生活,但是巧妙地避开了以社会热点为指导思想的"猜题押题"。给考生一定的发挥空间,又限制了考生的投机取巧。不对写作理论有深入研究,不精通测试手法,不精通英语,不进行大量写作实践,是很难想到这样一个出题角度的。

表情况。 大学·芳·苏·苏 大学 诗考试 **光**学光道 大学港流 河流 点大学考试 大學考证 新东方网考研频道 http://kaoyan..xdf.cn/