

2020-2021 学年第二学期高一年级期末考试

英语试卷

第二部分 语言知识运用 (共两节, 满分 20 分)

第一节 词汇填空(共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据句意内容, 从方框中选出正确的词汇, 完成下列句子。答案的标号写在答题卡上。

A. dramatic	B. due to	C. destination	D. criticized	E. take into account
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16. We finally chose to stay at home _____ the poor weather.
17. Previous researchers measured the benefits, but did not _____ the cost.
18. Last week, _____ by his teacher, Tom realized the mistakes he had made.
19. Without doubt, the opening ceremony of our sports meet is extremely _____.
20. With the great improvement in environment, my hometown has become an attractive tourist _____.

【答案】 BEDAC

【解析】

16. B 句意：由于这坏天气，我们最终选择待在家里。
17. E 句意：以前的研究者只测量了益处，但没有考虑到费用问题。
18. D 句意：上周，汤姆被老师批评，他才意识到自己所犯的错误。
19. A 句意：毫无疑问，我们运动会的开幕式是相当的激动人心的。
20. C 句意：随着环境的改善，我的家乡已经变成了一个吸引人的旅游地。

第二节 完形填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

When I moved to New York I knew making friends would be difficult. I didn't know it would be impossible. After all, I was moving to the city for a job, a place where most people say they have at least one __21__.

After a few months, I was happy to discover that I clicked with several people on my team. __22__ I assumed we were ready for the next step in our office friendship: __23__ outside of work. But every time I __24__ a date, I'd get a kind, but firm, thanks but no thanks.

I was __25__. And a little hurt. If we got along at work, why couldn't we become __26__ friends? My New York coworkers told me this: For most of them, it took them 2 hours every day to get into the office and at the end of the day, they just wanted to be back in their home, __27__ the precious few hours before bedtime with their __28__.

I didn't like it, __29__ this is a reality for many people who work in New York. The more I thought about this, the more I __30__ their situation. I began wondering if it was possible to create a deeper connection in our __31__ time. And if lunch and coffee breaks were the only time I got to be with them, then I would make __32__ of the time.

We began to spend the moments between work talking about all kinds of interesting things. Whenever I need career advice, they are a valuable __33__. And in turn, when they need advice, I am there to __34__ mine.

Now I am __35__ for my work friendships, and I know my coworkers and I will always be there for each other.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. duty | B. friend | C. problem | D. vacation |
| 22. A. Luckily | B. Traditionally | C. Similarly | D. Naturally |
| 23. A. turning up | B. getting up | C. hanging out | D. breaking out |
| 24. A. explained | B. suggested | C. replaced | D. postponed |
| 25. A. confused | B. patient | C. frightened | D. happy |
| 26. A. equal | B. actual | C. confident | D. interesting |
| 27. A. gaining | B. wasting | C. spending | D. exchanging |
| 28. A. team | B. class | C. family | D. audience |
| 29. A. so | B. but | C. when | D. until |
| 30. A. forgave | B. respected | C. examined | D. understood |
| 31. A. studying | B. bathing | C. running | D. working |

- | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|
| 32. A. use | B. fun | C. sense | D. choice |
| 33. A. host | B. basis | C. signal | D. resource |
| 34. A. offer | B. write | C. explore | D. adjust |
| 35. A. sorry | B. famous | C. grateful | D. responsible |

【答案】BDCBA BCCBD DADAC

【解析】

21.B.全文都在围绕朋友和友谊展开，结合句意“毕竟，我为了一份工作来到这个城市，这个地方大多数人说他们至少有一个朋友。”

22.D.结合前面一句，作者在一开始的几个月很开心交到几个朋友。此处表顺承关系，“自然而然地”，我认为我们的办公室友谊已经准备好进入下一步。Luckily 幸运地；Traditionally 传统地；Similarly 相似地；Naturally 自然而然地。

23.C.结合上下文，此处表示“在下班可以闲逛,出去玩(hang out)”turn up 调高；出现露面；get up 起床；break up (关系等)破裂，结束。

24.B.结合句意，此处表示“但是每次我建议一个时间，别人都会委婉的拒绝我。”explain 解释；suggest 建议；replace 取代；postpone 推迟。

25.A.结合上文，对于这种情况作者此刻的情感应该是偏负态度的，肯定是感到困惑的(confused)patient 耐心的；frightened 害怕的；happy 开心的。

26.B.作者在想“如果我们在工作上能相处愉快，为什么不能变成真正的朋友呢？”equal 平等的；actual 真正的；confident 自信的；interesting 有趣的。

27.C.作者的纽约朋友告诉他：对于他们大多数人来说，每天要花两个小时才能到达办公室，所以下了班他们就只想回到家，在睡觉前能与他们的家人度过宝贵的几小时。

28.C.参考上题。

29.B.此处前后为转折关系，所以用but。“我不喜欢这样，但是这对于在纽约上班的许多人来说是个现实

问题”

30.D.我越想这件事，就越理解他们的处境。forgive 原谅；respect 尊重；examine 检查,考试；understand 理解。

31.D.作者开始想是否可能在他们的工作时间创造一个更深入的联系。study 学习，研究；bath 沐浴，洗澡；run 跑步，经营；work 工作。

32.A.考查固定搭配 make use of 利用。句意：如果午餐和喝咖啡休息的时间是我唯一能和他们待在一起的时间，那么我将会利用这个时间。make fun 开玩笑；make sense 有意义，讲得通；make choice 做选择。

33.D.结合句意：不论什么时候我需要职业建议，他们都是一个有价值的资源。host 主人；basis 基础；signal 信号；resource 资源。

34.A.结合句意：相反，当他们需要建议的时候，我也会提供我的建议。offer 提供；write 写；explore 探索；adjust 调整。

35.C.结合句意：现在我感谢我工作上的友谊。sorry 抱歉，遗憾的；famous 著名的；grateful 感激的；responsible 负责的。

第三部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 10 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

注意：C 篇分 A，B 两种题型，A（易）题型为客观题，B（难）题型为主观题。

A

Family Travel: On the Road Again

The classic road trip is more popular than ever. Here are a few places to visit.

Colo Roads

The Colorado Tourism Office has made it easy for road-trippers to explore the state's 24 Scenic & Historic Byways. A new microsite includes an interactive map that lets travelers explore options by region, interest or

season. Travelers seeking inspiration can also get trip suggestions within more than 150 Colo-Road Trip plans. The plans offer suggestions for historic attractions, active adventures and cultural opportunities.

The Beartooth Highway

Visitors who travel this amazing road experience the beautiful scenery (风景) of Montana, Wyoming and Yellowstone Park, home to the Absaroka and Beartooth mountains. The 68-mile highway introduces road explorers to one of the most different ecosystems reachable by car. Extremely beautiful, the road shows wide plateaus (高原) painted with blue icy lakes, forested valleys, waterfalls and wildlife.

California Dreaming

For impressive coastal scenery and seaside breezes, drive the car for a trip up or down our western shore. Begin in Santa Monica, California and wind your way past the Hearst Castle. Other road trip options include a tour which features the best surf spots, or uncover the strange attractions you'll find in the California desert.

The lighthouse trail

Travel the 375 miles between Kittery and Calais, Maine, visit lighthouses along the way, and learn about the dangers that sea-going ships and seamen experienced along the Northeastern coast. Hear stories of the difficult and lonely life led by those who kept the lights burning brightly. If possible, visit the Maine Lighthouse Museum, where hands-on exhibits for children provide a good break.

36. How can travelers get trip suggestions about Colo Roads?

- A. By drawing an interactive map.
- B. By searching on a new microsite.
- C. By attending Colorado cultural events.
- D. By calling the Maine Tourism Office.

37. Which one is the best choice for surfers?

- A. Colo Roads.
- B. The Beartooth Highway.
- C. California Dreaming.
- D. The Lighthouse Trail.

38. What is special about travelling between Kittery and Calais?

- A. It ends at a lighthouse museum.
- B. It is a lighthouse-themed journey.
- C. It involves many strange attractions.

D. It offers experienced seamen as tour guides.

【答案】 B C B

【解析】

36. 细节题。根据题干关键词：get trip suggestions about Colo Roads 定位到第一个黑标题下面，由 The Colorado Tourism Office has made it easy for road-trippers to explore the state's 24 Scenic & Historic Byways. A new microsite includes.....得出选项 B 正确。

37. 细节题。根据题干关键词：surfers 定位到第三个黑标题下面的 Other road trip options include a tour which features the best surf spots,可得出选项 C 正确。

38. 细节题。根据题干关键词：between Kittery and Calais 定位到第四个黑标题下面，根据 Travel the 375 miles between Kittery and Calais, Maine, visit lighthouses along the way.....和 Hear stories of the difficult and lonely life led by those who kept the lights burning brightly. If possible, visit the Maine Lighthouse Museum ,可知选项 B 正确。

You're not listening!" "Let me finish!" "That's not what I said!" After "I love you," these are among the most common words in close relationships. During my two years researching a book on listening, I learned something unbelievable about interpersonal communication: The closer we feel toward someone, the less likely we are to listen carefully to them. It's called the closeness-communication bias (偏见) and, over time, it can hurt, and even end relationships.

The more you know someone, the more likely you are to ignore him or her because you think you already know what he or she is going to say. It's kind of like when you've traveled a certain route several times and no longer notice signposts and scenery.

Social science researchers have repeatedly proved the closeness-communication bias in the experiments where they paired subjects first with friends or spouses (配偶) and then with strangers. The researchers asked subjects to interpret what their partners were saying. While the subjects predicted they would more exactly understand those who they had close relationships with, they often understood them no better than strangers, and often worse.

The closeness-communication bias not only keeps us from listening to those we love, it can also keep us from allowing our loved ones to listen to us. It may explain why people in close relationships sometimes keep secrets from one another.

Another study shows that people often share their concerns with strangers rather than their spouses, family members or dear friends because they fear judgment.

So what can we do to avoid the closeness-communication bias? The British psychologist Robin Dunbar says the key is to talk with those closest to us every day. That means asking, "How are you?" and actually listening to the answer.

39. Which of the following is an example of closeness-communication bias?

- A. Can I talk to you about this?
- B. How interesting! Tell me more.
- C. I know exactly what you want to say.
- D. I feel bad about what you're suffering.

40. Why do people share their concerns with strangers?

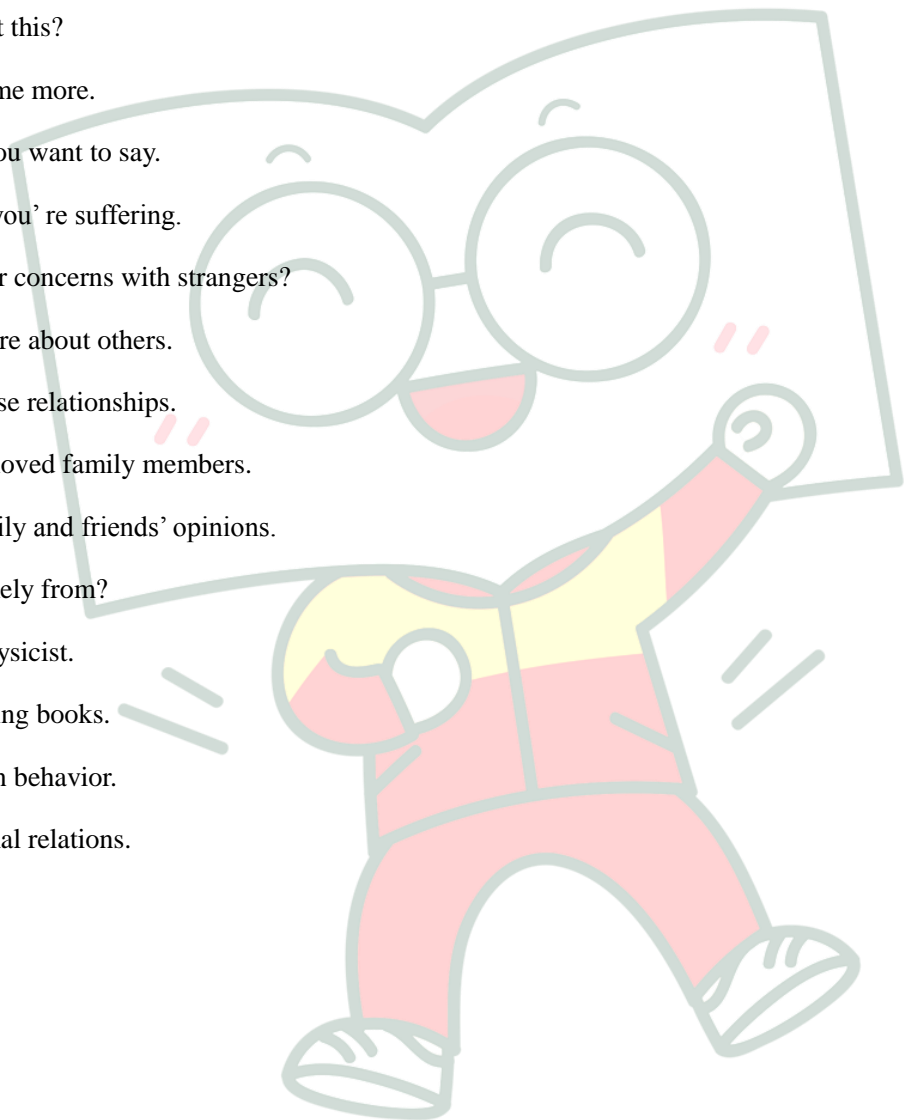
- A. They hope to learn more about others.
- B. They need to build close relationships.
- C. They fear losing their loved family members.
- D. They worry about family and friends' opinions.

41. Where is the text most likely from?

- A. A blog written by a physicist.
- B. A website recommending books.
- C. An article about human behavior.
- D. A report on international relations.

【答案】 : CDC

【解析】



39.推断细节题。根据文章第二段第一句，你越了解一个人，你越有可能忽略他/她，因为你已经知道了他/她将要说什么，与选项 C 相符，故选 C。

40.细节理解题。根据题干关键词“share concerns with strangers”可以定位到文章倒数第二段最后一句话“because they fear judgment”与 D 选项中的 They worry about family and friends’ opinions.属于近义词复现，故选 D。

41.主旨大意题。“the closeness-communication bias”为全文的高频词，讲述了关于这种人际沟通现象的相关研究。选项 B 核心词为 website 未提到可排除 选项 D 中的 international relations 可排除 选项 A 核心词 blog“博客”写作风格偏随意，结合 physicist“物理学家”可排除。故选 C。

C

以下 A(易)、B(难)两种题型任选一种,做 A 题型的不做 B, 做 B 题型的不做 A。

As a boy, Ramirez Cruz loved hiking with his grandfather up into the mountains of central Mexico. While the old man hunted for wild mushrooms, Ramirez would play among the monarch butterflies that migrated 3,000 miles to this forest each autumn, turning the blue sky into a sea of orange.

Ramirez is 75 now and each winter he still goes looking for butterflies. But these days, he might spend hours searching the forest without catching sight of a single one.

The world is losing monarch butterflies at a surprising rate, as many human activities destroy their natural habitats. But the biggest threat yet has only recently come into focus. Climate change, with its extreme storms, is destroying the forest that serves as the butterfly’s winter home.

To help his beloved butterflies, Ramirez has partnered with scientists on an experiment: They are trying to move an entire forest 1, 000 feet up a mountain. He agrees with scientists that it is necessary to create an ecosystem where the butterflies will be able to survive.

Over the last several years, the team of researchers has overseen the relocation (迁移) of about 1,000 trees that were growing at lower altitudes up to higher and cooler areas. Ramirez and the scientists hope to expand the project and establish the trees at even higher altitudes on other nearby mountains if temperatures continue to soar.

After checking on the trees, Ramirez went off to look for the butterflies. He found a few butterflies then a few more. There weren't as many as he remembered from his childhood, but it was still a sight to see. Ramirez eased himself down to sit on the soft forest floor and watched in silence. The only sound was the whistle of the wind and the gentle flapping (拍打) of their wings.

(以下是 A 种题型)

42. What is the main cause of the decline in monarch butterfly population?

- A. Human activities.
- B. Climate change.
- C. Scientific experiments.
- D. Increasingly cold winters.

43. How did Ramirez handle the problem butterflies faced ?

- A. By growing more trees.
- B. By exploring the forest.
- C. By measuring temperatures.
- D. By moving the forest higher up.

44. What does the underlined word "soar " in paragraph 5 mean?

- A. Rise sharply.
- B. Drop slightly.
- C. Vary greatly.
- D. Change regularly.

45. What can we infer from the last paragraph?

- A. Ramirez's efforts have paid off.
- B. The butterflies are hard to find.
- C. More trees will be relocated at higher altitudes.
- D. Climate change won't be a threat to butterflies.

【答案】 BDAA

【解析】

42.解析：选 B。根据题干设问定位到第三段，根据第三段最后两句话可知导致蝴蝶减少的主要原因是气候变化，故选择 B。

43.解析：选 D。根据题干定位到四段，根据第一句话可知他们尝试把森林上移，故选 D。

44.解析：选 A。根据下划线句子的前一句话中可知，科学家们将树移到了更高更冷的地方，所以如果温度继续升高，他们会把树种到更高的地方，故选 A。

45.解析：选 A。根据文章“He found a few butterflies then a few more.”可知蝴蝶再次出现，Ramirez 的努力起到了一些成效，故选 A。

(以下是 B 种题型)

42. What does “a sea of orange” refer to in paragraph 1?

The monarch butterflies.

43. Why is the forest important to the monarch butterflies according to paragraph 3?

It serves as the butterfly’s winter home.

44. What is the project Ramirez has been working on in paragraph 5?

Relocation of about 1,000 trees that were growing at lower altitudes up to higher and cooler areas.

45. How did Ramirez probably feel when he sat on the soft forest floor?

Happy.

第二节 (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。答案写在答题卡上。

Whether you’re trying to persuade your kid to turn off the TV or your boss to give you a raise, how do we win the bargaining game? By being persuasive! 46 How can you be more persuasive — at home, at work, in your relationships? By using the 4 Ps.

Purpose

47 For example, do you want a 20 percent salary increase? Do you want your kid to limit video games to 45 minutes a day? Having a clear purpose in mind makes you confident because being clear does not allow for confusion or mixed messages.

Preparation

This step is commonly overlooked (忽略) as we make a request. What’s the why behind your purpose? For example, if you want a raise, how much money are people in your role being paid at different companies? How

have you gone above and beyond in your position over the past twelve months? 48 Preparation puts you in the strongest situation possible.

Presenting benefits

When we want someone to do something, we want to present the decision in their best interest. Once I was bargaining a conference room in a nice hotel and wanted to pay less. I didn't mention my limited budget. I didn't talk about my needs. What I did was to tell the manager that my guests would come to her hotel, see its amazing facilities, and even consider hosting their own conferences there. 49 My aim was to get a 20 percent discount. I got 30 percent. Win-win for all!

Patience

We are too likely to quit and leave dissatisfied from any bargaining. After more than ten years in sales, I can tell you that the best salesmen are patient enough. It's true that success is a patience game. 50

- A. Have a clear purpose.
- B. Persuasion is more effective than force.
- C. She realized more money was coming her way.
- D. However, most people leave the party too early.
- E. List all the reasons that best support your request.

【答案】BAECD

【解析】

46.B 段中设空题，从空前面的要 persuasive 和空后面的如何更加的 persuasive，可知本空承上启下，故选 B。

47.A 首句设空，观点类的句子，从小标题和后面的例子可以推出选 A。

48.E 段中设空，空前面是一系列问题，可知空处需要答案，以及结合小标题可知选 E。

49.C 段中设空，利用文章中的文物关系，以及选项中的代词，可知选 C。

50.D 尾句设空，根据本段句意可知，本段要强调耐心的重要性，但是很多人缺乏耐心，D 选项符合，同时和首句也首尾呼应。

第四部分 短文填空(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。答案写在题号后的横线上。

Leafcutter ants 51. _____ (consider) an advanced species of ant. While most ant species are made up 52. _____ three types of ants — the queen, workers and males. Leafcutter ants have 53. _____ many as five, since worker ants are 54. _____ (far) divided into different groups according to their sizes. There 55. _____ (be) medium-sized leaf-collecting and leaf-cutting ants, tiny gardening ants and massive soldier ants. Different ants show different features that make 56. _____ (they) do specific jobs. Soldier ants, for example, 57. _____ role is to protect the nest (蚁穴), are about 300 times the size of their gardening sisters. Their jaws are strong enough 58. _____ (cut) leather. A single nest may be home to millions of ants and contain a thousand 59. _____ (room). Not all ants are environmentally 60. _____ (friend) farmers like leafcutter ants.

【答案+解析】

51. are considered. 考察被动语态, 补充知识 consider A (to be/as) B, 其中 to be/as 可以省略。
52. of. 考察固定搭配 be made up of... 由...组成。
53. as. 考察固定搭配 as...as...和...一样....
54. further. 考察形容词比较级 far 的比较级 further“更进一步的 ;更深远的” ;farther 只有距离更遥远的意思。
55. are. 考察谓语动词主谓一致, 后面的主语是 ants, 所以用 are.
56. them. 考察代词宾格。
57. whose. 考察定语从句连词, 因为本句话出现 is 和 are 两个谓语动词, 所以判断是连词, 又因为连词位置主语主句主谓之前, 所以判断是定语从句, 又因为从句不缺成份, 且先行词不是时间地点, 所以选 whose。
58. to cut. 考察非谓语。主语+be+形容词+enough+to do sth.意思是“...很...足以做某事”。
59. rooms. 考察名词复数, 空前是 a thousand 一千, 所以需要名词变复数。
60. friendly. 考察名词变形容词, 空后 farmers 是名词, 所以改成形容词修饰名词。

第五部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(^), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Last weekend my classmates and I took part a voluntary activity in the community, which is actually organized by our school. As planned, they met at 9 on the Saturday morning at the school gate. When we arrived, we first went to the old people home in which we told stories but put on a talent show. What's more, we visited some sick kid and gave them some gifts, what I thought could encourage them a lot. Finally, we helped to cleaning up the city parks so that people could have a clean and beautiful environment. How meaningfully it was!

【答案】

Last weekend my classmates and I took part ^ a voluntary activity in the community, which is actually organized by our school. As planned, they met at 9 on ~~the~~ Saturday morning at the school gate. When we arrived, we first went to the old people home in which we told stories but put on a talent show. What's more, we visited some sick kid and gave them some gifts, what I thought could encourage them a lot. Finally, we helped to cleaning up the city parks so that people could have a clean and beautiful environment. How meaningfully it was!

【解析】

1. 第一行 part 后加 in, take part in 参加。

2. 第一行 is 改成 was，考察时态，活动上周末举办所以是一般过去式。
3. 第二行 they 改成 we，考察人称代词。
4. 第二行 the 去掉，考察冠词，星期前面不加 the。
5. 第三行 people 改成 people's，考察名词所有格。
6. 第三行 but 改成 and，考察连词，前后未并列关系而非转折关系。
7. 第三行 kid 改成 kids，考察名词复数。
8. 第四行 what 改成 which，考察定语从句，which 做 encourage 的主语。
9. 第四行 cleaning 改成 clean，考察非谓语，help to do.
10. 第五行 meaningfully 改成 meaning，考察形容词副词，此处 meaningful 做 was 的表语。

第二节书面表达(满分 15 分)

近期，很多同学因学习压力感到紧张，焦虑。请你写一篇英语短文。

内容包括:

- 1.你的看法; 2.你的解决办法。

注意:

- 1.词数 100 左右
- 2.为使行文连贯，可以适当增加细节。

One possible version:

Nowadays, an issue commonly present in our school is that quite a few of us suffer great tension. Personally, our anxiety mainly results from academic performance. To deal with this problem, we may take the following measures into consideration.

First, we should keep exercising, which is an amazing way to remove our nervous energy from our mind. Second, try to get enough sleep. Studies suggest that a sound sleep, to a great extent, contributes to better emotions. Last but not least, as the proverb goes, laughter is the best medicine. So we are supposed to train ourselves to keep smiling under great pressure.

Above are my suggestions about handling the tough issue. I believe they will absolutely make a big difference.

